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References herein to laws, rules, regulations, ordinances, resolutions, agreements, reports and other documents do not purport to be comprehensive or definitive. All references to such documents are qualified in their entirety by reference to the particular document, the full text of which may contain qualifications of and exceptions to statements made herein. Where full texts have not been included as appendices to the Official Statement or the Final Official Statement, they will be furnished on request. This Official Statement does not constitute an offer to sell, or solicitation of an offer to buy, any securities to any person in any jurisdiction where such offer or solicitation of such offer would be unlawful.

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BOND ISSUE SUMMARY

This Bond Issue Summary is expressly qualified by the entire Final Official Statement, which is provided for the convenience of potential investors and which should be reviewed in their entirety by potential investors. The following descriptions apply equally to the 2015A Bonds and the 2015B Bonds. Other terms specific to each series are provided separately herein.

Issuer:	Village of Vernon Hills, Lake County, Illinois.
Dated Date:	Date of delivery, expected to be on or about November 5, 2015.
Authorization:	The Village is a home rule unit under the 1970 Illinois Constitution, has no debt limitation, and is not required to seek referendum approval to issue the Bonds. The Bonds will be issued pursuant to a bond ordinance adopted by the President and Board of Trustees of the Village on October 20, 2015.
Credit Rating:	The Bonds have been rated AAA (Stable) by Standard & Poor's, a Division of the McGraw-Hill Companies.
Tax Exemption:	Chapman and Cutler LLP, will provide an opinion as to the federal tax exemption of the interest on the Bonds as discussed under "TAX EXEMPTION" in this Final Official Statement. Interest on the Bonds is not exempt from present State of Illinois income taxes.
Bank Qualification:	The Bonds are "qualified tax-exempt obligations" under Section 265(b)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended. See "QUALIFIED TAX-EXEMPT OBLIGATIONS" herein.
Bond Registrar/Paying Agent/ Escrow Agent:	The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, National Association, Chicago, Illinois.
Delivery:	The Bonds are expected to be delivered on or about November 5, 2015.
Book-Entry Form:	The Bonds will be registered in the name of Cede & Co. as nominee for The Depository Trust Company ("DTC"), New York, New York. DTC will act as securities depository of the Bonds. See APPENDIX B herein.
Denomination:	\$5,000 or integral multiples thereof.
Municipal Advisor:	Speer Financial, Inc., Chicago, Illinois.

The 2015A Bonds

Issue: \$2,005,000 General Obligation Bonds, Series 2015A.

Interest Due: Each March 30 and September 30, commencing September 30, 2016.

Principal Due: Each March 30, commencing March 30, 2017 through March 30, 2024, and term bonds due March 30, 2027, March 30, 2030, March 30, 2032 and March 30, 2034, as detailed below.

Optional Redemption: The 2015A Bonds maturing or subject to mandatory redemption on or after March 30, 2025, are callable at the option of the Village on any date on or after March 30, 2024, at a price of par plus accrued interest. See “**OPTIONAL REDEMPTION – THE 2015A BONDS**” herein.

Mandatory Redemption: The 2015A Bonds are subject to mandatory redemption. See “**MANDATORY REDEMPTION – THE 2015A BONDS**” herein.

Security: The 2015A Bonds are valid and legally binding general obligations of the Village payable both as to principal and interest from ad valorem taxes levied against all taxable property therein without limitation as to rate or amount.

Purpose: The 2015A Bond proceeds will be used finance certain capital improvements within the Village and to pay the costs of issuing the 2015A Bonds. See “**THE PROJECT – THE 2015A BONDS**” herein.

AMOUNTS, MATURITIES, INTEREST RATES, YIELDS AND CUSIP NUMBERS

Principal Amount	Due March 30	Interest Rate	Yield	CUSIP(1) Number	
\$110,000	2017	2.000%	0.650%	924488 JA8	
130,000	2018	2.000%	0.900%	924488 JB6	
130,000	2019	2.000%	1.100%	924488 JC4	
135,000	2020	2.000%	1.300%	924488 JD2	
140,000	2021	2.000%	1.500%	924488 JE0	
140,000	2022	2.000%	1.700%	924488 JF7	
140,000	2023	2.000%	1.850%	924488 JG5	
150,000	2024	3.000%	2.000%	924488 JH3	
				CUSIP(1) Number	
\$250,000	3.000%	Term Bond due March 30, 2027*;	Yield	2.400%	924488 JJ9
\$275,000	3.000%	Term Bond due March 30, 2030*;	Yield	2.750%	924488 JK6
\$195,000	3.000%	Term Bond due March 30, 2032;	Yield	3.000%	924488 JL4
\$210,000	3.250%	Term Bond due March 30, 2034*;	Yield	3.100%	924488 JM2

For further details see “**MANDATORY REDEMPTION – THE 2015A BONDS**” herein.

**These maturities have been priced to call.*

(1) CUSIP numbers appearing in this Final Official Statement have been provided by the CUSIP Service Bureau, which is managed on behalf of the American Bankers Association by Standard & Poor's, a division of the McGraw-Hill Companies, Inc. The Village is not responsible for the selection of CUSIP numbers and makes no representation as to their correctness on the Bonds or as set forth on the cover of this Final Official Statement.

The 2015B Bonds

Issue: \$5,255,000 General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2015B.

Interest Due: Each June 30 and December 30, commencing June 30, 2016.

Principal Due: Serially each December 30, commencing December 30, 2016 through December 30, 2026, as detailed below.

Optional Redemption: The 2015B Bonds maturing on or after December 30, 2024, are callable at the option of the Village on any date on or after December 30, 2023, at a price of par plus accrued interest. See “**OPTIONAL REDEMPTION – The 2015B Bonds**” herein.

Security: The 2015B Bonds are valid and legally binding general obligations of the Village payable both as to principal and interest from (i) ad valorem taxes levied against all taxable property therein without limitation as to rate or amount and (ii) (a) ratably and equally with the Village’s General Obligation Bonds, Series 2012A, a portion of the incremental property taxes (said portion being the “Subordinated Limited Incremental Property Taxes”) derived from the NW & SW Corners of Route 45 & 21 Town Center Redevelopment Project Area heretofore designated by the Village (the “Redevelopment Project Area”) if, as and when received, and (b) the amounts of Subordinated Limited Incremental Property Taxes on deposit in and pledged to the Subordinate Lien Account for the 2015B Bonds, of the General Account of the special tax allocation fund created in connection with the designation by the Village of the Redevelopment Project Area.

Purpose: The 2015B Bond proceeds will be used to currently refund a portion of the Village’s Senior Lien Tax Increment Revenue Bonds (Town Center Project), Series 2007A, and to pay the cost of issuance on the 2015B Bonds. See “**THE REFUNDING – THE 2015B BONDS**” herein.

AMOUNTS, MATURITIES, INTEREST RATES, YIELDS AND CUSIP NUMBERS

Principal Amount	Due Dec. 30	Interest Rate	Yield	CUSIP(1) Number	Principal Amount	Due Dec. 30	Interest Rate	Yield	CUSIP(1) Number
\$575,000	2016	2.000%	0.550%	924488 JN0	\$485,000	2022	2.000%	1.700%	924488 JU4
440,000	2017	2.000%	0.800%	924488 JP5	455,000	2023	2.250%	1.800%	924488 JV2
450,000	2018	2.000%	1.000%	924488 JQ3	395,000	2024*	2.250%	1.900%	924488 JW0
460,000	2019	2.000%	1.250%	924488 JR1	520,000	2025*	2.375%	2.100%	924488 JX8
470,000	2020	2.000%	1.350%	924488 JS9	530,000	2026*	2.500%	2.150%	924488 JY6
475,000	2021	2.000%	1.550%	924488 JT7					

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VILLAGE OF VERNON HILLS
Lake County, Illinois

Roger Byrne
President

Board of Trustees

Cindy Hebda
Thom Koch

Michael Marquardt

James Schultz
Barbara Williams

Officials

John Kalmar
Village Manager/Village Clerk

Laurence M. Nakrin
Village Treasurer

AUTHORIZATION, PURPOSE AND SECURITY

The General Obligation Bonds, Series 2015A (the "2015A Bonds"), and the General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2015B (the "2015B Bonds" and together with the 2015A Bonds, the "Bonds"), are being issued pursuant to the home rule powers of the Village of Vernon Hills, Lake County, Illinois (the "Village"), under Section 6 of Article VII of the 1970 Constitution of the State of Illinois. The Bonds are authorized to be issued pursuant to separate bond ordinances adopted by the President and Board of Trustees of the Village on 20th day of October, 2015 (the "Bond Ordinance"). The Bonds are valid and legally binding upon the Village and are payable from (i) any funds of the Village legally available for such purpose, and all taxable property of the Village is subject to the levy of taxes to pay the same without limitation as to rate or amount and (ii) as to the 2015B Bonds only, from (a) ratably and equally with the Village's General Obligation Bonds, Series 2012A, a portion of the incremental property taxes (said portion being the "Subordinated Limited Incremental Property Taxes") derived from the NW & SW Corners of Route 45 & 21 Town Center Redevelopment Project Area heretofore designated by the Village (the "Redevelopment Project Area") if, as and when received, and (b) the amounts of Subordinated Limited Incremental Property Taxes on deposit in and pledged to the Subordinate Lien Account for the 2015B Bonds, of the General Account of the special tax allocation fund created in connection with the designation by the Village of the Redevelopment Project Area. The Bond Ordinance provides for the levy of ad valorem taxes, unlimited as to rate or amount, upon all taxable property in the Village in amounts sufficient to pay, as and when due, all principal of and interest on the Bonds (the "Pledged Taxes"). The Bond Ordinance will be filed with the County Clerk of the County of Lake, Illinois (the "County Clerk"), and will serve as authorization to the County Clerk to extend and collect the Pledged Taxes as set forth in the Bond Ordinance.

THE VILLAGE

General Information

The Village, incorporated in 1958 and encompassing an area of 7.7 square miles, is located in central Lake County approximately 35 miles north of downtown Chicago. The Village is contiguous with or within a three mile radius of Libertyville, Mundelein, Buffalo Grove, Indian Creek, Long Grove, Mettawa, Lincolnshire, and Lake Forest. The latter four communities are among the wealthiest in the Chicago metropolitan area in terms of per capita income. According to the 2010 census, the population of the Village is 25,113, qualifying it as a home rule unit under the Illinois Constitution.

The Village is governed by a Village President and a six member Board of Trustees, elected for staggered four year terms. Operations of the Village are the responsibility of the Village Manager, who oversees some 104 full-time employees and 9 part-time employees. The Village has 43 sworn police officers. Police officers, sergeants, and telecommunication personnel are represented by unions. Other employees are not represented by a bargaining unit.

The Village has experienced ongoing development over the past five years. The recent growth has been in both housing and commercial development. Several major properties are as discussed in the section entitled "Economic Development." Existing retail activity permits the Village to support its services substantially with sales taxes; no property taxes are levied for the operation of the Village.

The most significant growth in population occurred between 1970 and 1980 when the Village's population, as reported by the Bureau of the Census, increased from 1,056 to 9,827 or 830.5%. The 1990 population of 15,319 rose at a more moderate rate of 55.9% over 1980. A special census in 1994 had the Village's population at 18,032. The 2000 census had the Village's population at 20,120 or 31.3% over 1990 and a special census conducted in 2005 had the Village's population at 24,021. The 2010 census had the Village's population at 25,113, a 24.8% increase over 2000. The Village provides a variety of basic services to its residents while other governments provide other services. Primary services provided by the Village are: police, street maintenance, building inspection and general administrative services. The Village owns and operates a nine-hole golf course. It also owns an 18 hole golf course which was built by and is operated by Par Development for a 25 year period. The lease has some profit sharing and early buyout provisions. The Village provides community events including concerts and festivals including at an Arboretheater owned and operated by the Village. It also owns the Vernon Hills Athletic Complex and operates it in conjunction with the Vernon Hills Park District. Water and sewer services are provided by Lake County. The Village receives Lake Michigan water from the Central Lake County Joint Action Water Agency through the County. Refuse collection is handled privately but licensed by the Village. Fire protection services are provided by the Countryside Fire Protection District and Lincolnshire Riverwoods Fire Protection District. The Vernon Hills Park District provides recreational facilities and programming in addition to the Village's nine-hole golf course.

Transportation

Village residents have easy access to Interstate 94 (Chicago-Milwaukee Tollway), and accordingly, have access to Chicago's O'Hare Airport, Milwaukee's Mitchell Airport, and downtown Chicago.

Education

The Village is served by School District Numbers 73, 76, 96 and 103 providing elementary education. High School District Numbers 120, 125 and 128 provide secondary education for Village residents. Local schools enroll approximately 19,900 pupils. Local schools employ approximately 2,400. Community College District No. 532 (the College of Lake County), located in Grayslake, with approximate enrollment of approximately 18,000 full and part time students offers two year certificates and degree programs. In addition, higher education facilities are available to Village residents in the many public and private colleges and universities in the Chicago Metropolitan area.

SOCIOECONOMIC INFORMATION

The following statistics pertain to the Village with additional comparisons with Lake County and the State of Illinois (the "State").

The combination of good transportation, proximity to an affluent and well educated population, along with effective planning, has made the Village one of the more desirable areas for development in the Chicago metropolitan area. The Village is a major employment center, as well as a major center for retail shopping.

The Village has 3.66 million square feet of retail space. The most significant component of that retail space is the Westfield Hawthorn Center, which was completed in 1974 and subsequently expanded. The Center has 1.30 million square feet of leasable retail space and is anchored by Sears, Carson Pirie Scott & Co., J.C. Pennys and Macy's. In 2014 a Dave and Busters, a Maggiano's Little Italy and a Smashburger opened up in converted space in the Mall. A 65,000 square foot 12 screen, digital state of the art AMC Theatre opened in the Mall in April of 2015. The 203 thousand square foot Hawthorn Hills Square opened in 1986. Hawthorn Hills Square has completed redevelopment efforts in 2010 which brought Dick's Sporting Goods and PetsMart to their center. In 1988, the 299 thousand square foot Rivertree Center opened. Rivertree includes Best Buy, Office Depot, and T.J. Maxx and added Gordmans in 2011 where Rivertree Theatre used to be. The 297 thousand square foot Townline Commons, which was completed in 1990, is anchored by Toys R Us and Walmart. Added to Townline Commons in 2011 through a renovation was the 28 thousand square foot HH Gregg, electronics store which replaced a vacant Plunketts Furniture. The Marketplace Shopping Center, which opened in 1994 is anchored by an 111 thousand square foot Home Depot, and a 198 thousand square foot redevelopment completed in 2005 which brought the Village Bed Bath and Beyond, Ashley Furniture, Joanne's Fabrics and DSW (Discount Shoe Warehouse). Added to Marketplace in 2011 through a renovation was the free-standing 110 thousand square foot Steinhafels Furniture Store which replaced the vacant Home Expo. A Comp/USA Tiger Direct located in Marketplace closed in June of 2015. In 2008, the 206 thousand square foot Shoppe's at Gregg's Landing opened, bringing the Village a Lowe's and a Staples. Additionally, in June of 2011, a 70 thousand square foot Mariano's Fresh Market opened in this shopping center. An AAA Car Care Center opened in the Shoppe's at Gregg's Landing in 2014. Additionally, a Menard's has begun work at the Shoppe's at Gregg's Landing. The Village has other smaller shopping centers including the 70 thousand square foot Aspen Point Shopping Center that includes a Walgreen's Drug Store, a Buffalo Wild Wings and a Chili's and the 99 thousand square foot Hawthorn Commons anchored by a 45 thousand square foot Hobby Lobby. Freestanding retail includes a 170 thousand square foot Super Target, a 128 thousand square foot Sam's Club, an 87 thousand square foot Kohl's, a 45 thousand square foot Sports Authority, a 37 thousand square foot Babies R US and a 37 thousand square foot Walter E. Smithe Furniture.

Prior to 1986, few office buildings were located in the Village, with the exception of Rust-Oleum Corp. international headquarters. In 1986, Van Vlissingen and Company began development in the Village of a 320-acre office and light-manufacturing park known as Corporate Woods. According to *Crains*, Corporate Woods is the 15th largest industrial park in the Chicago region. Among the largest buildings in Corporate Woods are the 130 thousand square foot Richard Wolf Medical Instrument Corporation building, 235 thousand square foot Mitsubishi building and the 161 thousand square foot Z.F. Industries building. In 2009, a Lifetime Fitness facility opened in Corporate Woods.

In 1988, Prentiss / Copley began development of another office/industrial park, a 600 acre development known as Continental Executive Parke. It includes the 260 thousand square foot Cole Parmer building and the 200 thousand square foot Baxter Credit Union building. In July of 1997, the mail order, warehouse and corporate facility for CDW opened in Continental Executive Parke. The original facility was 224 thousand square feet and cost \$10.6 million. CDW has subsequently become a Fortune 1000 Company. It continued its expansion with a \$5 million new facility including a child care facility and an employee fitness center. In calendar year 2000, CDW opened a new facility in the Village containing over 200 thousand square feet. Adjacent to the Continental Executive Parke is the 70 acre American Hotel Register site. It consists of a 258 thousand square foot original American Hotel Register headquarters building, which was followed by a 201 thousand square foot American Hotel Register distribution center. The Village has other office building development outside of the large office parks, including office building and small parks built by Hamilton Partners and Trammel Crow. The Village has branches of US Bank, PNC Bank, Bank of America, First American Bank, Fifth Third Bank, American Charter Bank, JPMorgan Chase Bank, Citibank, MB Financial Bank and the Wintrust Bank and Trust. A second PNC Bank was recently completed in the Village's Tax Increment District. The Village has four hotels: the 148 unit Hotel Indigo, the 119 unit Holiday Inn Express, the 124-unit Homestead Village and the 128-unit Extended Stay America.

According to the 2010 Census, the Village has 9,956 housing units. In 1988, the Village annexed the Cuneo Estate, which was a 1,200-acre track of previously undeveloped land. It is zoned to include retail, office park and residential components. The residential and golf course component of this development is called Gregg's Landing. Currently, of the 2,100 homes are approved for the development, as of April 30, 2015, 1,944 were constructed or permitted for construction. The development includes an 18-hole golf course built on 320 acres of land donated by developers to the Village. The Village negotiated with Par Development to build and operate the golf course, which is owned by the Village. The course began operation in 1998 and the lease agreement calls for the lease to terminate on December 31, 2024.

ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

With 3.66 million square feet of retail space, retail has long been a vital economic component of the Village. The most significant retail space in the Village is the 1.3 million square foot Westfield Hawthorn Mall. In order to encourage Westfield to bring Dave and Busters, AMC Theatre and restaurants to the Mall, the Village entered into a ten year agreement to provide \$10 million (discounted at 6%) of sales tax rebates to Westfield. The rebate amounts to all the non-home rule sales tax (the base 1%) generated by the non-anchor stores located in the Mall. The rebate became effective for sales generated after May 31, 2015 based on the completion of the AMC Theatre. The loss of revenue from the rebate is being addressed through the imposition of a quarter percent home rule sales tax that went into effect on January 1, 2015. Besides compensating for the lost revenue from the incentive agreement, the revenues generated by the home rules sales tax may provide funding for capital projects. The AMC Theatre will also increase the Village's tax base for its 4% Amusement Tax.

Many of the Village's other economic incentives are in response to the 2008-2011 economic down turn, which created significant vacancies in many of the Village's retail centers. During 2008 and 2009 important stores in the 203 square foot Hawthorn Hills Square, including Linen's & Things and Wick's Furniture, closed. These closings contributed to bringing that shopping center's vacancy rate to 57%. That amounted to 116 thousand square feet of vacant space. The loss of Linen's & Things and Wick's threatened the survival of Hawthorn Square. In order to assist Hawthorn Square's developers, an economic incentive agreement was offered to Chase Development, which succeeded in bringing a 52 thousand square foot Dick's Sporting Goods to the Village and to Hawthorn Hills Square. Dick's opened in early September of 2010. The 20 year agreement has 70% of the new sales tax rebated to the property owner in the first five year period, 60% in the second five year period, 40% in the third five year period and 30% in the final five year period. The agreement ends once Kimco (Chase's assignee) reaches \$1.17 million net present value (discounted at 6%) target is met, or at the end of twenty years, whichever occurs first. A major Marketplace loss occurred in early 2009 with the closing of the 110 thousand square foot Home Expo. In FY2010-11, Steinhafels, the leading furniture store in Wisconsin, decided to look at the Home Expo site for its first expansion into the Chicago area. In order to encourage a high quality upgrade of the Home Expo site, the Village agreed to a seven year sales tax sharing agreement, where Steinhafels receives 40% of the sales tax generated for the Village in the first four years and then 41% in the last three years, except that if a net present value of \$600,000 (discounted at 5%) is reached first, the agreement ends at that time. Steinhafels opened in August of 2011. The Townline Commons lost Plunketts Furniture in early 2009. The Plunketts vacancy was filled by a 28 thousand square foot HH Gregg, electronics store. In order to make the modifications to the old Plunketts building affordable for HH Gregg, the Village agreed to share 50% of all sales tax revenues generated by the project for ten years or sooner if a \$603,000 net present value (discounted at 5%) figure is reached. HH Gregg opened in 2011. Townline Commons' Walmart is currently working with Mundelein regarding relocation. At Rivertree Court, during 2010, the Rivertree Movie Theatre closed. The Village provided Inland, the owners of the center, with a sales tax incentive to renovate the theatre and dilapidated parking lot in order to bring a 50 thousand square foot Gordmans store to the Village. The incentive agreement provides Inland 75% of sales tax generated for ten years unless the \$385,000 net present value (discounted at 5%) target is realized sooner. The store opened in 2011.

The Village also has vacant property zoned for retail. In order to assist in bringing a desirable development to a vacant property at the Shoppe's at Gregg's Landing, the Village provided Bradford Development with an incentive to bring Mariano's Fresh Market to the Village. Mariano's is a high end grocery store owned by Roundy's, a Wisconsin based grocery. In order to assist the developer with land costs to enable their bringing Mariano's to the Village offered the developer 37% of the sales tax generated for fifteen years or until \$955,000 net present value (discounted at 5%) is realized, whichever occurs first. The 70,000 square foot Mariano's opened in June of 2011. Currently approved for construction is a 287 thousand square foot Menard's. A group of local residents has filed a complaint with the 19th Circuit Court of Lake County asking the Court for a declaratory judgment seeking an injunction and other relief to prevent the construction of Menards due to a perceived opinion that Menards violates certain covenants on the property. Menard's has done a significant amount of site work on the property.

A previous economic incentive agreement with CDW was replaced with a new economic incentive agreement in December of 2014. The agreement is in effect through December of 2029 and provides for the rebating of sales tax. It has a maximum rebate level of 56.3%, which is applicable as long as their Gross Receipts in the Village at least \$200,000,000 annually in sales tax from CDW. If sales tax receipts fall between \$65,000,000 and \$200,000,000, the rebate is 35%. Between \$50,000,000 and \$65,000,000, the rebate is 20% and below \$50,000,000 there is no rebate.

During Fiscal Year 2014-15, the original phase of the Oaks of Vernon Hills completed. The project includes 256 luxury apartments, 48 townhouse units and a club house. Construction is projected to be completed by the end of 2015. Subsequently, approval was given to a 32 unit apartment building.

The Village has a Tax Increment Financing District (the "TIF District") which is being done in partnership with the College of Lake County, and two developers: Opus North and VHTC. The district was formed in order to develop the area of the Village near the intersection of Routes 45 and 21. The area was difficult to develop because of the multiplicity of land owners and because of traffic flow obstacles. Despite set backs during the 2008-2009 downturn, the Tax Increment District has made substantial progress. For Calendar year 2009, the TIF District had a \$3,645,858 incremental assessed valuation and a \$236,288 tax extension. By 2014 the incremental assessed valuation had increased to \$13,414,039 and the extension increased to \$1,281,333. In the Opus North development, two 66 unit condo buildings were approved for this site, of which one has been built with 66 units-all of which either sold or rented. Opus North was also approved for a total of 47 town home units, of which only 20 have been built and occupied. In the VHTC part of the development a Starbuck's and a Roti's Mediterranean Grill opened during FY2008-09. During FY2009-10, VHTC completed a six story mixed use building with 84 one and two bedroom luxury apartments, underground parking and 10,000 square feet of retail. A PNC Bank opened in 2011 on the VHTC site. In 2011 and 2012 a 15,000 square foot retail building south of PNC opened. The building includes a Tom and Eddie's Restaurant and a dance studio, a Real Urban BBQ restaurant, a Halstead Deli, a Yogen Fruz and a Beer Market. On August 11, 2015, a development proposal was presented to the Village by Chitown Development for a six story apartment building with 75 dwelling units. This building is proposed for the portion of the TIF previously being developed by Opus North.

The Village has four hotels: the 148-unit Amerisuites, the 119-unit Hawthorn Suites, the 124-unit Homestead Village and the 128-unit Extended Stay America. A 5% Hotel Motel Tax was extended on these facilities on October 1, 1999.

Following are lists of large employers located in the Village and in the surrounding area.

Major Village Employers(1)

<u>Name</u>	<u>Product/Service</u>	<u>Approximate Employment</u>
Westfield Hawthorn	Regional Shopping Mall	2,500
Zebra Technologies Corp.....	Bar Code Label Printers Company Headquarters.....	900
American Hotel Register Co.....	Hotel Hospitality Supply Sales and Distribution	400
Mitsubishi Electric Automation, Inc.	Relays and Industrial Controls Corporate Headquarters.....	400
CDW Computer Centers, Inc.	Computer Sales Headquarters.....	350
Mercer Human Resource Consulting	Business Consulting	340
Cole-Palmer Instrument Co.....	Laboratory Instruments Distribution	300
CareFusion, Inc.	Surgical Instrument Distribution	300
ZF Service North America, LLC	Automotive and Marine Transmissions	285
ETA/Cuisenaire	Wholesaler of K-12 Teaching Resources	200
Richard Wolf Medical Instruments Corp.....	Medical Instruments and Accessories.....	200
Rust-Oleum Corp.	Corporate Headquarters and Coatings, Paints and Rust Preventatives	180
Experient, Inc.	Corporate Travel Agency	160
Precision Resource, Illinois Div	Industrial Machinery	160

Note: (1) Source: 2015 Illinois Manufacturers Directory, 2015 Illinois Services Directory and a selective telephone survey.

Major Area Employers(1)

Location	Name	Product/Service	Approximate Employment
North Chicago	Great Lakes Training Center	Military	11,000(2)
Lincolnshire	Aon Hewitt, LLC	Employee Benefits and Compensation Consultants	5,000
Gurnee	Gurnee Mills	Shopping Center	5,000
Gurnee	Six Flags Great America	Amusement Park	4,550(3)
Multiple	Medline Industries, Inc.	Surgical and Medical Instruments	3,900(4)
North Chicago	AbbVie, Inc.	Pharmaceutical Products Headquarters	3,400
Waukegan	Lake County	Government	3,055(5)
Riverwoods	Discover Financial Services, LLC	Company Headquarters and Financial Services	3,000
Deerfield	Walgreen Co.	Drug Stores Corporate Headquarters	2,500
Multiple	Baxter Healthcare Corp.	Medical and Hospital Equipment	2,450(6)
Libertyville	Advocate Condell Medical Center	Hospital	2,200
Lake Forest	W.W. Grainger Co., Inc.	Industrial Machinery Corporate Headquarters	2,091
Grayslake	College of Lake County	Community College	1,818
Buffalo Grove	Siemens Building Technologies	Building Control Systems Corporate Headquarters	1,800
Barrington	Advocate Good Shepherd Hospital	Hospital Care	1,700
Mettawa	HSBC Finance Corp.	Corporate Headquarters and Consumer Financial Services	1,600
Lake Forest	Northwestern Lake Forest Hospital	Hospital	1,600
Multiple	Cardinal Health	Hospital Supply and Equipment Distribution Corporate Headquarters	1,540(7)
Lake Forest	Hospira, Inc.	Medical Infusion Systems	1,350
Waukegan	Vista Health	Acute Care Hospital and Specialized Health Care Facility	1,200(8)
Highland Park	Highland Park Hospital	Hospital	1,200
Buffalo Grove	I.S.I.	Management Consulting Services	1,200
Waukegan	Southwire Co., LLC	Electric Wire and Cable	1,200
Lake Forest	XPO Logistics, Inc.	Freight Logistics	1,200

- Notes: (1) Source: 2015 Illinois Manufacturers Directory, 2015 Illinois Services Directory and a selective telephone survey.
 (2) Civilian and military personnel.
 (3) Includes 1,900 in Round Lake and 2,650 in Deerfield.
 (4) Includes 3,000 in Mundelein and 900 in Waukegan.
 (5) The County employs a total of 2,701 full-time and 354 part-time budget positions for a total of 3,055 budgeted positions, of which approximately 2,000 are employed in Waukegan.
 (6) Employment is seasonal.
 (7) Includes 1,200 in McGaw Park and 340 in Waukegan.
 (8) Combined Vista Medical Center East and Vista Medical Center West.

The following tables show employment by industry and by occupation for the Village, Lake County (the "County") and the State of Illinois (the "State") as reported by the U.S. Census Bureau 2009-2013 American Community Survey 5-year estimated values.

Employment By Industry(1)

Classification	The Village		The County		The State	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing and Hunting, and Mining	23	0.2%	1,141	0.3%	63,113	1.1%
Construction	295	2.2%	16,209	4.9%	310,368	5.2%
Manufacturing	1,936	14.7%	53,108	16.0%	756,029	12.6%
Wholesale Trade	814	6.2%	14,613	4.4%	184,209	3.1%
Retail Trade	1,967	14.9%	39,094	11.7%	655,654	10.9%
Transportation and Warehousing, and Utilities	578	4.4%	12,170	3.7%	348,569	5.8%
Information	256	1.9%	6,520	2.0%	126,311	2.1%
Finance and Insurance, and Real Estate and Rental and Leasing	1,264	9.6%	26,196	7.9%	447,732	7.5%
Professional, Scientific, and Management, and Administrative and Waste Management Services	1,680	12.7%	43,808	13.2%	666,163	11.1%
Educational Services and Health Care and Social Assistance	2,534	19.2%	65,279	19.6%	1,379,821	23.0%
Arts, Entertainment and Recreation and Accommodation and Food Services	1,166	8.8%	30,198	9.1%	538,646	9.0%
Other Services, Except Public Administration	452	3.4%	14,180	4.3%	286,928	4.8%
Public Administration	233	1.8%	10,207	3.1%	234,777	3.9%
Total	13,198	100.0%	332,723	100.0%	5,998,320	100.0%

Note: (1) Source: U.S. Bureau of the Census, American Community Survey 5 year estimates 2009 to 2013.

Employment By Occupation(1)

Classification	The Village		The County		The State	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Management, Business, Science and Arts	6,678	50.6%	138,956	41.8%	2,183,077	36.4%
Service	1,411	10.7%	49,679	14.9%	1,036,503	17.3%
Sales and Office	3,691	28.0%	85,803	25.8%	1,509,578	25.2%
Natural Resources, Construction, and Maintenance	337	2.6%	20,839	6.3%	444,958	7.4%
Production, Transportation, and Material Moving	1,081	8.2%	37,446	11.3%	824,204	13.7%
Total	13,198	100.0%	332,723	100.0%	5,998,320	100.0%

Note: (1) Source: U.S. Bureau of the Census, American Community Survey 5-year estimates 2009 to 2013.

Annual Average Unemployment Rates(1)

Calendar Year	The Village	The County	State of Illinois
2006	4.1%	4.2%	4.5%
2007	4.7%	5.0%	5.0%
2008	6.2%	6.7%	6.5%
2009	9.3%	9.8%	10.1%
2010	10.0%	10.5%	10.3%
2011	7.1%	9.4%	9.7%
2012	6.6%	8.8%	8.9%
2013	6.6%	8.7%	9.2%
2014	5.2%	6.5%	7.1%
2015(2)	3.9%	4.8%	5.9%

Notes: (1) Source: Illinois Department of Employment Security.
 (2) Preliminary rates for the month of July 2015.

Housing

The U.S. Census Bureau 5-year estimated values reported that the median value of the Village's owner-occupied homes was \$316,100. This compares to \$254,800 for the County and \$182,300 for the State. The following table represents the five year average market value of specified owner-occupied units for the Village, the County and the State at the time of the 2009-2013 American Community Survey.

Specified Owner-Occupied Units(1)

Value	The Village		The County		The State	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Under \$50,000	126	1.8%	6,054	3.3%	235,268	7.3%
\$50,000 to \$99,999	203	2.9%	10,279	5.6%	493,044	15.3%
\$100,000 to \$149,999	975	14.0%	22,060	12.1%	504,066	15.7%
\$150,000 to \$199,999	822	11.8%	29,696	16.2%	538,003	16.7%
\$200,000 to \$299,999	1,105	15.9%	39,325	21.5%	692,499	21.5%
\$300,000 to \$499,999	2,249	32.3%	40,700	22.2%	513,968	16.0%
\$500,000 to \$999,999	1,407	20.2%	28,010	15.3%	196,905	6.1%
\$1,000,000 or more	75	1.1%	6,885	3.8%	46,285	1.4%
Total	6,962	100.0%	183,009	100.0%	3,220,038	100.0%

Note: (1) Source: U.S. Bureau of the Census, American Community Survey 5-year estimates 2009 to 2013.

Mortgage Status(1)

Value	The Village		The County		The State	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Housing Units with a Mortgage	5,777	83.0%	138,925	75.9%	2,190,976	68.0%
Housing Units without a Mortgage	1,185	17.0%	44,084	24.1%	1,029,062	32.0%
Total	6,962	100.0%	183,009	100.0%	3,220,038	100.0%

Note: (1) Source: U.S. Bureau of the Census, American Community Survey 5-year estimates 2009 to 2013.

Income

**Per Capita Personal Income
 for the Highest Income Counties in the State(1)**

<u>Rank</u>		<u>2009-2013</u>
1	DuPage County	\$38,570
2	Lake County	38,018
3	McHenry County	32,341
4	Monroe County	31,758
5	Kendall County	31,276
6	Piatt County	31,190
7	Woodford County	30,926
8	McLean County	30,460
9	Will County	30,377
10	Cook County	30,183
11	Kane County	30,082

Note: (1) Source: U.S. Bureau of the Census. 2009-2013 American Community 5-Year Estimates.

The following shows a ranking of median family income for the Chicago metropolitan area from the 2009-2013 American Community Survey.

Ranking of Median Family Income(1)

<u>County</u>	<u>Family Income</u>	<u>Rank</u>
DuPage County	\$95,208	1
Lake County	92,116	2
Kendall County	91,368	3
McHenry County	87,760	4
Will County	86,747	5
Kane County	80,085	8
Cook County	66,187	24

Note: (1) Source: U.S. Bureau of the Census 2009-2013 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates.

The U.S. Census Bureau 5-year estimated values reported that the Village had a median family income of \$107,194. This compares to \$92,116 for the County and \$70,344 for the State. The following table represents the distribution of family incomes for the Village, the County and the State at the time of the 2009-2013 American Community Survey.

Family Income(1)

<u>Income</u>	<u>The Village</u>		<u>The County</u>		<u>The State</u>	
	<u>Number</u>	<u>Percent</u>	<u>Number</u>	<u>Percent</u>	<u>Number</u>	<u>Percent</u>
Under \$10,000	28	0.4%	4,609	2.6%	137,093	4.4%
\$10,000 to \$14,999	52	0.8%	2,913	1.6%	84,866	2.7%
\$15,000 to \$24,999	157	2.4%	8,673	4.8%	225,548	7.2%
\$25,000 to \$34,999	328	5.0%	10,148	5.7%	257,251	8.2%
\$35,000 to \$49,999	740	11.4%	17,047	9.5%	381,248	12.2%
\$50,000 to \$74,999	770	11.8%	28,410	15.9%	583,037	18.6%
\$75,000 to \$99,999	981	15.0%	25,042	14.0%	470,717	15.0%
\$100,000 to \$149,999	1,255	19.3%	36,377	20.3%	553,739	17.7%
\$150,000 to \$199,999	1,049	16.1%	19,956	11.1%	222,115	7.1%
\$200,000 or more	1,159	17.8%	25,896	14.5%	220,748	7.0%
Total	6,519	100.0%	179,071	100.0%	3,136,362	100.0%

Note: (1) Source: U.S. Bureau of the Census, American Community Survey 5-year estimates 2009 to 2013.

The U.S. Census Bureau 5-year estimated values reported that the Village had a median household income of \$90,674. This compares to \$77,469 for the County and \$56,797 for the State. The following table represents the distribution of household incomes for the Village, the County and the State at the time of the 2009-2013 American Community Survey.

Household Income(1)

Income	The Village		The County		The State	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Under \$10,000	122	1.3%	9,999	4.1%	337,875	7.1%
\$10,000 to \$14,999	183	1.9%	6,577	2.7%	219,468	4.6%
\$15,000 to \$24,999	572	6.1%	16,927	7.0%	484,449	10.2%
\$25,000 to \$34,999	760	8.1%	17,461	7.2%	462,771	9.7%
\$35,000 to \$49,999	1,049	11.2%	25,938	10.8%	618,005	12.9%
\$50,000 to \$74,999	1,269	13.5%	39,761	16.5%	856,630	17.9%
\$75,000 to \$99,999	1,292	13.7%	31,945	13.3%	615,943	12.9%
\$100,000 to \$149,999	1,644	17.5%	42,222	17.5%	667,146	14.0%
\$150,000 to \$199,999	1,131	12.0%	21,854	9.1%	255,728	5.4%
\$200,000 or more	1,376	14.6%	28,388	11.8%	254,708	5.3%
Total	9,398	100.0%	241,072	100.0%	4,772,723	100.0%

Note: (1) Source: U.S. Bureau of the Census, American Community Survey 5-year estimates 2009 to 2013.

Retail Activity

Following is a summary of the Village's sales tax receipts as collected and disbursed by the State of Illinois.

Retailers' Occupation, Service Occupation and Use Tax(1)
 (As of March 31, 2006 through 2015)

Year Ending	State Sales Tax Distributions(2)	Annual % Change + (-)
2006	\$10,959,796	(0.23%)(2)
2007	11,428,759	4.28%
2008	11,646,251	1.90%
2009	11,367,844	(2.39%)
2010	10,272,497	(9.64%)
2011	10,857,198	5.69%
2012	12,304,474	13.33%
2013	12,620,620	2.57%
2014	12,951,209	2.62%
2015	13,826,715	6.76%
Growth from 2006 to 2015		26.16%

Notes: (1) Source: State of Illinois, Department of Revenue Based on Standard & Poor's Industrial Code Classification.

(2) Percentage based on 2005 sales tax of \$10,985,364.

Sales Tax Receipts by Kind of Business(1)
 (Year ended March 31, 2015)

	Amount Returned to the Village(2)	Percent
General Merchandise	\$ 2,488,063	18.0%
Food	862,529	6.2%
Drinking and Eating Places	990,687	7.2%
Apparel	752,664	5.4%
Furniture, Household & Radio	5,825,083	42.1%
Lumber Building and Hardware	494,941	3.6%
Automotive and Filling Stations	361,392	2.6%
Drugs and other Retail	1,105,836	8.0%
Agriculture and All Others	830,573	6.0%
Manufactures	114,948	0.8%
Total	<u>\$13,826,715</u>	<u>100.0%</u>
Number of taxpayers (establishments)(3)	601	

Notes: (1) Source: State of Illinois, Department of Revenue.
 (2) The amount returned to the Village is equal to 1% of taxable sales made at businesses located within the the corporate limits of the Village.
 (3) Number of Taxpayers as of March 31, 2015.

THE PROJECT – THE 2015A BONDS

The 2015A Bond proceeds will be used finance certain capital improvements within the Village and to pay the costs of issuing the 2015A Bonds. The Project will include reimbursing a \$1,500,000 contribution to the Vernon Hills Park District, which was used for the purchase of land that will be incorporated into the Park District’s park system. The project also includes \$500,000 for purchase of Starcom radio system and related equipment for the Vernon Hills Police Department.

THE REFUNDING – THE 2015B BONDS

The 2015B Bond proceeds will be used to currently refund a portion of the Village’s Senior Lien Tax Increment Revenue Bonds (Town Center Project), Series 2007A (the “2007A Bonds”), as listed below (the “Refunded Bonds”), and to pay the cost of issuance on the 2015B Bonds:

Senior Lien Tax Increment Revenue Bonds (Town Center Project), Series 2007A

<u>Maturities</u>	<u>Outstanding Amount(1)</u>	<u>Amount Refunded</u>	<u>Redemption Price</u>	<u>Redemption Date</u>
12/30/2015	\$ 260,000	\$ 0	N/A	N/A
12/30/2016	295,000	295,000	102.00%	12/30/2015
12/30/2017	335,000	335,000	102.00%	12/30/2015
12/30/2018	375,000	375,000	102.00%	12/30/2015
12/30/2019	420,000	420,000	102.00%	12/30/2015
12/30/2020	465,000	465,000	102.00%	12/30/2015
12/30/2021	520,000	520,000	102.00%	12/30/2015
12/30/2022	575,000	575,000	102.00%	12/30/2015
12/30/2023	635,000	635,000	102.00%	12/30/2015
12/30/2024	695,000	695,000	102.00%	12/30/2015
12/30/2025	765,000	765,000	102.00%	12/30/2015
12/30/2026	<u>1,375,000</u>	<u>1,375,000</u>	102.00%	12/30/2015
Total	<u>\$6,715,000</u>	<u>\$6,455,000</u>		

Note: (1) Mandatory redemption amounts shown for term bonds.

Proceeds from the 2007A Bonds were used to finance land acquisition and the construction, acquisition and installation of public capital infrastructure improvements within the TIF District.

Certain proceeds received from the sale of the 2015B Bonds will be deposited in an Escrow Account (the "Escrow Account") to be held by The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A., Chicago, Illinois, the bond registrar and paying agent for the Refunded Bonds (the "Escrow Agent"), under the terms of an Escrow Letter Agreement, dated as of the date of issuance of the 2015B Bonds, between the Village and the Escrow Agent. The moneys so deposited in the Escrow Account will be held in cash in an amount sufficient to pay when due the principal of and interest on the Refunded Bonds up to and including the redemption date thereof.

DEBT INFORMATION

After issuance of the Bonds, the Village will have outstanding \$23,335,000 principal amount of general obligation debt. The Village does not plan to issue additional debt in the calendar year 2015.

General Obligation Bonded Debt(1)(2)(3) (Principal Only)

Calendar Year	Series 2005 (3-30)	Series 2012A (12-30)	Series 2012B (3-30)	Series 2014 (3-30)	Series 2015A (3-30)	Series 2015B (12-30)	Total Debt	Cumulative Principal Retired	
								Amount	Percent
2016	\$ 0	\$ 300,000	\$ 115,000	\$ 270,000	\$ 0	\$ 575,000	\$ 1,260,000	\$ 1,260,000	5.40%
2017	0	450,000	120,000	310,000	110,000	440,000	1,430,000	2,690,000	11.53%
2018	0	600,000	125,000	325,000	130,000	450,000	1,630,000	4,320,000	18.51%
2019	355,000	650,000	125,000	325,000	130,000	460,000	2,045,000	6,365,000	27.28%
2020	370,000	675,000	130,000	340,000	135,000	470,000	2,120,000	8,485,000	36.36%
2021	390,000	725,000	130,000	340,000	140,000	475,000	2,200,000	10,685,000	45.79%
2022	0	750,000	140,000	345,000	140,000	485,000	1,860,000	12,545,000	53.76%
2023	0	800,000	145,000	355,000	140,000	455,000	1,895,000	14,440,000	61.88%
2024	0	900,000	145,000	370,000	150,000	395,000	1,960,000	16,400,000	70.28%
2025	0	1,000,000	150,000	370,000	80,000	520,000	2,120,000	18,520,000	79.37%
2026	0	1,000,000	155,000	380,000	85,000	530,000	2,150,000	20,670,000	88.58%
2027	0	0	0	395,000	85,000	0	480,000	21,150,000	90.64%
2028	0	0	0	195,000	90,000	0	285,000	21,435,000	91.86%
2029	0	0	0	200,000	90,000	0	290,000	21,725,000	93.10%
2030	0	0	0	210,000	95,000	0	305,000	22,030,000	94.41%
2031	0	0	0	215,000	95,000	0	310,000	22,340,000	95.74%
2032	0	0	0	220,000	100,000	0	320,000	22,660,000	97.11%
2033	0	0	0	230,000	105,000	0	335,000	22,995,000	98.54%
2034	0	0	0	235,000	105,000	0	340,000	23,335,000	100.00%
Total	\$1,115,000	\$7,850,000	\$1,480,000	\$5,630,000	\$2,005,000	\$5,255,000	\$23,335,000		

Notes: (1) Source: the Village.
 (2) Mandatory sinking fund redemption amounts are shown for term bonds.

Detailed Overlapping Bonded Debt(1)
 (As of April 30, 2015)

	Total Debt	Applicable to Village	
		Percent(2)	Amount
Schools:			
School District No. 73.....	\$ 35,812,081	67.35%	\$24,119,437
School District No. 76.....	2,451,999	27.48%	673,809
School District No. 96.....	720,000	2.34%	16,848
School District No. 103.....	2,515,000	18.71%	470,557
High School District No. 120	23,749,073	1.06%	251,740
High School District No. 125	14,355,000	8.78%	1,260,369
High School District No. 128	12,020,000	28.25%	3,395,650
Community College No.532	73,420,000	4.81%	<u>3,531,502</u>
Total Schools.....			\$33,719,912
Lake County			
Lake County	\$193,460,000	4.57%	\$ 8,841,122
Lake County Forest Preserve District	274,450,000	4.57%	12,542,365
Countryside Fire Protection District	3,990,000	61.48%	2,453,052
Central Lake County Joint Action Water Agency...	11,530,000	17.26%	1,990,078
Mundelein Park District.....	1,280,000	0.001%	13
Vernon Hills Park District.....	3,590,000	99.97%	<u>3,588,923</u>
Total Others			<u>\$29,415,553</u>
Total Overlapping Bonded Debt			<u>\$63,135,464</u>

- Notes: (1) Source: Lake County Clerk.
 (2) Based on 2014 Equalized Assessed Valuations, the most recent available.

Statement of Bonded Indebtedness(1)

	Amount Applicable	Ratio To		Per Capita (2010 Census 25,113)
		Equalized Assessed	Estimated Actual	
Assessed Valuation of Taxable Property, 2014	\$1,034,089,953	100.00%	33.33%	\$ 41,177.48
Estimated Actual Value, 2014	\$3,102,269,859	300.00%	100.00%	\$123,532.43
Village Direct Bonded Debt(2)				
Village Direct Bonded Debt.....	\$ 23,335,000	2.26%	0.75%	\$ 929.20
Less: Self Supporting(2)	(23,335,000)	(2.26%)	(0.75%)	(929.20)
Net Direct Bonded Debt	\$ 0	0.00%	0.00%	\$ 0.00
Overlapping Debt(3):				
Schools.....	\$ 33,719,912	3.26%	1.09%	\$ 1,342.73
All Others.....	29,415,553	2.84%	0.95%	1,171.33
Total Overlapping Bonded Debt.....	<u>\$ 63,135,465</u>	<u>6.11%</u>	<u>2.04%</u>	<u>\$ 2,514.06</u>
Total Net Direct & Overlapping Debt.....	\$ 63,135,465	6.11%	2.04%	\$ 2,514.06

- Notes: (1) Source: the Village.
 (2) Includes the Bonds.
 (3) As of April 30, 2015.

PROPERTY ASSESSMENT AND TAX INFORMATION

For the 2014 levy year, the Village's EAV was comprised of 68.54% residential, 0.06% industrial, 31.39% commercial, and less than 0.01% farm and railroad property valuations.

Village Equalized Assessed Valuation(1)

Property Class	Levy Years				
	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Residential.....	\$ 889,805,423	\$ 832,609,239	\$ 761,855,463	\$ 710,261,831	\$ 708,727,188
Farm.....	54,888	55,976	56,163	56,052	57,466
Commercial.....	355,135,429	347,129,444	333,879,758	326,597,423	324,566,212
Industrial.....	551,337	555,771	561,152	594,926	589,810
Railroad.....	204,020	189,118	123,380	127,479	149,277
Total.....	\$1,245,751,097	\$1,180,539,548	\$1,096,475,916	\$1,037,637,711	\$1,034,089,953
Percent Change +(-).....	(3.45%)(2)	(5.23%)	(7.12%)	(5.37%)	(0.34%)

- Notes: (1) Source: Lake County.
 (2) Percentage change based on 2009 EAV of \$1,290,199,302.

Representative Tax Rates(1) (Per \$100 EAV)

	Levy Years				
	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Village of Vernon Hills.....	\$0.0000	\$0.0000	\$0.0000	\$0.0000	\$0.0000
Lake County.....	0.5050	0.5540	0.6080	0.6630	0.6825
Lake County Forest Preserve District.....	0.1980	0.2010	0.2120	0.2180	0.2100
Libertyville Township(2).....	0.1060	0.1110	0.1220	0.1310	0.1343
Central Lake County JAWA.....	0.0450	0.0470	0.0520	0.0550	0.0559
Countryside Fire Prot. Dist.....	0.4530	0.4950	0.5520	0.5970	0.6129
Cook Memorial Library Dist.....	0.2380	0.2540	0.2820	0.3030	0.3122
Vernon Hills Park District.....	0.4270	0.4500	0.4960	0.4450	0.4550
School District No. 73.....	3.0810	3.3060	3.6780	3.9970	4.1175
High School District No. 128.....	2.3240	2.3990	2.5800	2.9190	2.6866
Community College District No. 532.....	0.2180	0.2400	0.2720	0.2960	0.3061
Total(3).....	\$7.5950	\$8.0570	\$8.8540	\$9.6240	\$9.5729

- Notes: (1) Source: Lake County Clerk.
 (2) Includes Road and Bridge.
 (3) Representative tax rate is for Libertyville Township Tax Code 11-012, which represents 38% of the Village's 2014 Equalized Assessed Valuation.

Principal Taxpayers(1)

Taxpayer Name	Business/Service	2014 EAV(2)
Westfield Shoppingtown Hawthorne.....	Shopping Center.....	\$20,234,248
Van Vlissingen & Co.....	Real Property.....	13,667,190
Inland Real Estate.....	Real Property.....	12,278,632
Museum Gardens II LLC.....	Real Property.....	11,865,730
Leahy Vernon Hills Development.....	Real Property.....	8,911,611
CDW Computer Centers, Inc.....	Computers.....	7,876,323
PWA Continental Executive Park, LP.....	Real Property.....	7,104,130
Hawthorn Hills.....	Real Property.....	6,778,298
Walmart Stores Inc.....	Retail Store.....	5,217,223
Corporate Woods Associates LLC.....	Real Property.....	5,197,623
Total.....		\$99,131,008
Ten Largest as a percent of the Village's 2014 EAV (\$1,034,089,953).....		9.59%

- Notes: (1) Source: Lake County.
 (2) Every effort has been made to seek out and report the largest taxpayers. However, many of the taxpayers listed contain multiple parcels and it is possible that some parcels and their valuations have been overlooked. The 2014 EAV is the most current available.

**Village of Vernon Hills
 Tax Increment Finance District**

Levy Year	Equalized Assessed Valuation	Tax Extension	Total Collections	Percent Collected
2005	\$ 1,140,819	\$ 68,597	\$ 68,684	100.13%
2006	1,261,680	81,050	81,149	100.12%
2007	267,988	17,044	17,053	100.05%
2008	0	0	N/A	
2009	3,645,858	236,288	232,544	98.42%
2010	10,990,021	772,159	772,159	100.00%
2011	13,916,549	1,047,916	1,047,523	99.96%
2012	15,319,383	1,281,313	1,281,321	100.00%
2013	15,102,962	1,174,991	1,174,513	99.96%
2014	13,414,039	1,221,833	In Collection	

REAL PROPERTY ASSESSMENT, TAX LEVY AND COLLECTION PROCEDURES

Tax Levy and Collection Procedures

Local assessment officers determine the assessed valuation of taxable real property and railroad property not held or used for railroad operations. The Illinois Department of Revenue (the “Department”) assesses certain other types of taxable property, including railroad property held or used for railroad operations. Local assessment officers’ valuation determinations are subject to review at the county level and then, in general, to equalization by the Department. Such equalization is achieved by applying to each county’s assessments a multiplier determined by the Department. The purpose of equalization is to provide a common basis of assessments among counties by adjusting assessments toward the statutory standard of 33-1/3% of fair cash value. Farmland is assessed according to a statutory formula which takes into account factors such as productivity and crop mix. Taxes are extended against the assessed values after equalization.

Property tax levies of each taxing body are filed in the office of the county clerk of each county in which territory of that taxing body is located. The county clerk computes the rates and amount of taxes applicable to taxable property subject to the tax levies of each taxing body and determines the dollar amount of taxes attributable to each respective parcel of taxable property. The county clerk then supplies to the appropriate collecting officials within the county the information needed to bill the taxes attributable to the various parcels therein. After the taxes have been collected, the collecting officials distribute to the various taxing bodies their respective shares of the taxes collected. Taxes levied in one calendar year are due and payable in two installments during the next calendar year. Taxes that are not paid when due, or that are not paid by mail and postmarked on or before the due date, are subject to a penalty of 1-1/2% per month until paid. Unpaid property taxes, together with penalties, interest and costs, constitute a lien against the property subject to the tax.

Exemptions

An annual General Homestead Exemption provides that the Equalized Assessed Valuation (“EAV”) of certain property owned and used for residential purposes (“Residential Property”) may be reduced by the amount of any increase over the 1977 EAV, up to a maximum reduction of \$3,500 for assessment years prior to assessment year 2004 in counties with less than 3,000,000 inhabitants, and a maximum reduction of \$5,000 for assessment year 2004 through 2007 in all counties. The maximum reduction is \$5,500 for assessment year 2008, and for assessment years 2009 through 2011, the maximum reduction is \$6,000 in all counties. For assessment years 2012 and thereafter, the maximum reduction is \$6,000 in counties with less than 3,000,000 inhabitants.

The Homestead Improvement Exemption applies to Residential Properties that have been improved or rebuilt in the 2 years following a catastrophic event. The exemption is limited to \$45,000 through December 31, 2003, and \$75,000 per year beginning January 1, 2004 and thereafter, to the extent the assessed value is attributable solely to such improvements or rebuilding.

Additional exemptions exist for senior citizens. The Senior Citizens Homestead Exemption operates annually to reduce the EAV on a senior citizen's home for assessment years prior to 2004 by \$2,000 in counties with less than 3,000,000 inhabitants. For assessment years 2004 and 2005, the maximum reduction is \$3,000 in all counties. For assessment years 2006 and 2007, the maximum reduction is \$3,500 in all counties. For assessment years 2008 through 2011, the maximum reduction is \$4,000 for all counties. For assessment year 2012, the maximum reduction is \$4,000 in counties with less than 3,000,000 inhabitants. For assessment years 2013 and thereafter, the maximum reduction is \$5,000 in all counties. Furthermore, beginning with assessment year 2003, for taxes payable in 2004, property that is first occupied as a residence after January 1 of any assessment year by a person who is eligible for the Senior Citizens Homestead Exemption must be granted a pro rata exemption for the assessment year based on the number of days during the assessment year that the property is occupied as a residence by a person eligible for the exemption.

A Senior Citizens Assessment Freeze Homestead Exemption freezes property tax assessments for homeowners, who are 65 and older and receive a household income not in excess of the maximum income limitation. The maximum income limitation is \$35,000 for years prior to 1999, \$40,000 for assessment years 1999 through 2003, \$45,000 for assessment years 2004 and 2005, \$50,000 from assessment years 2006 and 2007 and for assessments year 2008 and after, the maximum income limitation is \$55,000. In general, the Senior Citizens Assessment Freeze Homestead Exemption limits the annual real property tax bill of such property by granting to qualifying senior citizens an exemption as to a portion of the valuation of their property. In counties with a population of 3,000,000 or more, the exemption for all assessment years is equal to the EAV of the residence in the assessment year for which application is made less the base amount. Furthermore, for those counties with a population of less than 3,000,000, the Senior Citizens Assessment Freeze Homestead Exemption is as follows: through assessment year 2005 and for assessment year 2007 and later, the exempt amount is the difference between (i) the current EAV of their residence and (ii) the base amount, which is the EAV of a senior citizen's residence for the year prior to the year in which he or she first qualifies and applies for the Exemption (plus the EAV of improvements since such year). For assessment year 2006, the amount of the Senior Citizens Assessment Freeze Homestead Exemption phases out as the amount of household income increases. The amount of the Senior Citizens Assessment Freeze Homestead Exemption is calculated by using the same formula as above, and then multiplying the resulting value by a ratio that varies according to household income.

Another exemption available to disabled veterans operates annually to exempt up to \$70,000 of the assessed valuation of property owned and used exclusively by such veterans or their spouses for residential purposes. Also, certain property is exempt from taxation on the basis of ownership and/or use, such as public parks, not-for-profit schools and public schools, churches, and not-for-profit hospitals and public hospitals. However, individuals claiming exemption under the Disabled Persons' Homestead Exemption or the Disabled Veterans Standard Homestead Exemption cannot claim the aforementioned exemption.

Furthermore, beginning with assessment year 2007, the Disabled Persons' Homestead Exemption provides an annual homestead exemption in the amount of \$2,000 for property that is owned and occupied by certain persons with a disability. However, individuals claiming exemption as a disabled veteran or claiming exemption under the Disabled Veterans Standard Homestead Exemption cannot claim the aforementioned exemption.

In addition, the Disabled Veterans Standard Homestead Exemption provides disabled veterans an annual homestead exemption starting with assessment year 2007 and thereafter. Specifically, (i) those veterans with a service-connected disability of 75% are granted an exemption of \$5,000 and (ii) those veterans with a service-connected disability of less than 75%, but at least 50% are granted an exemption of \$2,500. Furthermore, the veteran's surviving spouse is entitled to the benefit of the exemption, provided that the spouse has legal or beneficial title of the homestead, resides permanently on the homestead and does not remarry. Moreover, if the property is sold by the surviving spouse, then an exemption amount not to exceed the amount specified by the current property tax roll may be transferred to the spouse's new residence, provided that it is the spouse's primary residence and the spouse does not remarry. However, individuals claiming exemption as a disabled veteran or claiming exemption under the Disabled Persons' Homestead Exemption cannot claim the aforementioned exemption.

Beginning with assessment year 2007, the Returning Veterans' Homestead Exemption is available for property owned and occupied as the principal residence of a veteran in the assessment year the veteran returns from an armed conflict while on active duty in the United States armed forces. This provision grants a homestead exemption of \$5,000, which is applicable in all counties. In order to apply for the Returning Veterans' Homestead Exemption, the individual must pay real estate taxes on the property, own the property or have either a legal or an equitable interest in the property, "or a leasehold interest of land on which a single family residence is located, which is occupied as a principle residence of a veteran returning from an armed conflict involving the armed forces of the United States who has an ownership interest therein, legal, equitable or as a lessee, and on which the veteran is liable for the payment of property taxes." Those individuals eligible for the Returning Veterans' Homestead Exemption may claim the Returning Veterans' Homestead Exemption, in addition to other homestead exemptions, unless otherwise noted.

Property Tax Extension Limitation Law

The Property Tax Extension Limitation Law (the "Limitation Law") limits the amount of the annual increase in property taxes to be extended for certain Illinois non-home rule units of government. In general, the Limitation Law restricts the amount of such increases to the lesser of 5% or the percentage increase in the Consumer Price Index during the calendar year preceding the levy year. Currently, the Limitation Law applies only to and is a limitation upon all non-home rule taxing bodies in Cook County, the five collar counties (DuPage, Kane, Lake, McHenry and Will) and several downstate counties.

Home rule units, including the Village, are exempt from the limitations contained in the Limitation Law. If the Limitation Law were to apply in the future to the Village, the limitations set forth therein will not apply to any taxes levied by the Village to pay the principal of and interest on the Bonds.

Illinois legislators have introduced several proposals to modify the Limitation Law, including freezing property taxes and extending tax caps to all taxing bodies (including home rule units) in the State (the "Property Tax Freeze Proposal"). Specifically, Senate Bill 318 passed the Illinois Senate on August 4, 2015. This legislation includes, among other items, a State-wide property tax freeze for levy years 2016 and 2017 for taxing districts located in counties other than Cook County and levy years 2017 and 2018 for taxing districts located in Cook County. If the Property Tax Freeze Proposal or similar legislation were to become law, such reform may have a impact on the finances of the Village and the ability of the Village to issue non-referendum bonds. The Village cannot predict whether, or in what form, any change to the Limitation Law, including the Property Tax Freeze Proposal, may be enacted into law, nor can the Village predict the effect of any such change on the Village's finances.

Truth in Taxation Law

Legislation known as the Truth in Taxation Law (the "Law") limits the aggregate amount of certain taxes which can be levied by, and extended for, a taxing district to 105% of the amount of taxes extended in the preceding year unless specified notice, hearing and certification requirements are met by the taxing body. The express purpose of the Law is to require published disclosure of, and hearing upon, an intention to adopt a levy in excess of the specified levels.

FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Financial Reports

The Village's financial statements are audited annually by certified public accountants. The Village's financial statements for the governmental fund types and agency funds are completed on a modified accrual basis of accounting consistent with generally accepted accounting principles applicable to governmental entities. See **APPENDIX A** for more detail.

Investment Policy

The Village is authorized by statutes and Village investment policy to invest in certificates of deposits, U.S. Government securities, repurchase agreements, the State Treasurer's pool and certain insurance company separate accounts. See **APPENDIX A** for more detail.

Financial Reports

The Village's financial statements are audited annually by certified public accountants. The Village's financial statements are completed on a modified accrual basis of accounting consistent with generally accepted accounting principles applicable to governmental entities. See **APPENDIX A** for more detail.

No Consent or Updated Information Requested of the Auditor

The tables and excerpts (collectively, the "Excerpted Financial Information") contained in this "**FINANCIAL INFORMATION**" section and in **APPENDIX A** are from the audited financial statements of the Village, including the audited financial statements for the fiscal year ended April 30, 2015 (the "2015 Audit"), which was approved by formal action of the Village Board. The Village has not requested the Auditor to update information contained in the Excerpted Financial Information; nor has the Village requested that the Auditor consent to the use of the Excerpted Financial Information in this Final Official Statement. Other than as expressly set forth in this Final Official Statement, the financial information contained in the Excerpted Financial Information has not been updated since the date of the 2015 Audit. The inclusion of the Excerpted Financial Information in this Final Official Statement in and of itself is not intended to demonstrate the fiscal condition of the Village since the date of the 2015 Audit. Questions or inquiries relating to financial information of the Village since the date of the 2015 Audit should be directed to the Village.

Summary Financial Information

The following tables are summaries and do not purport to be the complete audits, copies of which are available upon request. See **APPENDIX A** for excerpts of the Village's 2015 Audit.

**Statement Of Net Position
 Governmental Activities**

	Audited as of April 30				
	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
ASSETS:					
Cash and Investments	\$ 23,000,311	\$ 24,393,452	\$ 23,774,418	\$ 24,886,282	\$ 29,262,747
Receivables, Net:					
Taxes	3,918,410	4,699,963	4,331,018	4,535,432	5,662,085
Accounts	419,028	339,588	662,802	459,937	308,101
Accrued Interest	89,066	41,062	28,429	26,590	121,434
Prepays/Inventory	406,474	467,790	409,080	442,500	458,220
Due from Other Governments	6,420	4,026	2,103,277	1,527,881	953,812
Internal Balances	246,623	278,932	245,115	230,418	230,771
Total Current Assets	\$ 28,086,332	\$ 30,224,813	\$ 31,554,139	\$ 32,109,040	\$ 36,997,170
Noncurrent Assets					
Capital Assets:					
Nondepreciable Capital Assets	\$ 4,568,623	\$ 4,568,623	\$ 4,568,623	\$ 4,568,623	\$ 5,030,032
Depreciable Capital Assets	161,204,446	161,356,602	161,629,024	161,781,986	162,082,564
Accumulated Depreciation	(50,052,290)	(53,911,858)	(57,680,402)	(61,383,965)	(65,169,254)
Total Capital Assets	\$115,720,779	\$112,013,367	\$108,517,245	\$104,966,644	\$101,943,342
Other Assets					
Net Pension Fund Assets	\$ 180,369	\$ 181,794	\$ 183,257	\$ 186,555	\$ 193,372
Total Other Assets	\$ 180,369	\$ 181,794	\$ 183,257	\$ 186,555	\$ 193,372
Total Noncurrent Assets	\$115,901,148	\$112,195,161	\$108,700,502	\$105,153,199	\$102,136,714
Total Assets	\$143,987,480	\$142,419,974	\$140,254,641	\$137,262,239	\$139,133,884
LIABILITIES:					
Current Liabilities:					
Accounts Payable	\$ 232,373	\$ 271,121	\$ 339,205	\$ 398,688	\$ 979,829
Accrued Payroll	155,429	206,196	247,764	297,885	330,473
Accrued Interest Payable	1,626,371	202,949	222,785	213,668	215,429
Deposits Payable	940,420	945,178	887,025	1,042,461	872,938
Other Payables	776,926	1,236,946	1,180,283	1,157,341	1,531,424
Compensated Absences Payable	146,847	145,846	298,608	262,511	286,842
Current Portion of Long-Term Debt	1,245,000	1,315,000	950,000	735,000	645,000
Total Current Liabilities	\$ 5,123,366	\$ 4,323,236	\$ 4,125,670	\$ 4,107,554	\$ 4,861,935
Noncurrent Liabilities:					
Compensated Absences Payable	\$ 587,387	\$ 583,382	\$ 1,194,433	\$ 1,050,042	\$ 1,147,370
Other Postemployment Benefit Payable	29,007	36,662	75,252	137,107	160,261
General Obligation Bonds Payable	0	9,460,000	9,445,000	9,330,000	14,575,000
TIF Revenue Bonds/Notes Payable	12,963,000	7,000,000	6,110,000	6,715,000	6,455,000
Alternate Revenue Bonds Payable	9,755,000	6,955,000	6,910,000	4,200,000	1,115,000
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	\$ 23,334,394	\$ 24,035,044	\$ 23,734,685	\$ 21,432,149	\$ 23,452,631
Total Liabilities	\$ 28,457,760	\$ 28,358,280	\$ 27,860,355	\$ 25,539,703	\$ 28,314,566
NET POSITION:					
Invested in Capital Assets-Net of					
Related Debt	\$ 91,757,779	\$ 87,283,367	\$ 85,102,245	\$ 83,986,644	\$ 82,205,307
Restricted – Public Safety	346,725	298,874	332,908	364,682	461,250
Restricted – Metra Parking	77,839	112,812	135,241	0	0
Restricted – Tax Increment District	0	0	0	179,799	646,402
Restricted – Street and Roads	1,975,937	2,153,870	2,058,890	2,187,392	1,860,876
Restricted – Capital	948,828	929,547	100,000	100,000	100,000
Restricted – Construction	0	0	0	0	3,323,130
Unrestricted	20,422,612	23,283,224	24,665,002	24,904,019	22,222,353
Total Net Position	\$115,529,720	\$114,061,694	\$112,394,286	\$111,722,536	\$110,819,318

**Statement Of Activities
 Governmental Activities**

	Audited Years Ended April 30				
	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT:(1)					
Governmental Activities:					
General Government	\$ (2,983,363)	\$ (2,282,039)	\$ (2,394,138)	\$ (2,023,581)	\$ (2,779,330)
Public Safety	(8,363,734)	(9,247,863)	(9,085,742)	(9,312,169)	(9,914,409)
Streets and Roads	(5,510,836)	(6,057,021)	(6,722,047)	(7,046,320)	(7,575,250)
Economic Development	(326,276)	(46,854)	0	(4,463)	0
Culture and Recreation	(76,242)	(35,629)	(45,670)	(51,472)	67,199
Interest on Long-Term Debt	<u>(1,464,042)</u>	<u>(1,462,816)</u>	<u>(954,884)</u>	<u>(901,283)</u>	<u>(852,718)</u>
Total Governmental Activities	<u>\$(18,724,493)</u>	<u>\$ (19,132,222)</u>	<u>\$(19,202,481)</u>	<u>\$(19,339,288)</u>	<u>\$(21,054,508)</u>
GENERAL REVENUES:					
Taxes:					
Sales Tax	\$ 9,508,242	\$ 10,334,171	\$ 10,547,878	\$ 10,773,512	\$ 11,426,650
Home Rules Sales Tax	0	0	0	0	727,413
Utility Tax	1,446,045	1,409,506	1,418,186	1,404,549	1,345,000
State Income Tax	1,807,219	2,127,725	2,376,128	2,398,252	2,530,028
Other Taxes	456,616	464,146	486,456	534,105	581,480
Hotel/Motel Tax	270,764	296,728	323,334	351,087	369,509
911 Surcharge Tax	293,660	442,088	343,609	319,399	325,797
Road and Bridge Tax	202,379	208,235	200,903	205,572	201,923
Telecommunications Tax	1,269,772	1,352,296	1,335,120	1,258,098	1,117,728
Tax Increment Tax	232,544	772,159	1,048,583	1,281,321	1,174,513
Interest Income	249,076	188,188	98,374	73,881	295,485
Miscellaneous	<u>1,143,974</u>	<u>68,954</u>	<u>44,992</u>	<u>67,762</u>	<u>55,764</u>
Total General Revenues	<u>\$ 16,880,291</u>	<u>\$ 17,664,196</u>	<u>\$ 18,223,563</u>	<u>\$ 18,667,538</u>	<u>\$ 20,151,290</u>
Change in Net Position	\$ (1,844,202)	\$ (1,468,026)	\$ (978,918)	\$ (671,750)	\$ (903,218)
Net Position, Beginning	<u>117,373,922(2)</u>	<u>115,529,720</u>	<u>113,373,204</u>	<u>112,394,286</u>	<u>111,722,536</u>
Net Position, Ending	<u>\$115,529,720</u>	<u>\$114,061,694</u>	<u>\$112,394,286</u>	<u>\$111,722,536</u>	<u>\$110,819,318</u>

Notes: (1) Expenses net of program revenues of charges for services, operating grants/contributions and capital grants/contributions.
 (2) As restated.

**General Fund
 Balance Sheet**

	Audited as of April 30				
	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
ASSETS:					
Investments.....	\$19,456,799	\$20,371,836	\$19,702,270	\$20,620,996	\$20,870,994
Receivables, Net:					
Taxes	3,870,211	4,651,209	4,211,290	4,413,038	5,521,834
Accounts	41,018	189,542	80,402	95,709	46,796
Accrued Interest	84,547	36,796	26,378	24,539	119,383
Other Accounts	1,486	1,286	1,550	149,887	110,387
Intergovernmental Revenues	6,420	4,026	2,103,277	1,527,881	953,812
Due from Other Funds	1,699,147	1,503,692	1,293,484	236,049	234,052
Prepays	406,474	467,790	409,080	429,650	458,220
Total Assets	<u>\$25,566,102</u>	<u>\$27,226,177</u>	<u>\$27,827,731</u>	<u>\$27,497,749</u>	<u>\$28,315,478</u>
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES:					
Liabilities:					
Accounts Payable	\$ 161,316	\$ 238,040	\$ 304,788	\$ 319,450	\$ 662,989
Accrued Payroll	155,429	206,196	216,889	263,472	289,219
Deposits Payable	940,420	945,178	887,025	1,042,461	872,938
Due to Other Funds.....	948,828	929,547	100,000	100,000	100,000
Unearned Revenues/Deferred Revenues	<u>1,124,172</u>	<u>1,667,356</u>	<u>1,655,149</u>	<u>1,725,704</u>	<u>2,541,261</u>
Total Liabilities	\$ 3,330,165	\$ 3,986,317	\$ 3,163,851	\$ 3,451,087	\$ 4,466,407
Fund Balances:					
Reserved - Prepaid Items	\$ 406,474	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
Reserved - Special Revenue.....	424,564	0	0	0	0
Reserved - Designated-Commitments	86,484	0	0	0	0
Unreserved - Undesignated	21,318,415	0	0	0	0
Nonspendable	0	467,790	409,080	429,650	458,220
Restricted	0	411,686	258,942	168,098	94,738
Committed	0	106,218	58,561	16,398	14,075
Unassigned	0	<u>22,254,166</u>	<u>23,937,297</u>	<u>23,432,516</u>	<u>23,282,038</u>
Total Fund Balances	<u>\$22,235,937</u>	<u>\$23,239,860</u>	<u>\$24,663,880</u>	<u>\$24,046,662</u>	<u>\$23,849,071</u>
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	<u>\$25,566,102</u>	<u>\$27,226,177</u>	<u>\$27,827,731</u>	<u>\$27,497,749</u>	<u>\$28,315,478</u>

General Fund Revenues and Expenditures

	Audited Years Ended April 30				
	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
REVENUES:					
Sales Taxes	\$ 9,447,706	\$10,251,007	\$10,503,422	\$10,680,015	\$10,985,176
Utility Taxes	1,446,045	1,409,506	1,418,186	1,404,549	1,345,000
Telecommunication Tax	1,269,772	1,352,296	1,335,120	1,258,098	1,117,728
Road and Bridge Tax	202,379	208,235	200,903	205,572	201,923
Grants/Intergovernmental	627,222	116,706	6,121	5,358	28,902
State Income Tax	1,807,219	2,127,725	2,376,128	2,398,252	2,530,028
911 Surcharge	293,660	442,088	0	0	0
Home Rule Sales Tax	0	0	0	0	727,413
Hotel/Motel Taxes	270,764	296,728	323,334	351,087	369,509
Other Taxes	456,616	464,146	486,456	534,105	581,480
Licenses and Permits and Fees	1,260,751	726,317	927,196	1,672,668	1,332,717
Charges for Services	1,088,868	1,290,625	1,314,018	1,149,010	1,294,484
Fines and Forfeitures	255,714	275,768	350,405	359,551	370,773
Interest	222,397	166,028	95,550	63,025	283,420
Other Revenue	1,143,974	64,540	44,992	67,762	55,764
Total Revenues	\$19,793,087	\$19,191,715	\$19,381,831	\$20,149,052	\$21,224,317
EXPENDITURES:					
Current:					
General Government	\$ 3,218,639	\$ 3,282,636	\$ 3,498,692	\$ 3,668,619	\$ 3,842,991
Public Safety	8,281,006	9,185,888	7,585,680	7,957,699	8,476,242
Streets and Roads	3,398,160	3,567,491	3,978,167	4,603,072	4,699,605
Culture and Recreation	260,935	259,249	270,899	277,671	258,590
Capital Outlay	650,272	178,931	306,867	385,859	630,907
Debt Service:					
Principal	1,190,000	1,245,000	1,315,000	2,345,000	1,525,000
Interest and Fiscal Charges	435,546	376,736	324,005	273,257	166,658
Total Expenditures	\$17,434,558	\$18,095,931	\$17,279,310	\$19,511,177	\$19,599,993
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	\$ 2,358,529	\$ 1,095,784	\$ 2,102,521	\$ 637,875	\$ 1,624,324
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Debt Proceeds	0	1,625,000	0	0	1,115,000
Payment to Escrow Agent	0	(1,639,645)	0	0	(1,132,163)
Transfers In	0	0	804,757	0	0
Transfers Out	\$ (23,254)	(77,216)	(1,483,258)(1)	(1,255,093)(2)	(1,804,752)(3)
Total from Other Sources	\$ (23,254)	\$ (91,861)	\$ (678,501)	\$ (1,255,093)	\$ (1,821,91\$)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Sources Over (Under) Expenditures	\$ 2,335,275	\$ 1,003,923	\$ 1,424,020	\$ (617,218)	\$ (197,591)
Beginning Fund Balance	19,900,662	22,235,937	23,239,860	24,663,880	24,046,662
Ending Fund Balance	\$22,235,937	\$23,239,860	\$24,663,880	\$24,046,662	\$23,849,071

Notes: (1) Includes a \$1,378,505 transfer to the Dispatch Center Fund and a \$104,753 transfer to the Tax Increment Fund.
 (2) Includes a \$1,126,961 transfer to the Dispatch Center Fund and a \$128,132 transfer to the Tax Increment Fund.
 (3) Includes a \$1,379,727 transfer to the Dispatch Center Fund, a \$117,451 transfer to the Tax Increment Fund and a \$307,574 transfer to the Bond Construction Fund.

General Fund Budget Information

	Budget Fiscal Year <u>2016</u>
REVENUES:	
Sales Tax	\$10,033,000
Home Rule Sales Tax	2,460,000
Electric Utility Tax	1,400,000
Simplified Telecommunications Tax	955,000
Amusement Tax	300,000
State Income, Use & Replacement Tax	2,977,379
Road and Bridge tax	0
Hotel Motel Tax	398,000
Intergovernmental-Grants	14,000
License, Permits & Fees	783,350
Charges for Service	853,033
Fines and Forfeitures	376,000
Investment Income	319,000
Miscellaneous	51,000
Total Revenues	<u>\$20,919,762</u>
EXPENDITURES:	
General Government	\$ 3,760,555
Public Safety	10,468,563
Streets and Roads	5,228,010
Economic Development	0
Culture and Recreation	101,240
Capital Outlay	502,250
Debt Service	364,659
Total Expenditures	<u>\$20,425,277</u>
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures....	\$ 494,485
Other Financing Sources:	
Transfers In	\$ 0
Transfers Out	0
Excess of Revenues and Other Sources Over (Under) Revenues	\$ 494,485(1)
Beginning Fund Balance	<u>\$22,961,364</u>
Ending Fund Balance	\$23,455,849(1)

Note: (1) Expected to be used for additional capital outlay.

EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OBLIGATIONS

See **APPENDIX D** herein for a discussion of the Village's employee retirement and other postemployment benefits obligations.

REGISTRATION, TRANSFER AND EXCHANGE

See also **APPENDIX B** for information on registration, transfer and exchange of book-entry bonds. The Bonds will be initially issued as book-entry bonds.

The Village shall cause books (the "Bond Register") for the registration and for the transfer of the Bonds to be kept at the principal office maintained for the purpose by The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, National Association, Chicago, Illinois (the "Bond Registrar"). The Village will authorize to be prepared, and the Bond Registrar shall keep custody of, multiple bond blanks executed by the Village for use in the transfer and exchange of Bonds.

Any Bond may be transferred or exchanged, but only in the manner, subject to the limitations, and upon payment of the charges as set forth in the Bond Ordinance. Upon surrender for transfer or exchange of any Bond at the principal office maintained for the purpose by the Bond Registrar, duly endorsed by, or accompanied by a written instrument or instruments of transfer in form satisfactory to the Bond Registrar and duly executed by the registered owner or such owner's attorney duly authorized in writing, the Village shall execute and the Bond Registrar shall authenticate, date and deliver in the name of the registered owner, transferee or transferees (as the case may be) a new fully registered Bond or Bonds of the same series, maturity and interest rate of authorized denominations, for a like aggregate principal amount.

The execution by the Village of any fully registered Bond shall constitute full and due authorization of such Bond, and the Bond Registrar shall thereby be authorized to authenticate, date and deliver such Bond, provided, however, the principal amount of outstanding Bonds of each series and maturity authenticated by the Bond Registrar shall not exceed the authorized principal amount of Bonds for such series and maturity less Bonds previously paid.

The Bond Registrar shall not be required to transfer or exchange any Bond following the close of business on the 15th day of the month in which an interest payment date occurs on such Bond (known as the record date), nor to transfer or exchange any Bond after notice calling such Bond for redemption has been mailed, nor during a period of fifteen days next preceding mailing of a notice of redemption of any Bonds.

The person in whose name any Bond shall be registered shall be deemed and regarded as the absolute owner thereof for all purposes, and payment of the principal of or interest on any Bonds shall be made only to or upon the order of the registered owner thereof or such owner's legal representative. All such payments shall be valid and effectual to satisfy and discharge the liability upon such Bond to the extent of the sum or sums so paid.

No service charge shall be made for any transfer or exchange of Bonds, but the Village or the Bond Registrar may require payment of a sum sufficient to cover any tax or other governmental charge that may be imposed in connection with any transfer or exchange of Bonds except in the case of the issuance of a Bond or Bonds for the unredeemed portion of a bond surrendered for redemption.

TAX EXEMPTION

Federal tax law contains a number of requirements and restrictions which apply to the Bonds, including investment restrictions, periodic payments of arbitrage profits to the United States, requirements regarding the proper use of bond proceeds and the facilities financed therewith, and certain other matters. The Village has covenanted to comply with all requirements that must be satisfied in order for the interest on the Bonds to be excludable from gross income for federal income tax purposes. Failure to comply with certain of such covenants could cause interest on the Bonds to become includible in gross income for federal income tax purposes retroactively to the date of issuance of the Bonds.

Subject to the Village's compliance with the above-referenced covenants, under present law, in the opinion of Chapman and Cutler LLP, Chicago, Illinois ("Bond Counsel"), interest on the Bonds is excludable from the gross income of the owners thereof for federal income tax purposes, and is not included as an item of tax preference in computing the federal alternative minimum tax for individuals and corporations, but interest on the Bonds is taken into account, however, in computing an adjustment used in determining the federal alternative minimum tax for certain corporations.

In rendering its opinion, Bond Counsel will rely upon certifications of the Village with respect to certain material facts within the Village's knowledge. Bond Counsel's opinion represents its legal judgment based upon its review of the law and the facts that it deems relevant to render such opinion and is not a guarantee of a result.

The Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code"), includes provisions for an alternative minimum tax ("AMT") for corporations in addition to the regular corporate tax in certain cases. The AMT, if any, depends upon the corporation's alternative minimum taxable income ("AMTI"), which is the corporation's taxable income with certain adjustments. One of the adjustment items used in computing the AMTI of a corporation (with certain exceptions) is an amount equal to 75% of the excess of such corporation's "adjusted current earnings" over an amount equal to its AMTI (before such adjustment item and the alternative tax net operating loss deduction). "Adjusted current earnings" would include certain tax-exempt interest, including interest on the Bonds.

Ownership of the Bonds may result in collateral federal income tax consequences to certain taxpayers, including, without limitation, corporations subject to the branch profits tax, financial institutions, certain insurance companies, certain S corporations, individual recipients of Social Security or Railroad Retirement benefits and taxpayers who may be deemed to have incurred (or continued) indebtedness to purchase or carry tax-exempt obligations. Prospective purchasers of the Bonds should consult their tax advisors as to applicability of any such collateral consequences.

The issue price (the "Issue Price") for each maturity of the respective series of Bonds is the price at which a substantial amount of such maturity of the Bonds is first sold to the public. The Issue Price of a maturity of the Bonds may be different from the price set forth, or the price corresponding to the yield set forth, on the inside cover pages hereof.

If the Issue Price of a maturity of the Bonds is less than the principal amount payable at maturity, the difference between the Issue Price of each such maturity, if any, of the Bonds (the "OID Bonds") and the principal amount payable at maturity is original issue discount.

For an investor who purchases an OID Bond in the initial public offering at the Issue Price for such series and maturity and who holds such OID Bond to its stated maturity, subject to the condition that the Village complies with the covenants discussed above, (a) the full amount of original issue discount with respect to such OID Bond constitutes interest which is excludable from the gross income of the owner thereof for federal income tax purposes; (b) such owner will not realize taxable capital gain or market discount upon payment of such OID Bond at its stated maturity; (c) such original issue discount is not included as an item of tax preference in computing the alternative minimum tax for individuals and corporations under the Code, but is taken into account in computing an adjustment used in determining the alternative minimum tax for certain corporations under the Code, as described above; and (d) the accretion of original issue discount in each year may result in an alternative minimum tax liability for corporations or certain other collateral federal income tax consequences in each year even though a corresponding cash payment may not be received until a later year. Based upon the stated position of the Illinois Department of Revenue under Illinois income tax law, accreted original issue discount on such OID Bonds is subject to taxation as it accretes, even though there may not be a corresponding cash payment until a later year. Owners of OID Bonds should consult their own tax advisors with respect to the state and local tax consequences of original issue discount on such OID Bonds.

Owners of Bonds who dispose of Bonds prior to the stated maturity (whether by sale, redemption or otherwise), purchase Bonds in the initial public offering, but at a price different from the Issue Price or purchase Bonds subsequent to the initial public offering should consult their own tax advisors.

If a Bond is purchased at any time for a price that is less than the Bond's stated redemption price at maturity or, in the case of an OID Bond, its Issue Price plus accreted original issue discount (the "Revised Issue Price"), the purchaser will be treated as having purchased a Bond with market discount subject to the market discount rules of the Code (unless a statutory *de minimis* rule applies). Accrued market discount is treated as taxable ordinary income and is recognized when a Bond is disposed of (to the extent such accrued discount does not exceed gain realized) or, at the purchaser's election, as it accrues. Such treatment would apply to any purchaser who purchases an OID Bond for a price that is less than its Revised Issue Price. The applicability of the market discount rules may adversely affect the liquidity or secondary market price of such Bond. Purchasers should consult their own tax advisors regarding the potential implications of market discount with respect to the Bonds.

An investor may purchase a Bond at a price in excess of its stated principal amount. Such excess is characterized for federal income tax purposes as "bond premium" and must be amortized by an investor on a constant yield basis over the remaining term of the Bond in a manner that takes into account potential call dates and call prices. An investor cannot deduct amortized bond premium relating to a tax-exempt bond. The amortized bond premium is treated as a reduction in the tax-exempt interest received. As bond premium is amortized, it reduces the investor's basis in the Bond. Investors who purchase a Bond at a premium should consult their own tax advisors regarding the amortization of bond premium and its effect on the Bond's basis for purposes of computing gain or loss in connection with the sale, exchange, redemption or early retirement of the Bond.

There are or may be pending in the Congress of the United States legislative proposals, including some that carry retroactive effective dates, that, if enacted, could alter or amend the federal tax matters referred to above or affect the market value of the Bonds. It cannot be predicted whether or in what form any such proposal might be enacted or whether, if enacted, it would apply to bonds issued prior to enactment. Prospective purchasers of the Bonds should consult their own tax advisors regarding any pending or proposed federal tax legislation. Bond Counsel expresses no opinion regarding any pending or proposed federal tax legislation.

The Internal Revenue Service (the "Service") has an ongoing program of auditing tax-exempt obligations to determine whether, in the view of the Service, interest on such tax-exempt obligations is includible in the gross income of the owners thereof for federal income tax purposes. It cannot be predicted whether or not the Service will commence an audit of the Bonds. If an audit is commenced, under current procedures the Service may treat the Village as a taxpayer and the Bondholders may have no right to participate in such procedure. The commencement of an audit could adversely affect the market value and liquidity of the Bonds until the audit is concluded, regardless of the ultimate outcome.

Payments of interest on, and proceeds of the sale, redemption or maturity of, tax-exempt obligations, including the Bonds, are in certain cases required to be reported to the Service. Additionally, backup withholding may apply to any such payments to any Bond owner who fails to provide an accurate Form W-9 Request for Taxpayer Identification Number and Certification, or a substantially identical form, or to any Bond owner who is notified by the Service of a failure to report any interest or dividends required to be shown on federal income tax returns. The reporting and backup withholding requirements do not affect the excludability of such interest from gross income for federal tax purposes.

Interest on the Bonds is not exempt from present State of Illinois income taxes. Ownership of the Bonds may result in other state and local tax consequences to certain taxpayers. Bond Counsel expresses no opinion regarding any such collateral consequences arising with respect to the Bonds. Prospective purchasers of the Bonds should consult their tax advisors regarding the applicability of any such state and local taxes.

QUALIFIED TAX-EXEMPT OBLIGATIONS

Subject to the Village's compliance with certain covenants, in the opinion of Bond Counsel, the Bonds are "qualified tax-exempt obligations" under the small issuer exception provided under Section 265(b)(3) of the Code, which affords banks and certain other financial institutions more favorable treatment of their deduction for interest expense than would otherwise be allowed under Section 265(b)(2) of the Code.

CONTINUING DISCLOSURE

The Village will enter into a Continuing Disclosure Undertaking (the "Undertaking") for the benefit of the beneficial owners of the Bonds to send certain information annually and to provide notice of certain events to the Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board (the "MSRB") pursuant to the requirements of Section (b)(5) of Rule 15c2-12 (the "Rule") adopted by the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "Commission") under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. No person, other than the Village, has undertaken, or is otherwise expected, to provide continuing disclosure with respect to the Bonds. The information to be provided on an annual basis, the events which will be noticed on an occurrence basis and a summary of other terms of the Undertaking, including termination, amendment and remedies, are set forth below under "**THE UNDERTAKING.**"

A failure by the Village to comply with the Undertaking will not constitute a default under the Bond Ordinance and beneficial owners of the Bonds are limited to the remedies described in the Undertaking. See “**THE UNDERTAKING - Consequences of Failure of the Village to Provide Information.**” The Village must report any failure to comply with the Undertaking in accordance with the Rule. Any broker, dealer or municipal securities dealer must consider such report before recommending the purchase or sale of the Bonds in the secondary market. Consequently, such a failure may adversely affect the transferability and liquidity of the Bonds and their market price.

THE UNDERTAKING

The following is a brief summary of certain provisions of the Undertaking of the Village and does not purport to be complete. The statements made under this caption are subject to the detailed provisions of the Undertaking, a copy of which is available upon request from the Village.

Annual Financial Information Disclosure

The Village covenants that it will disseminate its Annual Financial Information and its Audited Financial Statements, if any (as described below) to the MSRB in such manner and format and accompanied by identifying information as is prescribed by the MSRB or the Commission at the time of delivery of such information within 210 days after the last day of the Village’s fiscal year (currently April 30). If Audited Financial Statements are not available when the Annual Financial Information is filed, the Village will file unaudited financial statements. At present, such dissemination is made through the MSRB’s Electronic Municipal Market Access System, referred to as EMMA (“EMMA”). MSRB Rule G-32 requires all EMMA filings to be in word-searchable PDF format. This requirement extends to all documents to be filed with EMMA, including financial statements and other externally prepared reports.

“Annual Financial Information” means:

1. The table under the heading of “**Retailers’ Occupation, Service Occupation and Use Tax**” within this Final Official Statement;
2. All of the tables under the heading “**PROPERTY ASSESSMENT AND TAX INFORMATION**” within this Final Official Statement;
3. All of the tables under the heading “**DEBT INFORMATION**” within this Final Official Statement; and
4. All of the tables under the heading “**FINANCIAL INFORMATION**” (**Excluding Budget and Interim Financial Information**) within this Final Official Statement.

“Audited Financial Statements” means financial statements of the Village as audited annually by independent certified public accountants. Audited Financial Statements are expected to continue to be prepared according to Generally Accepted Accounting Principles as applicable to governmental units (i.e., as subject to the pronouncements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board and subject to any express requirements of State law).

Reportable Events Disclosure

The Village covenants that it will disseminate in a timely manner (not in excess of ten business days after the occurrence of the Reportable Event) Reportable Events Disclosure to the MSRB in such manner and format and accompanied by identifying information as is prescribed by the MSRB or the Commission at the time of delivery of such information. MSRB Rule G-32 requires all EMMA filings to be in word-searchable PDF format. This requirement extends to all documents to be filed with EMMA, including financial statements and other externally prepared reports. The "Events" are:

1. Principal and interest payment delinquencies
2. Non-payment related defaults, if material
3. Unscheduled draws on debt service reserves reflecting financial difficulties
4. Unscheduled draws on credit enhancements reflecting financial difficulties
5. Substitution of credit or liquidity providers, or their failure to perform
6. Adverse tax opinions, the issuance by the Internal Revenue Service of proposed or final determinations of taxability, Notices of Proposed Issue (IRS Form 5701-TEB) or other material notices or determinations with respect to the tax status of the security, or other material events affecting the tax status of the security
7. Modifications to the rights of security holders, if material
8. Bond calls, if material, and tender offers
9. Defeasances
10. Release, substitution or sale of property securing repayment of the securities, if material
11. Rating changes
12. Bankruptcy, insolvency, receivership or similar event of the Village *
13. The consummation of a merger, consolidation, or acquisition involving the Village or the sale of all or substantially all of the assets of the Village, other than in the ordinary course of business, the entry into a definitive agreement to undertake such an action or the termination of a definitive agreement relating to any such actions, other than pursuant to its terms, if material
14. Appointment of a successor or additional trustee or the change of name of a trustee, if material.

Consequences of Failure of the Village to Provide Information

The Village shall give notice in a timely manner to the MSRB of any failure to provide disclosure of Annual Financial Information and Audited Financial Statements when the same are due under the Undertaking.

In the event of a failure of the Village to comply with any provision of the Undertaking, the beneficial owner of any Bond may seek mandamus or specific performance by court order, to cause the Village to comply with its obligations under the Undertaking. A default under the Undertaking shall not be deemed a default under the Bond Ordinance, and the sole remedy under the Undertaking in the event of any failure of the Village to comply with the Undertaking shall be an action to compel performance.

* This event is considered to occur when any of the following occur: the appointment of a receiver, fiscal agent or similar officer for the Village in a proceeding under the U.S. Bankruptcy Code or in any other proceeding under state or federal law in which a court or governmental authority has assumed jurisdiction over substantially all of the assets or business of the Village, or if such jurisdiction has been assumed by leaving the existing governing body and officials or officers in possession but subject to the supervision and orders of a court or governmental authority, or the entry of an order confirming a plan of reorganization, arrangement or liquidation by a court or governmental authority having supervision or jurisdiction over substantially all of the assets or business of the Village.

Amendment; Waiver

Notwithstanding any other provision of the Undertaking, the Village by resolution or ordinance authorizing such amendment or waiver, may amend the Undertaking, and any provision of the Undertaking may be waived, if:

(a) (i) The amendment or the waiver is made in connection with a change in circumstances that arises from a change in legal requirements, including, without limitation, pursuant to a “no-action” letter issued by the Commission, a change in law, or a change in the identity, nature, or status of the Village, or type of business conducted; or

(ii) The Undertaking, as amended, or the provision, as waived, would have complied with the requirements of the Rule at the time of the primary offering, after taking into account any amendments or interpretations of the Rule, as well as any change in circumstances; and

(b) The amendment or waiver does not materially impair the interests of the beneficial owners of the Bonds, as determined by parties unaffiliated with the Village (such as Bond Counsel).

In the event that the Commission or the MSRB or other regulatory authority approves or requires Annual Financial Information or notices of a Reportable Event to be filed with a central post office, governmental agency or similar entity other than the MSRB or in lieu of the MSRB, the Village shall, if required, make such dissemination to such central post office, governmental agency or similar entity without the necessity of amending the Undertaking.

Termination of Undertaking

The Undertaking shall be terminated if the Village shall no longer have any legal liability for any obligation on or relating to repayment of the Bonds under the Bond Ordinance. The Village shall give notice to the MSRB in a timely manner if this paragraph is applicable.

Additional Information

Nothing in the Undertaking shall be deemed to prevent the Village from disseminating any other information, using the means of dissemination set forth in the Undertaking or any other means of communication, or including any other information in any Annual Financial Information or Audited Financial Statements or notice of occurrence of a Reportable Event, in addition to that which is required by the Undertaking. If the Village chooses to include any information from any document or notice of occurrence of a Reportable Event in addition to that which is specifically required by the Undertaking, the Village shall have no obligation under the Undertaking to update such information or include it in any future disclosure or notice of occurrence of a Reportable Event.

Dissemination of Information; Dissemination Agent

When filings are required to be made with the MSRB in accordance with the Undertaking, such filings are required to be made through EMMA for municipal securities disclosure or through any other electronic format or system prescribed by the MSRB for purposes of the Rule.

The Village may, from time to time, appoint or engage a Dissemination Agent to assist it in carrying out its obligations under the Undertaking, and may discharge any such Agent, with or without appointing a successor Dissemination Agent.

OPTIONAL REDEMPTION

The 2015A Bonds

The 2015A Bonds due March 30, 2017-2024, inclusive, are not subject to optional redemption. The 2015A Bonds due March 30, 2027-2034, inclusive, are subject to redemption at the option of the Village in whole or in part on any date on or after March 30, 2024, at a price of par and accrued interest. If less than all the 2015A Bonds are called, they shall be redeemed in such principal amounts and from such maturities as determined by the Village and within any maturity by lot.

The Bond Registrar will give notice of redemption, identifying the 2015A Bonds (or portions thereof) to be redeemed, by mailing a copy of the redemption notice by first class mail not less than thirty (30) days nor more than sixty (60) days prior to the date fixed for redemption to the registered owner of each 2015A Bond (or portion thereof) to be redeemed at the address shown on the registration books maintained by the Bond Registrar. Unless moneys sufficient to pay the redemption price of the 2015A Bonds to be redeemed are received by the Bond Registrar prior to the giving of such notice of redemption, such notice may, at the option of the Village, state that said redemption will be conditional upon the receipt of such moneys by the Bond Registrar on or prior to the date fixed for redemption. If such moneys are not received, such notice will be of no force and effect, the Village will not redeem such 2015A Bonds, and the Bond Registrar will give notice, in the same manner in which the notice of redemption has been given, that such moneys were not so received and that such 2015A Bonds will not be redeemed. Otherwise, prior to any redemption date, the Village will deposit with the Bond Registrar an amount of money sufficient to pay the redemption price of all the 2015A Bonds or portions of 2015A Bonds which are to be redeemed on the date.

Subject to the provisions for a conditional redemption described above, notice of redemption having been given as described above and in the Bond Ordinance, the 2015A Bonds or portions of 2015A Bonds so to be redeemed will, on the redemption date, become due and payable at the redemption price therein specified, and from and after such date (unless the Village shall default in the payment of the redemption price) such 2015A Bonds or portions of 2015A Bonds shall cease to bear interest. Upon surrender of such 2015A Bonds for redemption in accordance with said notice, such 2015A Bonds will be paid by the Bond Registrar at the redemption price.

The 2015B Bonds

The 2015B Bonds due December 30, 2016-2023, inclusive, are not subject to optional redemption. The 2015B Bonds due December 30, 2024-2026, inclusive, are subject to redemption at the option of the Village in whole or in part on any date on or after December 30, 2023, at a price of par and accrued interest. If less than all the 2015B Bonds are called, they shall be redeemed in such principal amounts and from such maturities as determined by the Village and within any maturity by lot.

The Bond Registrar will give notice of redemption, identifying the 2015B Bonds (or portions thereof) to be redeemed, by mailing a copy of the redemption notice by first class mail not less than thirty (30) days nor more than sixty (60) days prior to the date fixed for redemption to the registered owner of each 2015B Bond (or portion thereof) to be redeemed at the address shown on the registration books maintained by the Bond Registrar. Unless moneys sufficient to pay the redemption price of the 2015B Bonds to be redeemed are received by the Bond Registrar prior to the giving of such notice of redemption, such notice may, at the option of the Village, state that said redemption will be conditional upon the receipt of such moneys by the Bond Registrar on or prior to the date fixed for redemption. If such moneys are not received, such notice will be of no force and effect, the Village will not redeem such 2015B Bonds, and the Bond Registrar will give notice, in the same manner in which the notice of redemption has been given, that such moneys were not so received and that such 2015B Bonds will not be redeemed. Otherwise, prior to any redemption date, the Village will deposit with the Bond Registrar an amount of money sufficient to pay the redemption price of all the 2015B Bonds or portions of 2015B Bonds which are to be redeemed on the date.

Subject to the provisions for a conditional redemption described above, notice of redemption having been given as described above and in the Bond Ordinance, the 2015B Bonds or portions of 2015B Bonds so to be redeemed will, on the redemption date, become due and payable at the redemption price therein specified, and from and after such date (unless the Village shall default in the payment of the redemption price) such 2015B Bonds or portions of 2015B Bonds shall cease to bear interest. Upon surrender of such 2015B Bonds for redemption in accordance with said notice, such 2015B Bonds will be paid by the Bond Registrar at the redemption price.

MANDATORY REDEMPTION – THE 2015A BONDS

The 2015A Bonds maturing on March 30, 2027, are subject to mandatory redemption, in part by lot, on March 30, 2025-2026, consisting of sinking fund payments at redemption prices equal to the principal amounts as set forth below:

<u>Year</u>	<u>Principal Amount</u>
2025.....	\$80,000
2026.....	85,000

The final principal amount of the 2015A Bonds maturing on March 30, 2027, is \$85,000.

The 2015A Bonds maturing on March 30, 2030, are subject to mandatory redemption, in part by lot, on March 30, 2028-2029, consisting of sinking fund payments at redemption prices equal to the principal amounts as set forth below:

<u>Year</u>	<u>Principal Amount</u>
2028.....	\$90,000
2029.....	90,000

The final principal amount of the 2015A Bonds maturing on March 30, 2030, is \$95,000.

The 2015A Bonds maturing on March 30, 2032, are subject to mandatory redemption, in part by lot, on March 30, 2031, consisting of sinking fund payments at redemption prices equal to the principal amounts as set forth below:

<u>Year</u>	<u>Principal Amount</u>
2031.....	\$95,000

The final principal amount of the 2015A Bonds maturing on March 30, 2032, is \$100,000.

The 2015A Bonds maturing on March 30, 2034, are subject to mandatory redemption, in part by lot, on March 30, 2033, consisting of sinking fund payments at redemption prices equal to the principal amounts as set forth below:

<u>Year</u>	<u>Principal Amount</u>
2033.....	\$105,000

The final principal amount of the 2015A Bonds maturing on March 30, 2034, is \$105,000.

All of the 2015A Bonds subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption shall be redeemed at a redemption price equal to the principal amount thereof to be redeemed. The 2015A Bond Registrar is authorized and directed to mail notice of mandatory sinking fund redemption of the 2015A Bonds in the manner provided in the 2015A Bond Ordinance.

Whenever the 2015A Bonds subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption are redeemed at the option of the Village, the principal amount thereof so redeemed shall be credited against the unsatisfied balance of further sinking fund installments or final maturity amount established with respect to such 2015A Bonds, in such amount and against such installments or final maturity amount as shall be determined by the Village in the proceedings authorizing such optional redemption or, in the absence of such determination, shall be credited against the unsatisfied balance of the applicable sinking fund installments next ensuing, and with respect to which notice of redemption has not yet been given.

The Registrar will give notice of redemption, identifying the 2015A Bonds (or portions thereof) to be redeemed, by mailing a copy of the redemption notice by first class mail not less than thirty (30) days nor more than sixty (60) days prior to the date fixed for redemption to the registered owner of each 2015A Bond (or portion thereof) to be redeemed at the address shown on the registration books maintained by the Registrar. Failure to give such notice by mail to any registered owner of the 2015A Bonds (or portion thereof) or any defect therein shall not affect the validity of any proceedings for the redemption of other 2015A Bonds (or portions thereof). All 2015A Bonds (or portions thereof) so called for redemption will cease to bear interest after the specified redemption date, provided funds for their redemption are on deposit at the place of payment at that time.

LITIGATION

There is no litigation of any nature now pending or threatened restraining or enjoining the issuance, sale, execution or delivery of the Bonds, or in any way contesting or affecting the validity of the Bonds or any proceedings of the Village taken with respect to the issuance or sale thereof. There is no litigation now pending, or to the knowledge of the Village, threatened against the Village that is expected to materially impact the financial condition of the Village.

CERTAIN LEGAL MATTERS

Certain legal matters incident to the authorization, issuance and sale of the Bonds are subject to the approving legal opinion of Chapman and Cutler LLP, Chicago, Illinois, as Bond Counsel, who has been retained by, and acts as, Bond Counsel to the Village. Bond Counsel has not been retained or consulted on disclosure matters and has not undertaken to review or verify the accuracy, completeness or sufficiency of this Final Official Statement or other offering material relating to the Bonds and assumes no responsibility for the statements or information contained in or incorporated by reference in this Final Official Statement, except that in its capacity as Bond Counsel, Chapman and Cutler LLP has, at the request of the Village, reviewed only those portions of this Final Official Statement involving the description of the Bonds, the security for the Bonds (excluding forecasts, projections, estimates or any other financial or economic information in connection therewith), the description of the federal tax exemption of the interest on the Bonds and the “bank-qualified” status of the Bonds. This review was undertaken solely at the request and for the benefit of the Village and did not include any obligation to establish or confirm factual matters set forth herein.

FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT AUTHORIZATION

This Final Official Statement has been authorized for distribution to prospective purchasers of the Bonds. All statements, information, and statistics herein are believed to be correct but are not guaranteed by the consultants or by the Village, and all expressions of opinion, whether or not so stated, are intended only as such.

INVESTMENT RATING

The Bonds have been rated AAA (Stable) by Standard & Poor’s, a Division of the McGraw-Hill Companies, New York, New York. The Village has supplied certain information and material concerning the Bonds and the Village to the rating service shown on the cover page, including certain information and materials which may not have been included in this Final Official Statement, as part of its application for an investment rating on the Bonds. A rating reflects only the views of the rating agency assigning such rating and an explanation of the significance of such rating may be obtained from such rating agency. Generally, such rating service bases its rating on such information and material, and also on such investigations, studies and assumptions that it may undertake independently. There is no assurance that such rating will continue for any given period of time or that it may not be lowered or withdrawn entirely by such rating service if, in its judgment, circumstances so warrant. Any such downward change in or withdrawal of such rating may have an adverse effect on the secondary market price of the Bonds. An explanation of the significance of the investment rating may be obtained from the rating agency: Standard & Poor’s Corporation, 55 Water Street, New York, New York 10041, telephone 212-438-2000. The Village will provide appropriate periodic credit information to the rating service to maintain a rating on the Bonds.

DEFEASANCE

The Bonds are subject to legal defeasance by the irrevocable deposit of full faith and credit obligations of the United States of America, obligations the timely payment of which are guaranteed by the United States Treasury, or certificates of participation in a trust comprised solely of full faith and credit obligations of the United States of America (collectively, the “Government Obligations”) with a bank or trust company acting as escrow agent. Any such deposit must be of sufficient amount that the receipts from the Government Obligations plus any cash on deposit will be sufficient to pay debt service on the Bonds when due or as called for redemption.

UNDERWRITING

The 2015A Bonds

The 2015A Bonds were offered for sale by the Village at a public, competitive sale on October 20, 2015. The best bid submitted at the sale was submitted by Robert W. Baird & Co., Inc., Milwaukee, Wisconsin (the “2015A Underwriter”). The Village awarded the contract for sale of the 2015A Bonds to the 2015A Underwriter at a price of \$2,033,793.29. The 2015A Underwriter has represented to the Village that the 2015A Bonds have been subsequently re-offered to the public initially at the yields or prices set forth in the Final Official Statement.

The 2015B Bonds

The 2015B Bonds were offered for sale by the Village at a public, competitive sale on October 20, 2015. The best bid submitted at the sale was submitted by Raymond James & Associates, Inc., Dallas, Texas (the “2015B Underwriter”). The Village awarded the contract for sale of the 2015B Bonds to the 2015B Underwriter at a price of \$5,366,054.42. The 2015B Underwriter has represented to the Village that the 2015B Bonds have been subsequently re-offered to the public initially at the yields or prices set forth in the Final Official Statement.

MUNICIPAL ADVISOR

The Village has engaged Speer Financial, Inc. as municipal advisor (the “Municipal Advisor”) in connection with the issuance and sale of the Bonds. The Municipal Advisor is a Registered Municipal Advisor in accordance with the rules of the MSRB. The Municipal Advisor will not participate in the underwriting of the Bonds. The financial information included in the Final Official Statement has been compiled by the Municipal Advisor. Such information does not purport to be a review, audit or certified forecast of future events and may not conform with accounting principles applicable to compilations of financial information. The Municipal Advisor is not a firm of certified public accountants and does not serve in that capacity or provide accounting services in connection with the Bonds. The Municipal Advisor is not obligated to undertake any independent verification of or to assume any responsibility for the accuracy, completeness or fairness of the information contained in this Final Official Statement, nor is the Municipal Advisor obligated by the Village’s continuing disclosure undertaking.

CERTIFICATION

We have examined this Final Official Statement dated October 20, 2015, for the \$2,005,000 General Obligation Bonds, Series 2015A and the \$5,255,000 General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2015B, believe it to be true and correct and will provide to the purchaser of the Bonds at the time of delivery a certificate confirming to the purchaser that to the best of our knowledge and belief information in the Official Statement was at the time of acceptance of the bid for the Bonds and, including any addenda thereto, was at the time of delivery of the Bonds true and correct in all material respects and does not include any untrue statement of a material fact, nor does it omit the statement of any material fact required to be stated therein, or necessary to make the statements therein, in the light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading.

/s/ **LAURENCE M. NAKRIN**
Village Treasurer
Village of Vernon Hills
Lake County, Illinois

/s/ **ROGER BYRNE**
President
Village of Vernon Hills
Lake County, Illinois

APPENDIX A

VILLAGE OF VERNON HILLS, LAKE COUNTY, ILLINOIS

EXCERPTS OF FISCAL YEAR 2015 AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

VILLAGE OF VERNON HILLS, ILLINOIS

Statement of Net Position
April 30, 2015

I-V

	Governmental Activities	Business- Type Activities	Total
ASSETS			
Current Assets			
Cash and Investments	\$ 29,262,747	-	29,262,747
Receivables - Net of Allowances			
Taxes	5,662,085	-	5,662,085
Accounts	308,101	-	308,101
Accrued Interest	121,434	-	121,434
Prepays/Inventory	458,220	20,207	478,427
Internal Balances	230,771	(230,771)	-
Due from Other Governments	953,812	-	953,812
Total Current Assets	36,997,170	(210,564)	36,786,606
Noncurrent Assets			
Capital Assets			
Nondepreciable Capital Assets	5,030,032	302,282	5,332,314
Depreciable Capital Assets	162,082,564	2,127,467	164,210,031
	167,112,596	2,429,749	169,542,345
Accumulated Depreciation	(65,169,254)	(1,908,038)	(67,077,292)
	101,943,342	521,711	102,465,053
Other Assets			
Net Pension Asset	193,372	-	193,372
Total Noncurrent Assets	102,136,714	521,711	102,658,425
Total Assets	139,133,884	311,147	139,445,031

	Governmental Activities	Business- Type Activities	Total
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities			
Accounts Payable	\$ 979,829	6,648	986,477
Accrued Payroll	330,473	-	330,473
Accrued Interest Payable	215,429	-	215,429
Deposits Payable	872,938	-	872,938
Other Payables	1,531,424	9,930	1,541,354
Compensated Absences Payable	286,842	-	286,842
Current Portion of Long-Term Debt	645,000	-	645,000
Total Current Liabilities	4,861,935	16,578	4,878,513
Noncurrent Liabilities			
Compensated Absences Payable	1,147,370	-	1,147,370
Other Postemployment Benefit Payable	160,261	-	160,261
General Obligation Bonds Payable	14,575,000	-	14,575,000
TIF Revenue Bonds/Notes Payable	6,455,000	-	6,455,000
Alternate Revenue Bonds Payable	1,115,000	-	1,115,000
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	23,452,631	-	23,452,631
Total Liabilities	28,314,566	16,578	28,331,144
NET POSITION			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	82,205,307	521,711	82,727,018
Restricted - Public Safety	461,250	-	461,250
Restricted - Tax Increment District	646,402	-	646,402
Restricted - Streets and Roads	1,860,876	-	1,860,876
Restricted - Capital	100,000	-	100,000
Restricted - Construction	3,323,130	-	3,323,130
Unrestricted	22,222,353	(227,142)	21,995,211
Total Net Position	110,819,318	294,569	111,113,887

VILLAGE OF VERNON HILLS, ILLINOIS

Statement of Activities
For the Year Ended April 30, 2015

	Program Revenues				Net Expense/Revenue		
	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants/Contributions	Capital Grants/Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
Primary Government							
Governmental Activities							
General Government	\$ 5,105,742	2,326,412	-	-	(2,779,330)	-	(2,779,330)
Public Safety	11,202,863	1,288,454	-	-	(9,914,409)	-	(9,914,409)
Streets and Roads	8,427,086	-	847,934	-	(7,575,250)	-	(7,575,250)
Culture and Recreation	258,590	300,789	-	3,902	67,199	-	67,199
Interest on Long-Term Debt	852,718	-	-	-	(852,718)	-	(852,718)
Total Governmental Activities	25,846,999	3,915,655	847,934	28,902	(21,054,508)	-	(21,054,508)
Business-Type Activities							
Golf Course	518,417	449,077	-	-	-	(69,340)	(69,340)
Total Primary Government	26,365,416	4,364,732	847,934	28,902	(21,054,508)	(69,340)	(21,123,848)
General Revenues							
Taxes							
Utility Tax					1,345,000	-	1,345,000
Home Rule Sales Tax					727,413	-	727,413
Hotel/Motel Tax					369,509	-	369,509
911 Surcharge Tax					325,797	-	325,797
Road and Bridge Tax					201,923	-	201,923
Telecommunication Tax					1,117,728	-	1,117,728
Tax Increment Tax					1,174,513	-	1,174,513
Other Taxes					581,480	-	581,480
Intergovernmental - Unrestricted							
Sales Tax					11,426,650	-	11,426,650
State Income Tax					2,530,028	-	2,530,028
Interest Income					295,485	13	295,498
Miscellaneous					55,764	-	55,764
					20,151,290	13	20,151,303
Change in Net Position					(903,218)	(69,327)	(972,545)
Net Position - Beginning					111,722,536	363,896	112,086,432
Net Position - Ending					110,819,318	294,569	111,113,887

VILLAGE OF VERNON HILLS, ILLINOIS

Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds
April 30, 2015

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	General	Motor Fuel Tax	Tax Increment	Dispatch Center	VHAC Site Development	Bond Construction	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS							
Cash and Investments	\$ 20,870,994	1,825,490	1,314,351	244,100	-	3,551,134	27,805,069
Receivables - Net of Allowances							
Taxes	5,521,834	58,408	-	81,843	-	-	5,662,085
Accounts	46,796	-	-	147,637	-	-	194,433
Accrued Interest	119,383	-	2,051	-	-	-	121,434
Other	110,387	-	-	-	-	-	110,387
Prepays	458,220	-	-	-	-	-	458,220
Due from Other Governments	953,812	-	-	-	-	-	953,812
Due from Other Funds	234,052	-	-	-	100,000	-	334,052
Total Assets	28,315,478	1,883,898	1,316,402	473,580	100,000	3,551,134	35,640,492
LIABILITIES							
Accounts Payable	662,989	23,022	-	65,814	-	228,004	979,829
Accrued Payroll	289,219	-	-	41,254	-	-	330,473
Deposits Payable	872,938	-	-	-	-	-	872,938
Due to Other Funds	100,000	-	670,000	-	-	-	770,000
Other Payables	2,541,261	-	-	-	-	-	2,541,261
Total Liabilities	4,466,407	23,022	670,000	107,068	-	228,004	5,494,501
FUND BALANCES							
Nonspendable	458,220	-	-	-	-	-	458,220
Restricted	94,738	1,860,876	646,402	366,512	100,000	3,323,130	6,391,658
Committed	14,075	-	-	-	-	-	14,075
Unassigned	23,282,038	-	-	-	-	-	23,282,038
Total Fund Balances	23,849,071	1,860,876	646,402	366,512	100,000	3,323,130	30,145,991
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	28,315,478	1,883,898	1,316,402	473,580	100,000	3,551,134	35,640,492

VILLAGE OF VERNON HILLS, ILLINOIS

Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balance to
Net Position of Governmental Activities

April 30, 2015

Total Governmental Fund Balances \$ 30,145,991

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position
are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial
resources and therefore, are not reported in the funds. 101,943,342
Less: Internal Service Capital Assets (422,670)

A net pension asset is not considered to represent a financial resource and
therefore, is not reported in the funds. 193,372

Internal service funds are used by the Village to charge the costs of
vehicle and equipment management to individual funds.
The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in the
governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position. 2,549,348

Revenues not available to pay for current period expenditures
are deferred in the funds. 1,009,837

Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current
period and therefore, are not reported in the funds.
General Obligation Bonds Payable (14,960,000)
Revenue Bonds/Notes Payable (6,715,000)
Alternate Revenue Source Bonds Payable (1,115,000)
Compensated Absences Payable (1,434,212)
Other Post-Employment Benefit Obligation Payable (160,261)
Accrued Interest Payable (215,429)

Net Position of Governmental Activities 110,819,318

VILLAGE OF VERNON HILLS, ILLINOIS

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes
in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds
For the Year Ended April 30, 2015

See Following Page

VILLAGE OF VERNON HILLS, ILLINOIS

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in
Fund Balances - Governmental Funds
For the Year Ended April 30, 2015

	General	Motor Fuel Tax	Tax Increment	Dispatch Center	VHAC Site Development	Bond Construction	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues							
Taxes	\$ 6,873,081	-	1,174,513	325,797	-	-	8,373,391
Intergovernmental	11,014,078	847,934	-	-	-	-	11,862,012
Licenses and Permits	1,332,717	-	-	-	-	-	1,332,717
Charges for Services	1,294,484	-	-	917,681	-	-	2,212,165
Fines and Forfeits	370,773	-	-	-	-	-	370,773
Interest	283,420	8,956	181	2,743	-	185	295,485
Miscellaneous	55,764	-	-	-	-	-	55,764
Total Revenues	21,224,317	856,890	1,174,694	1,246,221	-	185	24,502,307
Expenditures							
Current							
General Government	3,842,991	-	-	-	-	-	3,842,991
Public Safety	8,476,242	-	-	2,456,020	-	-	10,932,262
Streets and Roads	4,699,605	1,183,406	-	-	-	-	5,883,011
Culture and Recreation	258,590	-	-	-	-	-	258,590
Capital Outlay	630,907	-	-	-	-	478,035	1,108,942
Debt Service	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Principals Retirement	1,525,000	-	195,000	-	-	-	1,720,000
Interest and Fiscal Charges	166,658	-	615,226	-	-	26,594	808,478
Total Expenditures	19,599,993	1,183,406	810,226	2,456,020	-	504,629	24,554,274
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	1,624,324	(326,516)	364,468	(1,209,799)	-	(504,444)	(51,967)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Debt Issuance	1,115,000	-	995,000	-	-	3,520,000	5,630,000
Payment to Escrow Agent	(1,132,163)	-	(1,010,316)	-	-	-	(2,142,479)
Transfers In	-	-	117,451	1,379,727	-	307,574	1,804,752
Transfers Out	(1,804,752)	-	-	-	-	-	(1,804,752)
	(1,821,915)	-	102,135	1,379,727	-	3,827,574	3,487,521
Net Change in Fund Balances	(197,591)	(326,516)	466,603	169,928	-	3,323,130	3,435,554
Fund Balances - Beginning	24,046,662	2,187,392	179,799	196,584	100,000	-	26,710,437
Fund Balances - Ending	23,849,071	1,860,876	646,402	366,512	100,000	3,323,130	30,145,991

VILLAGE OF VERNON HILLS, ILLINOIS

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

For the Year Ended April 30, 2015

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ 3,435,554
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.	
Capital Outlays	761,987
Depreciation Expense	(3,708,372)
Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.	441,474
An increase in a net pension asset is not considered to be an increase in a financial asset in the governmental funds.	6,817
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal on long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of the governmental funds.	
Issuance of Long-Term Debt	(5,630,000)
Retirement of Long-Term Debt	3,820,000
Additions to Compensated Absences Payable	(121,659)
Additions to Other Post-Employment Benefit Obligation Payable	(23,154)
Changes to accrued interest on long-term debt in the Statement of Activities does not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.	(1,761)
Internal service funds are used by the Village to charge the costs of liability insurance and vehicle and equipment management to individual funds. The net revenue of certain activities of internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.	115,896
Changes in Net Position of Governmental Activities	<u>(903,218)</u>

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VILLAGE OF VERNON HILLS, ILLINOIS

Statement of Net Position - Proprietary Funds
April 30, 2015

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise	Governmental Activities - Internal Service
	Golf Course	Equipment Replacement
ASSETS		
Current Assets		
Cash and Investments	\$ -	1,456,678
Inventory	18,688	-
Due from Other Funds	-	670,000
Prepays	1,519	-
Total Current Assets	<u>20,207</u>	<u>2,126,678</u>
Noncurrent Assets		
Capital Assets		
Nondepreciable Capital Assets	302,282	-
Depreciable Capital Assets	2,127,467	1,784,547
	2,429,749	1,784,547
Accumulated Depreciation	(1,908,038)	(1,361,877)
Total Noncurrent Assets	<u>521,711</u>	<u>422,670</u>
Total Assets	<u>541,918</u>	<u>2,549,348</u>
LIABILITIES		
Current Liabilities		
Accounts Payable	6,648	-
Due to Other Funds	230,771	-
Other Payables	9,930	-
Total Current Liabilities	<u>247,349</u>	<u>-</u>
NET POSITION		
Investment in Capital Assets	521,711	422,670
Unrestricted	(227,142)	2,126,678
Total Net Position	<u>294,569</u>	<u>2,549,348</u>

VILLAGE OF VERNON HILLS, ILLINOIS

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position - Proprietary Funds
For the Year Ended April 30, 2015

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise	Governmental Activities Internal Service Equipment Replacement
Operating Revenues		
Charges for Services	\$ 449,077	210,226
Operating Expenses		
Operations	453,195	17,414
Depreciation	64,694	76,916
Total Operating Expenses	517,889	94,330
Operating Income (Loss)	(68,812)	115,896
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)		
Interest Income	13	-
Interest Expense	(528)	-
	(515)	-
Change in Net Position	(69,327)	115,896
Net Position - Beginning	363,896	2,433,452
Net Position - Ending	294,569	2,549,348

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VILLAGE OF VERNON HILLS, ILLINOIS

Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Funds
For the Year Ended April 30, 2015

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise	Governmental Activities Internal Service Equipment Replacement
Cash Flows from Operating Activities		
Receipts from Customers and Users	\$ 449,165	640,227
Payments to Suppliers and Employees	(448,650)	(17,414)
	515	622,813
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities		
Interest on Capital Debt	(528)	-
Cash Flows from Investing Activities		
Interest Received	13	-
Net Change in Cash and Cash Equivalents	-	622,813
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning	-	833,865
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Ending	-	1,456,678
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities		
Operating Income (Loss)	(68,812)	115,896
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities:		
Depreciation	64,694	76,916
(Increase) Decrease in Current Assets	88	430,001
Increase (Decrease) in Current Liabilities	4,545	-
	69,327	506,917
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	515	622,813

VILLAGE OF VERNON HILLS, ILLINOIS

Trust and Agency Funds

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position
April 30, 2015

	Pension Trust Police Pension	Agency Development
ASSETS		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 2,940,128	28,217
Investments		
U. S. Government and Agency Securities	1,340,942	-
Municipal Bonds	1,323,604	-
Corporate Bonds	9,161,606	-
Common Stocks	6,230,131	-
Mutual Funds	18,873,449	-
Receivables		
Accrued Interest	51	-
Total Assets	<u>39,869,911</u>	<u>28,217</u>
LIABILITIES		
Liabilities		
Due to Other Funds	3,281	-
Account Payable	1,667	-
Deposits Payable	-	28,217
Total Liabilities	<u>4,948</u>	<u>28,217</u>
NET POSITION		
Held in Trust for Pension Benefits	<u>39,864,963</u>	-

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VILLAGE OF VERNON HILLS, ILLINOIS

Pension Trust Fund - Police Pension

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position
For the Year Ended April 30, 2015

Additions		
Contributions - Employer		\$ 1,433,326
Contributions - Plan Members		424,420
Total Contributions		<u>1,857,746</u>
Investment Income		
Interest Earned		20,381
Net Change in Fair Value		<u>2,579,486</u>
		2,599,867
Less Investment Expenses		(2,300)
Net Investment Income		<u>2,597,567</u>
Total Additions		<u>4,455,313</u>
Deductions		
Administration		73,458
Benefits and Refunds		<u>1,514,416</u>
Total Deductions		<u>1,587,874</u>
Change in Net Position		2,867,439
Net Position - Beginning		<u>36,997,524</u>
Net Position - Ending		<u>39,864,963</u>

VILLAGE OF VERNON HILLS, ILLINOIS

Notes to the Financial Statements
April 30, 2015

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Village of Vernon Hills Illinois, incorporated in 1958, is a municipal corporation governed by an elected president and six-member Board of Trustees. The Village's major operations include police safety, streets and road maintenance and reconstruction, forestry, building code enforcement, public improvements, economic development, planning and zoning, golf services and general administrative services.

The government-wide financial statements are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is responsible for establishing GAAP for state and local governments through its pronouncements (Statements and Interpretations). The more significant of the Village's accounting policies established in GAAP and used by the Village are described below.

REPORTING ENTITY

The Village's financial reporting entity comprises the following:

Primary Government:	Village of Vernon Hills
---------------------	-------------------------

In determining the financial reporting entity, the Village complies with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 61, "The Financial Reporting Omnibus – an Amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34," and includes all component units that have a significant operational or financial relationship with the Village. Based upon the criteria set forth in the GASB Statement No. 61, there are no component units included in the reporting entity.

Police Pension Employees Retirement System

The Village's sworn police employees participate in the Police Pension Employees Retirement System (PPERS). PPERS functions for the benefit of these employees and is governed by a five-member pension board. Two members appointed by the Village's President, one elected pension beneficiary and two elected police employees constitute the pension board.

The participants are required to contribute a percentage of salary as established by state statute and the Village is obligated to fund all remaining PPERS costs based upon actuarial valuations. The State of Illinois is authorized to establish benefit levels and the Village is authorized to approve the actuarial assumptions used in the determination of contribution levels. Although it is legally separate from the Village, the PPERS is reported as if it were part of the primary government because its sole purpose is to provide retirement benefits for the Village's police employees. The PPERS is reported as a fiduciary fund, and specifically a pension trust fund, due to the fiduciary responsibility exercised over the PPERS.

VILLAGE OF VERNON HILLS, ILLINOIS

Notes to the Financial Statements
April 30, 2015

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

BASIS OF PRESENTATION

Government-Wide Statements

The Village's basic financial statements include both government-wide (reporting the Village as a whole) and fund financial statements (reporting the Village's major funds). Both the government-wide and fund financial statements categorize primary activities as either governmental or business type. The Village's police, streets and road maintenance and reconstruction, forestry, building code enforcement, public improvements, economic development, planning and zoning, and general administrative services are classified as governmental activities. The Village's golf course services are classified as business-type activities.

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position, both the governmental and business-type activities columns are: (a) presented on a consolidated basis by column, and (b) reported on a full accrual, economic resource basis, which recognizes all long-term assets/deferred outflows and receivables as well as long-term debt/deferred inflows and obligations. The Village's net position is reported in three parts: net investment in capital assets; restricted; and unrestricted. The Village first utilizes restricted resources to finance qualifying activities.

The government-wide Statement of Activities reports both the gross and net cost of each of the Village's functions and business-type activities (general government, public safety, streets and roads, etc.) The functions are supported by general government revenues (property, sales and use taxes, certain intergovernmental revenues, fines, permits and charges, etc.). The Statement of Activities reduces gross expenses (including depreciation) by related program revenues, which include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment.

The net costs (by function or business-type activity) are normally covered by general revenue (property tax, sales tax, intergovernmental revenues, interest income, etc).

The Village allocates indirect costs to the proprietary funds for personnel who perform administrative services for those funds, along with other indirect costs deemed necessary for their operations, but are paid through the General Fund.

VILLAGE OF VERNON HILLS, ILLINOIS

Notes to the Financial Statements
April 30, 2015

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

BASIS OF PRESENTATION – Continued

Government-Wide Statements – Continued

This government-wide focus is more on the sustainability of the Village as an entity and the change in the Village's net position resulting from the current year's activities.

Fund Financial Statements

The financial transactions of the Village are reported in individual funds in the fund financial statements. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprises its assets/deferred outflows, liabilities/deferred inflows, fund equity, revenues and expenditures/expenses. Funds are organized into three major categories: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary. The emphasis in fund financial statements is on the major funds in either the governmental or business-type activities categories. Nonmajor funds by category are summarized into a single column. GASB Statement No. 34 sets forth minimum criteria (percentage of the assets/deferred outflows, liabilities/deferred inflows, revenues or expenditures/expenses of either fund category or the governmental and enterprise combined) for the determination of major funds. The Village electively added funds, as major funds, which either had debt outstanding or specific community focus. The nonmajor funds are combined in a column in the fund financial statements.

A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the Village or meets the following criteria:

Total assets/deferred outflows, liabilities/deferred inflows, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type; and

Total assets/deferred outflows, liabilities/deferred inflows, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental fund or enterprise fund are at least 5 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined.

The various funds are reported by generic classification within the financial statements. The following fund types are used by the Village:

VILLAGE OF VERNON HILLS, ILLINOIS

Notes to the Financial Statements
April 30, 2015

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

BASIS OF PRESENTATION – Continued

Fund Financial Statements – Continued

Governmental Funds

General fund is the general operating fund of the Village. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The General Fund is a major fund.

Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. The Village maintains three major special revenue funds, the Motor Fuel Tax Fund, the Tax Increment Fund and the Dispatch Center Fund. The Motor Fuel Tax Fund is used to account for the maintenance and construction of streets and roads as approved by the Department of Transportation. Financing is provided by the Village's share of State restricted motor fuel tax funds. The Tax Increment Fund is used to account for the financing of improvements in the Village's Tax Increment Financing Redevelopment Project Area. Financing is being provided by restricted incremental revenues from real property taxes. The Dispatch Center Fund is used to account for the revenues and expenditures related to providing dispatch services. Financing is being provided by a 911 surcharge and charges for services.

Capital projects funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by business-type/proprietary funds). The Village maintains two major capital projects funds, the VHAC Site Development Fund and the Bond Construction Fund. The VHAC Site Development Fund is used to account for the costs to improve a VHAC site located in the center of the Village. The Bond Construction Fund is used to account for the cost of the project to renovate the Police Station.

Proprietary Funds

The focus of proprietary fund measurement is upon determination of operating income, changes in net position, financial position, and cash flows. The generally accepted accounting principles applicable are those similar to businesses in the private sector. The following is a description of the proprietary fund of the Village:

Enterprise funds are required to account for operations for which a fee is charged to external users for goods or services and the activity (a) is financed with debt that is solely secured by a pledge of the net revenues, (b) has third party requirements that the cost of providing services, including capital costs, be recovered with fees and charges or (c) establishes fees and charges based on a pricing policy designed to recover similar costs. The Village maintains one major enterprise fund, the Golf Fund, which is used to account for the transactions of the municipal golf course.

VILLAGE OF VERNON HILLS, ILLINOIS

Notes to the Financial Statements
April 30, 2015

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

BASIS OF PRESENTATION – Continued

Fund Financial Statements – Continued

Proprietary Funds – Continued

Internal service funds are used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by an activity to other departments, funds or component units of the Village on a cost-reimbursement basis. The Village maintains one internal service fund, the Equipment Replacement Fund, which accounts for the accumulation of funds to replace large equipment. Departments are charged for the use of the equipment.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds are used to report assets held in a trustee or agency capacity for others and therefore are not available to support Village programs. The reporting focus is on net position and changes in net position and is reported using accounting principles similar to proprietary funds.

Pension trust funds are used to account for assets held in a trustee capacity for pension benefit payments. The Police Pension Fund accounts for the accumulation of resources to be used for disability and retirement annuity payments to employees covered by the plan.

Agency funds are used to account for assets held by the Village in a purely custodial capacity. The Development Fund accounts for refundable deposits held by the Village to ensure the completion of public improvements by private developers.

The Village's fiduciary funds are presented in the fiduciary fund financial statements by type (pension trust and agency). Since by definition these assets are being held for the benefit of a third party (other local governments, private parties, pension participants, etc.) and cannot be used to address activities or obligations of the Village, these funds are not incorporated into the government-wide statements.

MEASUREMENT FOCUS AND BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

Measurement Focus

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "which" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" transactions are recorded regardless of the measurement focus applied.

On the government-wide Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, both governmental and business-type activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus as defined

VILLAGE OF VERNON HILLS, ILLINOIS

Notes to the Financial Statements
April 30, 2015

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

MEASUREMENT FOCUS AND BASIS OF ACCOUNTING – Continued

Measurement Focus – Continued

In the fund financial statements, the "current financial resources" measurement focus or the "economic resources" measurement focus is used as appropriate.

All governmental funds utilize a "current financial resources" measurement focus. Only current financial assets/deferred outflows and liabilities/deferred inflows are generally included on their balance sheets. Their operating statements present sources and uses of available spendable financial resources during a given period. These funds use fund balance as their measure of available spendable financial resources at the end of the period.

All proprietary and pension trust funds utilize an "economic resources" measurement focus. The accounting objectives of this measurement focus are the determination of operating income, changes in net position (or cost recovery), financial position, and cash flows. All assets/deferred outflows and liabilities/deferred inflows (whether current or noncurrent) associated with their activities are reported. Proprietary and pension trust fund equity is classified as net position.

Agency funds are not involved in the measurement of results of operations; therefore, measurement focus is not applicable to them.

Basis of Accounting

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, both governmental and business-like activities are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability/deferred inflow is incurred or economic asset used. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets/deferred outflows, and liabilities/deferred inflows resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when "measurable and available." Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Available means collectible within the current period or within sixty days after year-end. The Village recognizes property taxes when they become both measurable and available in accordance with GASB Codification Section P70. A sixty day availability period is used for revenue recognition for all other governmental fund revenues. Expenditures (including capital outlay) are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for general obligation bond principal and interest which are recognized when due.

VILLAGE OF VERNON HILLS, ILLINOIS

Notes to the Financial Statements
April 30, 2015

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

MEASUREMENT FOCUS AND BASIS OF ACCOUNTING – Continued

Basis of Accounting – Continued

In applying the susceptible to accrual concept under the modified accrual basis, those revenues susceptible to accrual are property taxes, sales and use taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, interest revenue, and charges for services. All other revenues are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash.

All proprietary, pension trust and agency funds utilize the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Village's enterprise funds, are charges to customers for sales and services. The Village also recognizes as operating revenue the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the system. Operating expenses for enterprise funds and internal service funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

ASSETS/DEFERRED OUTFLOWS, LIABILITIES/DEFERRED INFLOWS, AND NET POSITION OR EQUITY

Cash and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents on the Statement of Net Position are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, cash with fiscal agent. For the purpose of the proprietary funds "Statement of Cash Flows," cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, cash with fiscal agent, and all highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less.

Investments are reported at fair value. Short-term investments are reported at cost, which approximates fair value. Securities traded on national exchanges are valued at the last reported sales price. Investments that do not have any established market, if any, are reported at estimated fair value.

Receivables

In the government-wide financial statements, receivables consist of all revenues earned at year-end and not yet received. Allowances for uncollectible accounts receivable are based upon historical trends and the periodic aging of accounts receivable. Major receivables balances for governmental activities include nonmort taxes, sales and use taxes, franchise taxes, and grants. Business-type activities report

VILLAGE OF VERNON HILLS, ILLINOIS

Notes to the Financial Statements
April 30, 2015

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

ASSETS/DEFERRED OUTFLOWS, LIABILITIES/DEFERRED INFLOWS, AND NET POSITION OR EQUITY – Continued

Interfund Receivables, Payables and Activity

Interfund activity is reported as loans, services provided, reimbursements or transfers. Loans are reported as interfund receivables and payables as appropriate and are subject to elimination upon consolidation. Services provided, deemed to be at market or near market rates, are treated as revenues and expenditures/expenses. Internal service fund services provided and used are not eliminated in the process of consolidation. Reimbursements are when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefiting fund and reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers. Transfers between governmental or proprietary funds are netted as part of the reconciliation to the government-wide financial statements.

Prepays/Inventories

Prepays/inventories are valued at cost, which approximates market, using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method. The costs of governmental fund-type prepaids/inventories are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased. Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaids in both the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Capital Assets

Capital assets purchased or acquired with an original cost of \$25,000 to \$50,000 or more, depending on asset type, are reported at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Contributed assets are reported at fair market value as of the date received. Additions, improvements and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred.

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. General capital assets are long-lived assets of the Village as a whole. Infrastructure such as streets, traffic signals and signs are capitalized. The valuation basis for general capital assets are historical cost, or where historical cost is not available, estimated historical cost based on replacement costs.

VILLAGE OF VERNON HILLS, ILLINOIS

Notes to the Financial Statements
April 30, 2015

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

ASSETS/DEFERRED OUTFLOWS, LIABILITIES/DEFERRED INFLOWS, AND NET POSITION OR EQUITY – Continued

Capital Assets – Continued

Capital assets in the proprietary funds are capitalized in the fund in which they are utilized. The valuation bases for proprietary fund capital assets are the same as those used for the general capital assets. Donated capital assets are capitalized at estimated fair market value on the date donated. Depreciation on all assets is computed and recorded using the straight-line method of depreciation over the following estimated useful lives:

Land Improvements	20 – 30 Years
Buildings and Improvements	45 Years
Equipment/Vehicles	5 – 30 Years
Infrastructure	10 - 50 Years

Compensated Absences

The Village accrues accumulated unpaid vacation and associated employee-related costs when earned (or estimated to be earned) by the employee. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 16, no liability is recorded for nonvesting accumulation rights to receive sick pay benefits. However, a liability is recognized for that portion of accumulated sick leave that is estimated to be taken as "terminal leave" prior to retirement.

All vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

VILLAGE OF VERNON HILLS, ILLINOIS

Notes to the Financial Statements
April 30, 2015

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

ASSETS/DEFERRED OUTFLOWS, LIABILITIES/DEFERRED INFLOWS, AND NET POSITION OR EQUITY – Continued

Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type Statement of Net Position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as expenses at the time of issuance.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Net Position

In the government-wide financial statements, equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

Net investment in capital assets – Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

Restricted – Consists of net position with constraints placed on the use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislations.

Unrestricted – All other net position balances that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

VILLAGE OF VERNON HILLS, ILLINOIS

Notes to the Financial Statements
April 30, 2015

NOTE 2 – STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

BUDGETARY INFORMATION

Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. All departments of the Village submit requests for budgets to the Village Manager so that a budget may be prepared. The budget is prepared by fund, function, department and object, and includes information on the past two years, current year estimates, and requested budgets for the next fiscal year. The proposed budget is presented to the Board of Trustees for review. The Board of Trustees holds public hearings and may add to, subtract from, or change budgeted amounts. The Board of Trustees then adopts a management budget for budgetary control purposes. The Manager is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts between objects or departments within any fund; however, any revisions that alter the total expenditures of any fund must be approved by the governing body. Expenditures may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations at the fund level. During the year several supplementary appropriations were necessary. The Village adopts annual budgets for the general, special revenue, capital projects, and internal service fund types.

NOTE 3 – DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The Village maintains a cash and investment pool that is available for use by all funds except the pension trust funds. Each fund type's portion of this pool is displayed on the financial statements as "cash and investments". In addition, investments are separately held by several of the Village's funds. The deposits and investments of the pension trust funds are held separately from those of other funds.

Permitted Deposits and Investments – Statutes authorize the Village to make deposits/invest in commercial banks, savings and loan institutions, obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. Agencies, obligations of States and their political subdivisions, credit union shares, repurchase agreements, commercial paper rated within the three highest classifications by at least two standard rating services, and the Illinois Funds and Illinois Metropolitan Investment Fund.

The Illinois Funds is an investment pool managed by the Illinois Public Treasurer's Office which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. Although not registered with the SEC, Illinois Funds operates in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in Illinois Funds are valued at the share price, the price for which the investment could be sold.

The Illinois Metropolitan Investment Fund (IMET) is a non-for-profit investment trust formed pursuant to the Illinois Municipal Code. IMET is managed by a Board of Trustees elected from the participating members. IMET is not registered with the SEC as an Investment Company. Investments in IMET are valued at the share price, the price for which the investment could be sold.

VILLAGE OF VERNON HILLS, ILLINOIS

Notes to the Financial Statements
April 30, 2015

NOTE 3 – DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS – Continued

DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS – Continued

The deposits and investments of the Pension Fund are held separately from those of other Village funds. Statutes authorize the Pension Fund to make deposits/invest in interest bearing direct obligations of the United States of America; obligations that are fully guaranteed or insured as to the payment of principal and interest by the United States of America; bonds, notes, debentures, or similar obligations of agencies of the United States of America; savings accounts or certificates of deposit issued by banks or savings and loan associations chartered by the United States of America or by the State of Illinois, to the extent that the deposits are insured by the agencies or instrumentalities of the federal government; credit unions, to the extent that the deposits are insured by the agencies or instrumentalities of the federal government; State of Illinois bonds; pooled accounts managed by the Illinois Funds Market Fund (Formerly known as IPTIP Illinois Public Treasurer's Investment Pool), or by banks, their subsidiaries or holding companies, in accordance with the laws of the State of Illinois; bonds or tax anticipation warrants of any county, township, or municipal corporation of the State of Illinois; direct obligations of the State of Israel; money market mutual funds managed by investment companies that are registered under the Federal Investment Company Act of 1940 and the Illinois Securities Law of 1953 and are diversified, open-ended management investment companies, provided the portfolio is limited to specified restrictions; general accounts of life insurance companies; and separate accounts of life insurance companies and mutual funds, the mutual funds must meet specific restrictions, provided the investment in separate accounts and mutual funds does not exceed ten percent of the Pension Fund's plan net position; and corporate bonds managed through an investment advisor, rated as investment grade by one of the two largest rating services at the time of purchase. Pension Funds with plan net position of \$2.5 million or more may invest up to forty-five percent of plan net position in separate accounts of life insurance companies and mutual funds. Pension Funds with plan net position of at least \$5 million that have appointed an investment advisor, may through that investment advisor invest up to forty-five percent of the plan net position in common and preferred stocks that meet specific restrictions. In addition, pension funds with plan net position of at least \$10 million that have appointed an investment advisor, may invest up to fifty percent of its net position in common and preferred stocks and mutual funds that meet specific restrictions effective July 1, 2011 and up to fifty-five percent effective July 1, 2012.

Village Interest Rate Risk, Credit Risk, Custodial Credit Risk and Concentration Risk

Deposits. At year-end, the carrying amount of the Village's deposits for governmental and business-type, activities totaled \$3,906,910 and the bank balances totaled \$4,090,426.

VILLAGE OF VERNON HILLS, ILLINOIS

Notes to the Financial Statements
April 30, 2015

NOTE 3 – DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS – Continued

DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS – Continued

Village Interest Rate Risk, Credit Risk, Custodial Credit Risk and Concentration Risk – Continued

Investments. The Village has the following investment fair values and maturities:

Investment Type	Fair Value	Investment Maturities (in Years)	
		Less Than 1	1 to 5
U.S. Agencies	\$ 15,028,930	2,002,990	13,025,940
Illinois Funds	9,797,098	9,797,098	-
Illinois Metropolitan Investment Trust	529,809	-	529,809
	<u>25,355,837</u>	<u>11,800,088</u>	<u>13,555,749</u>

Interest Rate Risk. Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The Village's investment policy states that the Village's investment portfolio will remain sufficiently liquid to enable the Village to meet all operating requirements that might be reasonably anticipated. To the extent possible, the Village will attempt to match its investments with an anticipated cash flow. Unless matched to a specific cash flow, the Village will not directly invest in securities maturing more than three years from the date of purchase. In no case can commercial paper be purchased with a maturity date of more than 125 days from purchase and in no case can certificates of deposit be purchased with a maturity date of more than 370 days from the date of purchase. The Village may invest up to 50% of its budgeted capital reserve in U.S. Treasury securities or U.S. Government Agencies maturing no later than 7 years after the date of purchase; provided that no more than 20% of the Village's portfolio in U.S. Government Agencies maturing more than 3 years from the date of purchase. However, the Village may allocate 20% of the 50% of the budgeted capital reserve to purchase a GNMA with a maturity date of up to 15 ¼ years from its date of purchase. All other U.S. Treasuries and U.S. Agencies purchased must mature within 37 months of the date of purchase.

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VILLAGE OF VERNON HILLS, ILLINOIS

Notes to the Financial Statements
April 30, 2015

NOTE 3 – DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS – Continued

DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS – Continued

Village Interest Rate Risk, Credit Risk, Custodial Credit Risk and Concentration Risk – Continued

Credit Risk. Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. Besides investing in security instruments authorized under State Statute, the Village's investment policy further states that safety of principal is the foremost objective of the investment program. At year-end, the Village's investments in U.S. Agency Securities were not rated and the Village's investment in the Illinois Funds was rated AAAM by Standard & Poor's and the Village's investment in the Illinois Metropolitan Investment 1-3 Year Funds were rated Aaa by Moody's.

Custodial Credit Risk. In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Village's deposits may not be returned to it. The Village's investment policy states that collateralization will be required of all certificates of deposit, with the collateralization level at 102% of the market value of principal and accrued interest. Collateral will be limited to direct obligations of the United States of America, agencies of the United States of America and Collateral Mortgage Obligations derived solely from those agencies, and obligations of any governmental agency within the United States with a Moody's rating of Aa or better or a Standard and Poor's rating of AA or better. Collateral will always be held by an independent third party with whom the Village has a current custodial agreement. A clearly marked evidence of ownership (safekeeping receipt) must be supplied to the Village and retained. At year-end, the entire amount of the bank balance of deposits was covered by collateral, federal depository or equivalent insurance. For an investment, this is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Village will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The Village's investment policy requires that all investments be held by an independent third-party custodian. At year-end, the Village's investments in U.S. Government Agencies are all insured or registered with the Village or its agent in the Village's name and the Village's investment in the Illinois Fund and the Illinois Metropolitan Investment Trust are not subject to custodial credit risk. Additionally, the entire amount of the bank balance of deposits was covered by collateral, federal depository or equivalent insurance.

VILLAGE OF VERNON HILLS, ILLINOIS

Notes to the Financial Statements
April 30, 2015

NOTE 3 – DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS – Continued

DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS – Continued

Village Interest Rate Risk, Credit Risk, Custodial Credit Risk and Concentration Risk – Continued

Concentration Risk. This is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the Village's investment in a single issuer. The Village's investment policy states that the Village will diversify its investments by security type and institution. There is no limit as to the amount of the Village's portfolio that can be invested in U.S. Treasuries. No more than 60% of the Village's portfolio may be invested in U.S. Government Agencies, and no more than 20% of the Village's portfolio may be invested in the obligations of a single government agency. No more than 10% of the Village's portfolio may be invested in GNMA's. No more than 30% of the Village's portfolio may be invested in certificates of deposit, and no more than 8% of the Village's portfolio may be invested in the certificate of deposit in a single issuer. No more than 10% of the Village's portfolio may be invested in commercial paper; and no more than 3% of the Village's portfolio may be invested in the commercial paper of a single issuer.

No more than 20% of the Village's portfolio may be invested in the Illinois Public Treasurer's Investment Pool. No more than 10% of the Village's portfolio may be invested in a money market mutual fund registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940. At year-end, the Village has over 5 percent of the total cash and investment portfolio (other than U.S. Government guaranteed obligations) invested in the Illinois Funds.

VILLAGE OF VERNON HILLS, ILLINOIS

Notes to the Financial Statements
April 30, 2015

NOTE 3 – DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS – Continued

DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS – Continued

Police Pension Fund Interest Rate Risk, Credit Risk, Custodial Credit Risk and Concentration Risk

Deposits. At year-end, the carrying amount of the Fund's deposits totaled \$2,940,128 and the bank balances totaled \$2,979,584.

Investments. The Fund has the following investment fair values and maturities:

Investment Type	Fair Value	Investment Maturities (in Years)			
		Less Than 1	1 to 5	6 to 10	More Than 10
U.S. Treasuries	\$ 196,724	-	36,808	68,726	91,190
U.S. Agencies	1,144,218	255,278	100,249	597,682	191,009
Municipal Bonds	1,323,604	150,373	269,839	903,392	-
Corporate Bonds	9,161,606	203,132	5,045,301	3,174,007	739,166
	<u>11,826,152</u>	<u>608,783</u>	<u>5,452,197</u>	<u>4,743,807</u>	<u>1,021,365</u>

Interest Rate Risk. In accordance with the Fund's investment policy, the Fund limits its exposure to interest rate risk by structuring the portfolio to provide liquidity while at the same time matching investment maturities to projected fund liabilities.

Credit Risk. The Fund's investment policy helps limit its exposure to credit risk by primarily investing in securities issued by the United States Government and/or its agencies that are implicitly guaranteed by the United States Government. At year-end, the Fund's investments in U.S. Government and Agency securities and municipal bonds were not rated and corporate bonds were rated BBB- to AAA by Standard & Poor's.

VILLAGE OF VERNON HILLS, ILLINOIS

Notes to the Financial Statements
April 30, 2015

NOTE 3 – DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS – Continued

DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS – Continued

Custodial Credit Risk. The Fund's investment policy does not mitigate custodial credit risk. At year-end, the entire carrying amount of the bank balance of deposits is covered by federal depository or equivalent insurance. Furthermore, the Fund's investment in U.S. Treasury and Agency securities as well as municipal bonds are categorized as insured, registered, or held by the Fund or its agent in the Fund's name.

Concentration Risk. The Fund's investment policy states that the following asset allocation guidelines are to be followed:

Asset Class	Minimum	Target	Maximum
Common Stocks	95%	98%	100%
Cash and Equivalents		2%	5%

The Fund's investment policy also states that the portfolio should be allocated appropriately between equity and fixed-income portfolios, and other such investment mediums, which the Fund deems appropriate and prudent, and within the constraints of state law. At year-end, the Fund is in compliance with the guidelines outlined above. In addition to the securities and fair values listed above, the Fund also has \$6,230,131 invested in common stock and \$18,873,449 invested in mutual funds. At year-end the Fund has investments in Harbor International (\$2,279,700), Oakmark Funds (\$2,366,487), Vanguard Growth Index (\$2,314,081) and Vanguard Total Stock (\$3,446,188) that are over 5% of total cash and investments (other than U.S. Government guaranteed obligations).

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VILLAGE OF VERNON HILLS, ILLINOIS

Notes to the Financial Statements
April 30, 2015

NOTE 3 – DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS – Continued

CAPITAL ASSETS

Governmental Activities

Governmental capital asset activity for the year was as follows:

	Beginning Balances	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balances
Nondepreciable Capital Assets				
Land	\$ 4,568,623	-	-	4,568,623
Construction in Progress	-	461,409	-	461,409
	<u>4,568,623</u>	<u>461,409</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>5,030,032</u>
Depreciable Capital Assets				
Land Improvements	13,636,530	-	-	13,636,530
Buildings and Improvements	22,639,674	-	-	22,639,674
Equipment/Vehicles	4,947,379	75,527	-	5,022,906
Infrastructure	120,558,403	225,051	-	120,783,454
	<u>161,781,986</u>	<u>300,578</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>162,082,564</u>
Less Accumulated Depreciation				
Land Improvements	5,973,663	533,861	-	6,507,524
Buildings and Improvements	7,474,551	506,152	-	7,980,703
Equipment/Vehicles	3,546,192	236,344	-	3,782,536
Infrastructure	44,389,559	2,508,932	-	46,898,491
	<u>61,383,965</u>	<u>3,785,289</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>65,169,254</u>
Total Net Depreciable Capital Assets	<u>100,398,021</u>	<u>(3,484,711)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>96,913,310</u>
Total Net Capital Assets	<u>104,966,644</u>	<u>(3,023,302)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>101,943,342</u>

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental activities as follows:

General Government	\$ 770,984
Public Safety	277,418
Streets and Roads	2,659,971
Equipment Replacement	76,916
	<u>3,785,289</u>

VILLAGE OF VERNON HILLS, ILLINOIS

Notes to the Financial Statements
April 30, 2015

NOTE 3 – DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS – Continued

CAPITAL ASSETS – Continued

Business-Type Activities

Business-type capital asset activity for the year was as follows:

	Beginning Balances	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balances
Nondepreciable Capital Assets				
Land	\$ 302,282	-	-	302,282
Depreciable Capital Assets				
Land Improvements	745,882	-	-	745,882
Buildings and Improvements	1,019,002	-	-	1,019,002
Equipment/Vehicles	362,583	-	-	362,583
	<u>2,127,467</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>2,127,467</u>
Less Accumulated Depreciation				
Land Improvements	658,602	19,631	-	678,233
Buildings and Improvements	851,308	30,489	-	881,797
Equipment/Vehicles	333,434	14,574	-	348,008
	<u>1,843,344</u>	<u>64,694</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,908,038</u>
Total Net Depreciable Capital Assets	<u>284,123</u>	<u>(64,694)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>219,429</u>
Total Net Capital Assets	<u>586,405</u>	<u>(64,694)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>521,711</u>

Depreciation expense was charged to business-type activities as follows:

Golf	\$ 64,694
------	-----------

PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes for 2014 attach as an enforceable lien on January 1, on property values assessed as of the same date. Taxes are levied by December of the subsequent fiscal year (by passage of a Tax Levy Ordinance). Tax bills are prepared by the County and are payable in two installments, on or about June 1 and September 1. The County collects such taxes and remits them periodically. The Village has not levied taxes for the current or any of the prior ten fiscal years.

VILLAGE OF VERNON HILLS, ILLINOIS

Notes to the Financial Statements
April 30, 2015

NOTE 3 – DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS – Continued

INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS

Interfund Balances

The composition of interfund balances as of the date of this report, is as follows:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount
General	Golf Course	\$ 230,771
General	Police Pension	3,281
VHAC Site Development	General	100,000
Equipment Replacement	Tax Increment	670,000
		<u>1,004,052</u>

Interfund balances are advances in anticipation of receipts.

Interfund Transfers

Interfund transfers for the year consisted of the following:

Transfer In	Transfer Out	Amount
Tax Increment	General	\$ 117,451
Dispatch Center	General	1,379,727
Bond Construction	General	307,574
		<u>1,804,752</u>

Transfers are used to move unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

VILLAGE OF VERNON HILLS, ILLINOIS

Notes to the Financial Statements
April 30, 2015

NOTE 3 – DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS – Continued

LONG-TERM DEBT

General Obligation Bonds

General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the Village. General obligation bonds currently outstanding are as follows:

Issue	Fund Debt Retired by	Beginning Balances	Issuances	Retirements	Ending Balances
\$7,850,000 General Obligation Bonds of 2012A - Due in annual installments of \$300,000 to \$1,000,000 plus interest at 2.00% to 2.25% through December 30, 2026.	Tax Increment	\$ 7,850,000	-	-	7,850,000
\$1,625,000 General Obligation Bonds of 2012B - Due in annual installments of \$15,000 to \$155,000 plus interest at 2.00% to 2.40% through March 30, 2026.	General	1,595,000	-	115,000	1,480,000
\$5,630,000 General Obligation Bonds of 2014 - Due in annual installments of \$195,000 to \$820,000 plus interest at 2.00% to 3.50% through March 30, 2034.	General (Police Station)	-	3,520,000	-	3,520,000
	General (Communication Center)	-	1,115,000	-	1,115,000
	Tax Increment	-	995,000	-	995,000
		<u>9,445,000</u>	<u>5,630,000</u>	<u>115,000</u>	<u>14,960,000</u>

VILLAGE OF VERNON HILLS, ILLINOIS

Notes to the Financial Statements
April 30, 2015

NOTE 3 – DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS – Continued

LONG-TERM DEBT – Continued

Alternate Revenue Bonds

The Village issues alternate revenue bonds to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. Alternate revenue source bonds provide for the collection, segregation and distribution of certain sales taxes received by the Village for the payment of principal and interest on the alternate revenue source bonds. Alternate revenue source bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the Village. Alternate revenue source bonds currently outstanding are as follows:

Issue	Fund Debt Retired by	Beginning Balances	Issuances	Retirements	Ending Balances
\$3,790,000 Alternate Revenue Refunding Bonds of 2005 - Due in annual installments of \$15,000 to \$390,000 plus interest at 3.00% to 4.125% through March 30, 2021.	General	\$ 2,395,000	-	985,000 *	1,115,000
\$2,000,000 Alternate Revenue Bonds of 2007 - Due in annual installments of \$95,000 to \$220,000 plus interest at 4.00% to 4.125% through March 30, 2027.	General	1,230,000	-	1,100,000 *	130,000
\$1,000,000 Alternate Revenue Bonds of 2007 - Due in annual installments of \$75,000 to \$200,000 plus interest at 4.00% to 4.125% through March 30, 2025.	Tax Increment	1,000,000	-	1,000,000 *	-
		<u>4,625,000</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>3,510,000</u>	<u>1,115,000</u>

* Refunded

VILLAGE OF VERNON HILLS, ILLINOIS

Notes to the Financial Statements
April 30, 2015

NOTE 3 – DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS – Continued

LONG-TERM DEBT – Continued

TIF Revenue Bonds/Notes

The Village issues bonds where the incremental tax income derived from a separately created tax increment financing district is pledged. Those bonds/notes are not an obligation of the government and are secured by the incremental tax revenue generated within the district. Tax increment bonds outstanding are as follows:

Issue	Fund Debt Retired by	Beginning Balances	Issuances	Retirements	Ending Balances
\$7,000,000 Senior Lien Tax Increment Revenue Bonds of 2007 - Due in annual installments of \$90,000 to \$1,375,000 plus interest at 5.50% to 6.25% through December 30, 2026.	Tax Increment	\$ 6,910,000	-	195,000	6,715,000

Long-Term Liability Activity

Changes in long-term liabilities during the fiscal year were as follows:

Type of Debt	Beginning Balances	Additions	Deductions	Ending Balances	Amounts Due within One Year
Governmental Activities					
Compensated Absences	\$ 1,312,553	243,318	121,659	1,434,212	286,842
General Obligation Bonds	9,445,000	5,630,000	115,000	14,960,000	385,000
Alternate Revenue Bonds	4,625,000	-	3,510,000	1,115,000	-
TIF Revenue Bonds/Notes	6,910,000	-	195,000	6,715,000	260,000
Net Other Post-Employment Benefit Obligation	137,107	23,154	-	160,261	-
	<u>22,429,660</u>	<u>5,896,472</u>	<u>3,941,659</u>	<u>24,384,473</u>	<u>931,842</u>

VILLAGE OF VERNON HILLS, ILLINOIS

Notes to the Financial Statements
April 30, 2015

NOTE 3 – DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS – Continued

LONG-TERM DEBT – Continued

Long-Term Liability Activity – Continued

For governmental activities, the compensated absences and the net other post-employment benefit obligation are generally liquidated by the General Fund. Payments on the alternate revenue bonds are made by the General Fund and Tax Increment Fund. The Tax Increment Fund makes payments on the TIF revenue bonds/notes.

Debt Service Requirements to Maturity

The annual debt service requirements to maturity, including principal and interest, are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending April 30	Governmental Activities					
	General Obligation Bonds		Alternate Revenue Bonds		TIF Revenue Bonds	
	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2016	\$ 385,000	366,556	-	45,905	260,000	413,013
2017	730,000	324,225	-	45,905	295,000	398,713
2018	900,000	309,625	-	45,905	335,000	382,488
2019	1,050,000	291,625	355,000	45,905	375,000	364,063
2020	1,120,000	270,625	370,000	31,350	420,000	340,625
2021	1,145,000	248,225	390,000	16,087	465,000	314,375
2022	1,210,000	225,325	-	-	520,000	285,313
2023	1,715,000	201,125	-	-	575,000	252,813
2024	1,315,000	159,027	-	-	635,000	216,875
2025	1,420,000	131,327	-	-	695,000	177,168
2026	1,535,000	100,663	-	-	765,000	133,750
2027	1,395,000	64,563	-	-	1,375,000	85,951
2028	195,000	31,200	-	-	-	-
2029	200,000	25,350	-	-	-	-
2030	210,000	19,350	-	-	-	-
2031	215,000	13,050	-	-	-	-
2032	220,000	6,600	-	-	-	-
	<u>14,960,000</u>	<u>2,788,461</u>	<u>1,115,000</u>	<u>231,057</u>	<u>6,715,000</u>	<u>3,365,147</u>

VILLAGE OF VERNON HILLS, ILLINOIS

Notes to the Financial Statements
April 30, 2015

NOTE 3 – DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS – Continued

LONG-TERM DEBT – Continued

Legal Debt Margin

Article VII, Section 6(k) of the 1970 Illinois Constitution governs the computation of legal debt margin. "The General Assembly may limit by law the amount and require referendum approval of debt to be incurred by home rule municipalities, payable from ad valorem property tax receipts, only in excess of the following percentages of the assessed value of its taxable property... (2) if its population is more than 25,000 and less than 500,000 an aggregate of one percent... indebtedness which is outstanding on the effective date (July 1, 1971) of this constitution or which is thereafter approved by referendum... shall not be included in the foregoing percentage amounts." To date the Illinois General Assembly has set no limits for home rule municipalities. The Village is a home rule municipality.

Defeased Debt

On December 30, 2014, the Village issued \$5,630,000 par value General Obligation Bonds, Series of 2014 to refund \$1,100,000 of the Alternate Revenue Bond Series of 2007A and \$1,000,000 of the Alternate Revenue Bonds Series of 2007B. The Village defeased bonds by placing the proceeds of the new bonds in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payment of the old bonds. Since the requirements that normally satisfy defeasance have been met, the financial statements reflect satisfaction of the original liability through the irrevocable transfer to an escrow agent of an amount computed to be adequate to meet the future debt service requirements of the issue. Accordingly, the trust account assets and the liability for the defeased bonds are not included in the government's basic financial statements. Through this refunding, the Village reduced its total debt service by \$243,507 and obtained an economic gain of \$252,145.

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VILLAGE OF VERNON HILLS, ILLINOIS

Notes to the Financial Statements
April 30, 2015

NOTE 3 – DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS – Continued

NET POSITION/FUND BALANCE

Net Position Classifications

Net investment in capital assets was comprised of the following as of April 30, 2015:

Governmental Activities		
Capital Assets - Net of Accumulated Depreciation		\$ 101,943,343
Plus: Unspent Bond Proceeds		3,051,964
Less Capital Related Debt:		
General Obligation Bonds of 2012A	(7,850,000)	
General Obligation Bonds of 2012B	(1,480,000)	
General Obligation Bonds of 2014	(5,630,000)	
Alternate Revenue Refunding Bonds of 2005	(1,115,000)	
Senior Lien TIF Revenue Bonds of 2007	(6,715,000)	(22,790,000)
Net Investment in Capital Assets		<u>82,205,307</u>
Business-Type Activities		
Capital Assets - Net of Accumulated Depreciation		<u>521,711</u>

Fund Balance Classifications

Committed Fund Balance. The Village reports committed fund balance in the General Fund, a major fund. Board ordinance approval is required to establish, modify or rescind a fund balance commitment. The Village Board has committed these funds for future summer celebration costs through formal Board action (Board ordinance) as part of the annual budget process.

Minimum Fund Balance Policy. The Village's policy states that the General Fund should maintain a minimum unrestricted fund balance not less than 67% of annual operating and debt service expenditures. For the Motor Fuel Tax Fund, minimum fund balance should equal 67% of the annual budgeted road program.

VILLAGE OF VERNON HILLS, ILLINOIS

Notes to the Financial Statements
April 30, 2015

NOTE 3 – DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS – Continued

NET POSITION/FUND BALANCE – Continued

Fund Balance Classifications – Continued

The following is a schedule of fund balance classifications for the governmental funds as of the date of this report:

	Motor Fuel Tax Increment Dispatch VHAC Site Bond						Total
	General	Fuel Tax	Increment	Center	Development	Construction	
Fund Balances							
Nonspendable							
Prepays	\$ 458,220	-	-	-	-	-	458,220
Restricted							
Drug Forfeiture	43,655	-	-	-	-	-	43,655
DUI Fines	51,083	-	-	-	-	-	51,083
Motor Fuel Taxes	-	1,860,876	-	-	-	-	1,860,876
Tax Increment District	-	-	646,402	-	-	-	646,402
911 Surcharge	-	-	-	366,512	-	-	366,512
Capital Projects	-	-	-	-	100,000	3,323,130	3,423,130
	94,738	1,860,876	646,402	366,512	100,000	3,323,130	6,391,658
Committed							
Summer Celebration	14,075	-	-	-	-	-	14,075
Unassigned	23,282,038	-	-	-	-	-	23,282,038
Total Fund Balances	23,849,071	1,860,876	646,402	366,512	100,000	3,323,130	30,145,991

In the governmental funds financial statements, the Village considers restricted amounts to have been spent when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available. The Village first utilizes committed, then assigned and then unassigned fund balance when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which all three unrestricted fund balances are available.

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VILLAGE OF VERNON HILLS, ILLINOIS

Notes to the Financial Statements
April 30, 2015

NOTE 4 – OTHER INFORMATION

RISK MANAGEMENT

The Village is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; natural disasters; and injuries to the Village's employees. The Village has purchased insurance from private insurance companies, covered risks included medical, dental, life and other. Premiums have been displayed as expenditures/expenses in appropriate funds. Settled claims have not exceeded the insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Illinois Municipal League Risk Management Association (IMLRMA)

The Village participates in the Illinois Municipal League Risk Management Association (IMLRMA). IMLRMA is an organization of municipalities and special districts in Illinois that have formed an association under the Illinois Intergovernmental Cooperations Statute to pool its risk management needs. The agency administers a mix of self-insurance and commercial insurance coverages; property/casualty and workers' compensation claim administration/litigation management services; unemployment claim administration; extensive risk management/loss control consulting and training programs; and a risk information system and financial reporting service for its members. The Illinois Municipal League appoints eight members to the Board of Directors. The Village does not exercise any control over the activities of the Association.

CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Litigation

The Village is a defendant in various lawsuits. Although the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, in the opinion of the Village's attorney, the resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the Village.

Grants

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the Village expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

SUBSEQUENT EVENT

On July 7, 2015 the Village approved a resolution authorizing a payment of \$1,500,000 to the Vernon Hills Park District to assist in the purchase of the Opa Restaurant Property.

VILLAGE OF VERNON HILLS, ILLINOIS

Notes to the Financial Statements
April 30, 2015

NOTE 4 – OTHER INFORMATION – Continued

EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

The Village contributes to two defined benefit pension plans, the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF), a defined benefit agent multiple-employer public employee retirement system; and the Police Pension Plan that is a single-employer pension plan. IMRF does issue a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the plan as a whole, but not by individual employer. That report may be obtained online at www.imrf.org. The Police Pension plan also issues a separate report that may be obtained by writing the Village at 290 Evergreen Drive, Vernon Hills, IL 60061-2999. The benefit, benefit levels, employee contributions, and employer contributions are governed by Illinois Compiled Statutes and can only be amended by the Illinois General Assembly.

Plan Descriptions, Provisions and Funding Policies

Illinois Municipal Retirement System

All employees (other than those covered by the Police Pension plans) hired in positions that meet or exceed the prescribed annual hourly standard must be enrolled in IMRF as participating members. IMRF provides two tiers of pension benefits. Participating members hired before January 1, 2011 (Tier 1) who retire at or after age 60 (full benefits) or age 55 (reduced benefits) with 8 years of credited service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 1-2/3 percent of their final rate (average of the highest 48 consecutive months' earnings during the last 10 years) of earnings, for each year of credited service up to 15 years, and 2 percent for each year thereafter. For participating members hired on or after January 1, 2011 (Tier 2) who retire at or after age 67 (full benefits) or age 62 (reduced benefits) with 10 years of credited service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life in an amount equal to 1-2/3 percent of their final rate (average of the highest 96 consecutive months' earnings during the last 10 years) of earnings, for each year of credited service up to 15 years, and 2 percent for each year thereafter. IMRF also provides death and disability benefits. These benefit provisions and all other requirements are established by state statute. Employees participating in the plan are required to contribute 4.50 percent of their annual covered salary to IMRF. The employees' contribution rate is established by state statute. The Village is required to contribute the remaining amount necessary to fund the IMRF plan as specified by statute. The employer contribution and annual required contribution rate for calendar year 2014 was 12.29 percent.

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VILLAGE OF VERNON HILLS, ILLINOIS

Notes to the Financial Statements
April 30, 2015

NOTE 4 – OTHER INFORMATION – Continued

EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS – Continued

Plan Descriptions, Provisions and Funding Policies – Continued

Police Pension Plan

The Police Pension Plan is a single-employer defined benefit pension plan that covers all sworn police personnel. Although this is a single-employer pension plan, the defined benefits and employee and employer contribution levels are governed by Illinois State Statutes and may be amended only by the Illinois legislature. The Village accounts for the plan as a pension trust fund.

At fiscal year end the Police Pension Plan membership consisted of:

Inactive Plan Members Currently Receiving Benefits	19
Inactive Plan Members Entitled to but not yet Receiving Benefits	-
Employees	
Vested	38
Nonvested	<u>5</u>
Total	<u>62</u>

The following is a summary of the Police Pension Plan as provided for in Illinois State Statutes.

The Police Pension Plan provides retirement benefits through two tiers of benefits as well as death and disability benefits. Covered employees hired before January 1, 2011 (Tier 1), attaining the age of 50 or older with 20 or more years of creditable service are entitled to receive an annual retirement benefit of ½ of the salary attached to the rank held on the last day of service, or for one year prior to the last day, whichever is greater. The annual benefit shall be increased by 2.5 percent of such salary for each additional year of service over 20 years up to 30 years, to a maximum of 75 percent of such salary. Employees with at least eight years but less than 20 years of credited service may retire at or after age 60 and receive a reduced benefit. The monthly benefit of a police officer who retired with 20 or more years of service after January 1, 1977 shall be increased annually, following the first anniversary date of retirement and be paid upon reaching the age of at least 55 years, by 3 percent of the original pension and 3 percent compounded annually thereafter.

VILLAGE OF VERNON HILLS, ILLINOIS

Notes to the Financial Statements
April 30, 2015

NOTE 4 – OTHER INFORMATION – Continued

EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS – Continued

Plan Descriptions, Provisions and Funding Policies – Continued

Police Pension Plan – Continued

Covered employees hired on or after January 1, 2011 (Tier 2), attaining the age of 55 or older with 10 or more years of creditable service are entitled to receive an annual retirement benefit equal to the average monthly salary obtained by dividing the total salary of the police officer during the 96 consecutive months of service within the last 120 months of service in which the total salary was the highest by the number of months of service in that period. Police officer salary for the pension purposes is capped at \$106,800, plus the lesser of ½ of the annual change in the Consumer Price Index or 3 percent compounded. The annual benefit shall be increased by 2.5 percent of such a salary for each additional year of service over 20 years up to 30 years to a maximum of 75 percent of such salary. Employees with at least 10 years may retire at or after age 50 and receive a reduced benefit (i.e., ½ percent for each month under 55). The monthly benefit of a Tier 2 police officer shall be increased annually at age 60 on the January 1st after the police officer retires, or the first anniversary of the pension starting date, whichever is later. Noncompounding increases occur annually, each January thereafter. The increase is the lesser of 3 percent or ½ of the change in the Consumer Price Index for the preceding calendar year.

Covered employees are required to contribute 9.91% of their base salary to the Police Pension Plan. If an employee leaves covered employment with less than 20 years of service, accumulated employee contributions may be refunded without accumulated interest. The Village is required to contribute the remaining amounts necessary to finance the plan and the administrative costs as actuarially determined by an enrolled actuary. However, effective January 1, 2011, ILCS requires the Village to contribute a minimum amount annually calculated using the projected unit credit actuarial cost method that will result in the funding of 90% of the past service cost by the year 2040.

VILLAGE OF VERNON HILLS, ILLINOIS

Notes to the Financial Statements
April 30, 2015

NOTE 4 – OTHER INFORMATION – Continued

EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS – Continued

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Plan Asset Matters

Basis of Accounting

The financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Employee and employer contributions are recognized as revenues when due, pursuant to formal commitments, as well as statutory or contractual requirements. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan.

Method Used to Value Investments

Investments are reported at fair value. Short-term investments are reported at cost, which approximates fair value. Securities traded on national exchanges are valued at the last reported sales price. Investments that do not have any established market, if any, are reported at estimated fair value.

Significant Investments

At year-end the Police Pension Fund has investments in Harbor International (\$2,279,700), Oakmark Funds (\$2,366,487), Vanguard Growth Index (\$2,314,081) and Vanguard Total Stock (\$3,446,188) that are over 5% of total cash and investments (other than U.S. Government guaranteed obligations). Information for IMRF is not available.

Related Party Transactions

There are no securities of the employer or any other related parties included in plan assets.

VILLAGE OF VERNON HILLS, ILLINOIS

Notes to the Financial Statements
April 30, 2015

NOTE 4 – OTHER INFORMATION – Continued

EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS – Continued

Annual Pension Cost and Net Pension Obligation

There was no net pension obligation for the IMRF plan. The pension liability for the Police Pension plan is as follows:

Annual Required Contribution	\$ 1,431,746
Interest on the NPO (NPA)	(11,307)
Adjustment to the ARC	<u>6,070</u>
Annual Pension Cost	1,426,509
Actual Contribution	<u>1,433,326</u>
Change in NPO (NPA)	(6,817)
NPO (NPA) Beginning of Year	<u>(186,555)</u>
NPO (NPA) End of Year	<u>(193,372)</u>

VILLAGE OF VERNON HILLS, ILLINOIS

Notes to the Financial Statements
April 30, 2015

NOTE 4 – OTHER INFORMATION – Continued

EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS – Continued

Annual Pension Cost and Net Pension Obligation – Continued

The actuarial assumptions and related information for each plan is as follows:

	IMRF	Police Pension
Contribution Rates		
Employer	12.29%	34.85%
Employee	4.50%	9.91%
Actuarial Valuation Date	12/31/14	4/30/15
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal	Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method	Level % of Projected Payroll Open Basis	Level % of Projected Payroll Closed Basis
Remaining Amortization Period	29 Years	26 Years
Asset Valuation Method	5-Year Smoothed Market	Market
Actuarial Assumptions		
Investment Rate of Return	7.50% Compounded Annually	6.00% Compounded Annually
Projected Salary Increases	.40 to 10.00%	4.75%
Inflation Rate Included	4.00%	3.00%
Cost-of-Living Adjustments	3.00%	2.00-3.00%

VILLAGE OF VERNON HILLS, ILLINOIS

Notes to the Financial Statements
April 30, 2015

NOTE 4 – OTHER INFORMATION – Continued

EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS – Continued

Trend Information

Employer annual pension cost (APC), actual contributions and the net pension obligation (NPO) are as follows. The NPO is the cumulative difference between the APC and the contributions actually made.

	Year	IMRF	Police Pension
Annual Pension Cost (APC)	2013	\$ 550,462	\$ 1,174,587
	2014	625,748	1,287,820
	2015	662,751	1,426,509
Actual Contributions	2013	550,462	1,176,050
	2014	625,748	1,291,118
	2015	662,751	1,433,326
Percentage of APC Contributed	2013	100.00%	100.12%
	2014	100.00%	100.26%
	2015	100.00%	100.48%
Net Pension Obligation (Asset)	2013	-	(183,257)
	2014	-	(186,555)
	2015	-	(193,372)

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VILLAGE OF VERNON HILLS, ILLINOIS

Notes to the Financial Statements
April 30, 2015

NOTE 4 – OTHER INFORMATION – Continued

EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS – Continued

Funded Status and Funding Progress

The Village's funded status for the current year and related information for each plan is as follows:

	IMRF	Police Pension
Actuarial Valuation Date	12/31/14	4/30/2015
Percent Funded	74.71%	68.51%
Actuarial Accrued Liability for Benefits	\$17,084,102	\$58,189,441
Actuarial Value of Assets	\$12,763,460	\$39,864,963
Over (Under) Funded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL)	(\$4,320,642)	(\$18,324,478)
Covered Payroll (Annual Payroll of Active Employees Covered by the Plan)	\$5,392,605	\$4,113,314
Ratio of UAAL to Covered Payroll	80.12%	445.49%

The schedule of funding progress, presented as Required Supplementary Information (RSI) following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets are increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits.

VILLAGE OF VERNON HILLS, ILLINOIS

Notes to the Financial Statements
April 30, 2015

NOTE 4 – OTHER INFORMATION – Continued

OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Plan Descriptions, Provisions and Funding Policies

In addition to providing the pension benefits described, the Village provides post-employment health care insurance benefits (OPEB) for its eligible retired employees through a single employer defined benefit plan. The benefits, benefit levels, employee contributions and employer contributions are governed by the Village and can be amended by the Village through its personnel manual and union contracts. The plan is not accounted for as a trust fund, as an irrevocable trust has not been established to account for the plan. The plan does not issue a separate report. The activity of the plan is reported in the Village's General Fund.

The Village provides post-employment health care benefits to its retirees. To be eligible for benefits, an employee must qualify for retirement under one of the Village's retirement plans. Elected officials are eligible for benefits if they qualify for retirement through the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund.

All health care benefits are provided through the Village's health insurance plan. The benefit levels are the same as those afforded to active employees. Benefits include general inpatient and outpatient medical services; mental, nervous, and substance abuse care; vision care; dental care; and prescriptions. Upon a retiree reaching 65 years of age, Medicare becomes the primary insurer and the Village's plan becomes secondary.

All retirees, except two, contribute 100% of the actuarially determined premium to the plan. For the fiscal year ending April 30, 2015, retirees contributed \$238,602. Active employees do not contribute to the plan until retirement.

At April 30, 2015, membership consisted of:

Retirees and Beneficiaries Currently Receiving Benefits and Terminated Employees Entitled to Benefits but not yet Receiving Them	20
Active Employees	<u>95</u>
Total	<u>115</u>
Participating Employers	1

The Village does not currently have a funding policy.

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VILLAGE OF VERNON HILLS, ILLINOIS

Notes to the Financial Statements
April 30, 2015

NOTE 4 – OTHER INFORMATION – Continued

OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS – Continued

Annual OPEB Costs and Net OPEB Obligation

The net OPEB obligation (NOPEBO) as of April 30, 2015, was calculated as follows:

Annual Required Contribution	\$ 147,732
Interest on the NPO	4,656
Adjustment to the ARC	<u>(24,588)</u>
Annual OPEB Cost	127,800
Actual Contribution	<u>104,646</u>
Increase in the NPO	23,154
NPO - Beginning of Year	<u>137,107</u>
NPO - End of Year	<u>160,261</u>

Trend Information

The Village's annual OPEB cost, actual contributions, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed and the net OPEB obligation are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended April 30	Annual OPEB Cost	Actual Contributions	Percentage of OPEB Cost Contributed	Net OPEB Obligation
2013	\$ 131,725	\$ 93,135	70.70%	\$ 75,252
2014	210,871	149,016	70.67%	137,107
2015	127,800	104,646	81.88%	160,261

VILLAGE OF VERNON HILLS, ILLINOIS

Notes to the Financial Statements
April 30, 2015

NOTE 4 – OTHER INFORMATION – Continued

OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS – Continued

Funded Status and Funding Progress

The funded status of the plan as of April 30, 2015 was as follows:

Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)	\$ 2,495,272
Actuarial Value of Plan Assets	\$ -
Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL)	\$ 2,495,272
Funded Ratio (Actuarial Value of Plan Assets/AAL)	0.00%
Covered Payroll (Active Plan Members)	\$ 10,403,109
UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	23.99%

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Actuarially determined amounts for the OPEB plan are subject to continual revision as results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information that shows whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the April 30, 2015 actuarial valuation the entry age actuarial cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions included a 4.0% investment rate of return (net of a 3.0% inflation assumption), and an initial annual healthcare cost trend rate of 8.0%, with an ultimate rate of 6.0%. The actuarial value of assets was not determined as the Village has not advance funded its obligation. The plan's unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on an open basis. The remaining amortization period at April 30, 2015, was 30 years.

VILLAGE OF VERNON HILLS, ILLINOIS

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund

Required Supplementary Information
Schedule of Funding Progress and Employer Contributions

April 30, 2015

Funding Progress

Actuarial Valuation Date	(1) Actuarial Value of Plan Assets	(2) Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) - Entry Age	(3) Funded Ratio (1) ÷ (2)	(4) Unfunded (Overfunded) Actuarial Accrued Liability (2) - (1)	(5) Annual Covered Payroll	(6) Unfunded (Overfunded) Actuarial Accrued Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (4) ÷ (5)
2009	\$ 11,357,793	\$ 13,681,409	83.02%	\$ 2,323,616	\$ 4,876,175	47.65%
2010	9,495,173	12,554,707	75.63%	3,059,534	4,737,639	64.58%
2011	10,598,559	13,753,117	77.06%	3,154,558	4,311,176	73.17%
2012	11,759,488	14,976,630	78.52%	3,217,142	4,530,555	71.01%
2013	13,605,871	16,702,147	81.46%	3,096,276	5,014,010	61.75%
2014	12,763,460	17,084,102	74.71%	4,320,642	5,392,605	80.12%

Employer Contributions

Fiscal Year	Employer Contributions	Annual Required Contribution	Percent Contributed
2010	\$ 486,155	\$ 486,155	100.00%
2011	543,407	543,407	100.00%
2012	469,056	469,056	100.00%
2013	550,462	550,462	100.00%
2014	625,749	625,749	100.00%
2015	662,751	662,751	100.00%

VILLAGE OF VERNON HILLS, ILLINOIS

Police Pension Fund

Required Supplementary Information
Schedule of Funding Progress and Employer Contributions

April 30, 2015

Funding Progress

Actuarial Valuation Date	(1) Actuarial Value of Plan Assets	(2) Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) - Entry Age	(3) Funded Ratio (1) + (2)	(4) Unfunded (Overfunded) Actuarial Accrued Liability (2) - (1)	(5) Annual Covered Payroll	(6) Unfunded (Overfunded) Actuarial Accrued Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (4) + (5)
Apr. 30						
2010	\$ 24,471,159	\$ 35,953,751	68.06%	\$ 11,482,592	\$ 3,930,392	292.15%
2011	28,144,315	37,414,340	75.22%	9,270,025	3,841,881	241.29%
2012	30,253,439	43,547,349	69.47%	13,293,910	3,896,995	341.13%
2013	33,355,847	48,069,471	69.39%	14,713,624	3,939,001	373.54%
2014	36,997,524	52,015,638	71.13%	15,018,114	4,150,950	361.80%
2015	39,864,963	58,189,441	68.51%	18,324,478	4,113,314	445.49%

Employer Contributions

Fiscal Year	Employer Contributions	Annual Required Contribution	Percent Contributed
2010	\$ 1,082,676	\$ 1,042,676	103.84%
2011	1,173,015	1,172,743	100.02%
2012	1,235,740	1,235,724	100.00%
2013	1,176,050	1,175,962	100.01%
2014	1,291,118	1,291,079	100.00%
2015	1,433,326	1,431,746	100.11%

VILLAGE OF VERNON HILLS, ILLINOIS

Other Post-Employment Benefit Plan

Required Supplementary Information
Schedule of Funding Progress and Employer Contributions

April 30, 2015

Funding Progress

Actuarial Valuation Date	(1) Actuarial Value of Plan Assets	(2) Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) - Entry Age	(3) Funded Ratio (1) + (2)	(4) Unfunded (Overfunded) Actuarial Accrued Liability (2) - (1)	(5) Annual Covered Payroll	(6) Unfunded (Overfunded) Actuarial Accrued Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (4) + (5)
Apr. 30						
2010	\$ N/A	\$ N/A	N/A	\$ N/A	\$ N/A	N/A
2011	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
2012	-	2,354,030	0%	2,354,030	8,153,057	28.87%
2013	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
2014	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
2015	-	2,495,272	0%	2,495,272	10,403,109	23.99%

Employer Contributions

Fiscal Year	Employer Contributions	Annual Required Contribution	Percent Contributed
2010	\$ 29,280	\$ 37,096	78.93%
2011	29,280	39,322	74.46%
2012	29,280	36,742	79.69%
2013	93,135	131,481	70.84%
2014	149,016	210,370	70.84%
2015	104,646	147,732	70.84%

The Village implemented GASB Statement No. 45 for the fiscal year ended April 30, 2009. Information for other years is not available. The Village is required to have the actuarial valuation performed triennially.

APPENDIX B
DESCRIBING BOOK-ENTRY-ONLY ISSUANCE

1. The Depository Trust Company (“DTC”), New York, New York, will act as securities depository for the Bonds (the “Securities”). The Securities will be issued as fully-registered securities registered in the name of Cede & Co. (DTC’s partnership nominee) or such other name as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. One fully-registered Security certificate will be issued for each issue of the Securities, each in the aggregate principal amount of such issue, and will be deposited with DTC.

2. DTC, the world’s largest securities depository, is a limited-purpose trust company organized under the New York Banking Law, a “banking organization” within the meaning of the New York Banking Law, a member of the Federal Reserve System, a “clearing corporation” within the meaning of the New York Uniform Commercial Code, and a “clearing agency” registered pursuant to the provisions of Section 17A of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. DTC holds and provides asset servicing for over 3.5 million issues of U.S. and non-U.S. equity issues, corporate and municipal debt issues, and money market instruments (from over 100 countries) that DTC’s participants (“Direct Participants”) deposit with DTC. DTC also facilitates the post-trade settlement among Direct Participants of sales and other securities transactions in deposited securities, through electronic computerized book-entry transfers and pledges between Direct Participants’ accounts. This eliminates the need for physical movement of securities certificates. Direct Participants include both U.S. and non-U.S. securities brokers and dealers, banks, trust companies, clearing corporations, and certain other organizations. DTC is a wholly-owned subsidiary of The Depository Trust & Clearing Corporation (“DTCC”). DTCC is the holding company for DTC, National Securities Clearing Corporation and Fixed Income Clearing Corporation, all of which are registered clearing agencies. DTCC is owned by the users of its regulated subsidiaries. Access to the DTC system is also available to others such as both U.S. and non-U.S. securities brokers and dealers, banks, trust companies, and clearing corporations that clear through or maintain a custodial relationship with a Direct Participant, either directly or indirectly (“Indirect Participants”). DTC has a Standard & Poor’s rating of AA+. The DTC Rules applicable to its Participants are on file with the Securities and Exchange Commission. More information about DTC can be found at www.dtcc.com.

3. Purchases of Securities under the DTC system must be made by or through Direct Participants, which will receive a credit for the Securities on DTC’s records. The ownership interest of each actual purchaser of each Security (“Beneficial Owner”) is in turn to be recorded on the Direct and Indirect Participants’ records. Beneficial Owners will not receive written confirmation from DTC of their purchase. Beneficial Owners are, however, expected to receive written confirmations providing details of the transaction, as well as periodic statements of their holdings, from the Direct or Indirect Participant through which the Beneficial Owner entered into the transaction. Transfers of ownership interests in the Securities are to be accomplished by entries made on the books of Direct and Indirect Participants acting on behalf of Beneficial Owners. Beneficial Owners will not receive certificates representing their ownership interests in Securities, except in the event that use of the book-entry system for the Securities is discontinued.

4. To facilitate subsequent transfers, all Securities deposited by Direct Participants with DTC are registered in the name of DTC’s partnership nominee, Cede & Co., or such other name as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. The deposit of Securities with DTC and their registration in the name of Cede & Co. or such other DTC nominee do not effect any change in beneficial ownership. DTC has no knowledge of the actual Beneficial Owners of the Securities; DTC’s records reflect only the identity of the Direct Participants to whose accounts such Securities are credited, which may or may not be the Beneficial Owners. The Direct and Indirect Participants will remain responsible for keeping account of their holdings on behalf of their customers.

5. Conveyance of notices and other communications by DTC to Direct Participants, by Direct Participants to Indirect Participants, and by Direct Participants and Indirect Participants to Beneficial Owners will be governed by arrangements among them, subject to any statutory or regulatory requirements as may be in effect from time to time. Beneficial Owners of Securities may wish to take certain steps to augment the transmission to them of notices of significant events with respect to the Securities, such as redemptions, tenders, defaults, and proposed amendments to the Security documents. For example, Beneficial Owners of Securities may wish to ascertain that the nominee holding the Securities for their benefit has agreed to obtain and transmit notices to Beneficial Owners. In the alternative, Beneficial Owners may wish to provide their names and addresses to the registrar and request that copies of notices be provided directly to them.

6. Redemption notices shall be sent to DTC. If less than all of the Securities within an issue are being redeemed, DTC's practice is to determine by lot the amount of the interest of each Direct Participant in such issue to be redeemed.

7. Neither DTC nor Cede & Co. (nor any other DTC nominee) will consent or vote with respect to Securities unless authorized by a Direct Participant in accordance with DTC's MMI Procedures. Under its usual procedures, DTC mails an Omnibus Proxy to the Village as soon as possible after the record date. The Omnibus Proxy assigns Cede & Co.'s consenting or voting rights to those Direct Participants to whose accounts Securities are credited on the record date (identified in a listing attached to the Omnibus Proxy).

8. Redemption proceeds, distributions, and dividend payments on the Securities will be made to Cede & Co., or such other nominee as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. DTC's practice is to credit Direct Participants' accounts upon DTC's receipt of funds and corresponding detail information from the Village or the Paying Agent, on payable date in accordance with their respective holdings shown on DTC's records. Payments by Participants to Beneficial Owners will be governed by standing instructions and customary practices, as is the case with securities held for the accounts of customers in bearer form or registered in "street name," and will be the responsibility of such Participant and not of DTC, the Paying Agent, or the Village, subject to any statutory or regulatory requirements as may be in effect from time to time. Payment of redemption proceeds, distributions, and dividend payments to Cede & Co. (or such other nominee as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC) is the responsibility of the Village or the Paying Agent, disbursement of such payments to Direct Participants will be the responsibility of DTC, and disbursement of such payments to the Beneficial Owners will be the responsibility of Direct and Indirect Participants.

9. A Beneficial Owner shall give notice to elect to have its Securities purchased or tendered, through its Participant, to any Tender/Remarketing Agent, and shall effect delivery of such Securities by causing the Direct Participant to transfer the Participant's interest in the Securities, on DTC's records, to any Tender/Remarketing Agent. The requirement for physical delivery of Securities in connection with an optional tender or a mandatory purchase will be deemed satisfied when the ownership rights in the Securities are transferred by Direct Participants on DTC's records and followed by a book-entry credit of tendered Securities to any Tender/Remarketing Agent's DTC account.

10. DTC may discontinue providing its services as depository with respect to the Securities at any time by giving reasonable notice to the Village or the Paying Agent. Under such circumstances, in the event that a successor depository is not obtained, Security certificates are required to be printed and delivered.

11. The Village may decide to discontinue use of the system of book-entry-only transfers through DTC (or a successor securities depository). In that event, Security certificates will be printed and delivered to DTC.

12. The information in this section concerning DTC and DTC's book-entry system has been obtained from sources that the Village believes to be reliable, but the Village takes no responsibility for the accuracy thereof.

APPENDIX C
PROPOSED FORMS OF OPINIONS OF BOND COUNSEL
[LETTERHEAD OF CHAPMAN AND CUTLER LLP]
[TO BE DATED CLOSING DATE]
The 2015A Bonds

We hereby certify that we have examined a certified copy of the proceedings (the "Proceedings") of the President and Board of Trustees of the Village of Vernon Hills, Lake County, Illinois (the "Village"), passed preliminary to the issue by the Village of its fully registered General Obligation Bonds, Series 2015A (the "Bonds"), to the amount of \$2,005,000, dated the date hereof, due serially on March 30 of the years and in the amounts and bearing interest as follows:

2017	\$110,000	2.000%
2018	130,000	2.000%
2019	130,000	2.000%
2020	135,000	2.000%
2021	140,000	2.000%
2022	140,000	2.000%
2023	140,000	2.000%
2024	150,000	3.000%
***	***	***
2027	250,000	3.000%
***	***	***
2030	275,000	3.000%
***	***	***
2032	195,000	3.000%
***	***	***
2034	210,000	3.250%

the Bonds due on or after March 30, 2027, being subject to redemption prior to maturity at the option of the Village as a whole or in part in any order of their maturity as determined by the Village (less than all of the Bonds of a single maturity to be selected by the Bond Registrar), on March 30, 2024, or on any date thereafter, at the redemption price of par plus accrued interest to the redemption date, as provided in the Proceedings, and we are of the opinion that the Proceedings show lawful authority for said issue under the laws of the State of Illinois now in force.

The Bonds due on March 30, 2027, March 30, 2030, March 30, 2032 and March 30, 2034, are subject to mandatory redemption, in integral multiples of \$5,000 selected by lot by the Bond Registrar, at a redemption price of par plus accrued interest to the redemption date, on March 30 of the years and in the amounts as follows:

	FOR THE 2027 TERM BOND:	
YEAR		AMOUNT (\$)
2025		80,000
2026		85,000
2027		85,000 (stated maturity)
	FOR THE 2030 TERM BOND:	
YEAR		AMOUNT (\$)
2028		90,000
2029		90,000
2030		95,000 (stated maturity)
	FOR THE 2032 TERM BOND:	
YEAR		AMOUNT (\$)
2031		95,000
2032		100,000 (stated maturity)
	FOR THE 2034 TERM BOND:	
YEAR		AMOUNT (\$)
2033		105,000
2034		105,000 (stated maturity)

We further certify that we have examined the form of bond prescribed for said issue and find the same in due form of law, and in our opinion said issue, to the amount named, is valid and legally binding upon the Village and is payable from any funds of the Village legally available for such purpose, and all taxable property in the Village is subject to the levy of taxes to pay the same without limitation as to rate or amount, except that the rights of the owners of the Bonds and the enforceability of the Bonds may be limited by bankruptcy, insolvency, moratorium, reorganization and other similar laws affecting creditors' rights and by equitable principles, whether considered at law or in equity, including the exercise of judicial discretion.

It is our opinion that, subject to the Village's compliance with certain covenants, under present law, interest on the Bonds is excludable from gross income of the owners thereof for federal income tax purposes and is not included as an item of tax preference in computing the alternative minimum tax for individuals and corporations under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "*Code*"), but such interest is taken into account in computing an adjustment used in determining the federal alternative minimum tax for certain corporations. Failure to comply with certain of such Village covenants could cause interest on the Bonds to be includible in gross income for federal income tax purposes retroactively to the date of issuance of the Bonds. Ownership of the Bonds may result in other federal tax consequences to certain taxpayers, and we express no opinion regarding any such collateral consequences arising with respect to the Bonds.

It is also our opinion that the Bonds are "qualified tax-exempt obligations" pursuant to Section 265(b)(3) of the Code.

We express no opinion herein as to the accuracy, adequacy or completeness of any information furnished to any person in connection with any offer or sale of the Bonds.

In rendering this opinion, we have relied upon certifications of the Village with respect to certain material facts within the Village's knowledge. Our opinion represents our legal judgment based upon our review of the law and the facts that we deem relevant to render such opinion and is not a guarantee of a result. This opinion is given as of the date hereof and we assume no obligation to revise or supplement this opinion to reflect any facts or circumstances that may hereafter come to our attention or any changes in law that may hereafter occur.

PROPOSED FORMS OF OPINIONS OF BOND COUNSEL
 [LETTERHEAD OF CHAPMAN AND CUTLER LLP]
 [TO BE DATED CLOSING DATE]
 The 2015B Bonds

We hereby certify that we have examined a certified copy of the proceedings (the "Proceedings") of the President and Board of Trustees of the Village of Vernon Hills, Lake County, Illinois (the "Village"), passed preliminary to the issue by the Village of its fully registered General Obligation Bonds, Series 2015B (the "Bonds"), to the amount of \$5,255,000, dated the date hereof, due serially on December 30 of the years and in the amounts and bearing interest as follows:

2016	\$575,000	2.000%
2017	440,000	2.000%
2018	450,000	2.000%
2019	460,000	2.000%
2020	470,000	2.000%
2021	475,000	2.000%
2022	485,000	2.000%
2023	455,000	2.250%
2024	395,000	2.250%
2025	520,000	2.375%
2026	530,000	2.500%

the Bonds due on or after December 30, 2024, being subject to redemption prior to maturity at the option of the Village as a whole or in part in any order of their maturity as determined by the Village (less than all of the Bonds of a single maturity to be selected by the Bond Registrar), on December 30, 2023, or on any date thereafter, at the redemption price of par plus accrued interest to the redemption date, as provided in the Proceedings, and we are of the opinion that the Proceedings show lawful authority for said issue under the laws of the State of Illinois now in force.

We further certify that we have examined the form of bond prescribed for said issue and find the same in due form of law, and in our opinion said issue, to the amount named, is valid and legally binding upon the Village and is payable from any funds of the Village legally available for such purpose, and all taxable property in the Village is subject to the levy of taxes to pay the same without limitation as to rate or amount, except that the rights of the owners of the Bonds and the enforceability of the Bonds may be limited by bankruptcy, insolvency, moratorium, reorganization and other similar laws affecting creditors' rights and by equitable principles, whether considered at law or in equity, including the exercise of judicial discretion. The Bonds are further secured by (a) ratably and equally with the Village's General Obligation Bonds, Series 2012A, a portion of the incremental property taxes (said portion being the "Subordinated Limited Incremental Property Taxes") derived from the NW & SW Corners of the 45 & 21 Town Center Redevelopment Project Area of the Village (the "Redevelopment Project Area") if, as and when received and (b) the amounts of Subordinated Limited Incremental Property Taxes on deposit in and pledged to the Subordinate Lien Account for the Bonds, of the General Account of the special tax allocation fund created in connection with the designation by the Village of the Redevelopment Project Area.

It is our opinion that, subject to the Village's compliance with certain covenants, under present law, interest on the Bonds is excludable from gross income of the owners thereof for federal income tax purposes and is not included as an item of tax preference in computing the alternative minimum tax for individuals and corporations under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code"), but such interest is taken into account in computing an adjustment used in determining the federal alternative minimum tax for certain corporations. Failure to comply with certain of such Village covenants could cause interest on the Bonds to be includible in gross income for federal income tax purposes retroactively to the date of issuance of the Bonds. Ownership of the Bonds may result in other federal tax consequences to certain taxpayers, and we express no opinion regarding any such collateral consequences arising with respect to the Bonds.

It is also our opinion that the Bonds are "qualified tax-exempt obligations" pursuant to Section 265(b)(3) of the Code.

We express no opinion herein as to the accuracy, adequacy or completeness of any information furnished to any person in connection with any offer or sale of the Bonds.

In rendering this opinion, we have relied upon certifications of the Village with respect to certain material facts within the Village's knowledge. Our opinion represents our legal judgment based upon our review of the law and the facts that we deem relevant to render such opinion and is not a guarantee of a result. This opinion is given as of the date hereof and we assume no obligation to revise or supplement this opinion to reflect any facts or circumstances that may hereafter come to our attention or any changes in law that may hereafter occur.

APPENDIX D

**EXCERPTS OF FISCAL YEAR 2015 AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
RELATING TO THE VILLAGE'S PENSION PLANS**

VILLAGE OF VERNON HILLS, ILLINOIS

Notes to the Financial Statements
April 30, 2015

NOTE 4 – OTHER INFORMATION – Continued

EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

The Village contributes to two defined benefit pension plans, the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF), a defined benefit agent multiple-employer public employee retirement system; and the Police Pension Plan that is a single-employer pension plan. IMRF does issue a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the plan as a whole, but not by individual employer. That report may be obtained online at www.imrf.org. The Police Pension plan also issues a separate report that may be obtained by writing the Village at 290 Evergreen Drive, Vernon Hills, IL, 60061-2999. The benefit, benefit levels, employee contributions, and employer contributions are governed by Illinois Compiled Statutes and can only be amended by the Illinois General Assembly.

Plan Descriptions, Provisions and Funding Policies

Illinois Municipal Retirement System

All employees (other than those covered by the Police Pension plans) hired in positions that meet or exceed the prescribed annual hourly standard must be enrolled in IMRF as participating members. IMRF provides two tiers of pension benefits. Participating members hired before January 1, 2011 (Tier 1) who retire at or after age 60 (full benefits) or age 55 (reduced benefits) with 8 years of credited service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 1-2/3 percent of their final rate (average of the highest 48 consecutive months' earnings during the last 10 years) of earnings, for each year of credited service up to 15 years, and 2 percent for each year thereafter. For participating members hired on or after January 1, 2011 (Tier 2) who retire at or after age 67 (full benefits) or age 62 (reduced benefits) with 10 years of credited service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life in an amount equal to 1-2/3 percent of their final rate (average of the highest 96 consecutive months' earnings during the last 10 years) of earnings, for each year of credited service up to 15 years, and 2 percent for each year thereafter. IMRF also provides death and disability benefits. These benefit provisions and all other requirements are established by state statute. Employees participating in the plan are required to contribute 4.50 percent of their annual covered salary to IMRF. The employees' contribution rate is established by state statute. The Village is required to contribute the remaining amount necessary to fund the IMRF plan as specified by statute. The employer contribution and annual required contribution rate for calendar year 2014 was 12.29 percent.

VILLAGE OF VERNON HILLS, ILLINOIS

Notes to the Financial Statements
April 30, 2015

NOTE 4 – OTHER INFORMATION – Continued

EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS – Continued

Plan Descriptions, Provisions and Funding Policies – Continued

Police Pension Plan

The Police Pension Plan is a single-employer defined benefit pension plan that covers all sworn police personnel. Although this is a single-employer pension plan, the defined benefits and employee and employer contribution levels are governed by Illinois State Statutes and may be amended only by the Illinois legislature. The Village accounts for the plan as a pension trust fund.

At fiscal year end the Police Pension Plan membership consisted of:

Inactive Plan Members Currently Receiving Benefits	19
Inactive Plan Members Entitled to but not yet Receiving Benefits	-
Employees	
Vested	38
Nonvested	5
	<u> </u>
Total	<u>62</u>

The following is a summary of the Police Pension Plan as provided for in Illinois State Statutes.

The Police Pension Plan provides retirement benefits through two tiers of benefits as well as death and disability benefits. Covered employees hired before January 1, 2011 (Tier 1), attaining the age of 50 or older with 20 or more years of creditable service are entitled to receive an annual retirement benefit of 1/2 of the salary attached to the rank held on the last day of service, or for one year prior to the last day, whichever is greater. The annual benefit shall be increased by 2.5 percent of such salary for each additional year of service over 20 years up to 30 years, to a maximum of 75 percent of such salary. Employees with at least eight years but less than 20 years of credited service may retire at or after age 60 and receive a reduced benefit. The monthly benefit of a police officer who retired with 20 or more years of service after January 1, 1977 shall be increased annually, following the first anniversary date of retirement and be paid upon reaching the age of at least 55 years, by 3 percent of the original pension and 3 percent compounded annually thereafter.

VILLAGE OF VERNON HILLS, ILLINOIS

Notes to the Financial Statements
April 30, 2015

NOTE 4 – OTHER INFORMATION – Continued

EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS – Continued

Plan Descriptions, Provisions and Funding Policies – Continued

Police Pension Plan – Continued

Covered employees hired on or after January 1, 2011 (Tier 2), attaining the age of 55 or older with 10 or more years of creditable service are entitled to receive an annual retirement benefit equal to the average monthly salary obtained by dividing the total salary of the police officer during the 96 consecutive months of service within the last 120 months of service in which the total salary was the highest by the number of months of service in that period. Police officer salary for the pension purposes is capped at \$106,800, plus the lesser of 1/2 of the annual change in the Consumer Price Index or 3 percent compounded. The annual benefit shall be increased by 2.5 percent of such a salary for each additional year of service over 20 years up to 30 years to a maximum of 75 percent of such salary. Employees with at least 10 years may retire at or after age 50 and receive a reduced benefit (i.e., 1/2 percent for each month under 55). The monthly benefit of a Tier 2 police officer shall be increased annually at age 60 on the January 1st after the police officer retires, or the first anniversary of the pension starting date, whichever is later. Noncompounding increases occur annually, each January thereafter. The increase is the lesser of 3 percent or 1/2 of the change in the Consumer Price Index for the preceding calendar year.

Covered employees are required to contribute 9.91% of their base salary to the Police Pension Plan. If an employee leaves covered employment with less than 20 years of service, accumulated employee contributions may be refunded without accumulated interest. The Village is required to contribute the remaining amounts necessary to finance the plan and the administrative costs as actuarially determined by an enrolled actuary. However, effective January 1, 2011, ILCS requires the Village to contribute a minimum amount annually calculated using the projected unit credit actuarial cost method that will result in the funding of 90% of the past service cost by the year 2040.

VILLAGE OF VERNON HILLS, ILLINOIS

Notes to the Financial Statements
April 30, 2015

NOTE 4 – OTHER INFORMATION – Continued

EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS – Continued

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Plan Asset Matters

Basis of Accounting

The financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Employee and employer contributions are recognized as revenues when due, pursuant to formal commitments, as well as statutory or contractual requirements. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan.

Method Used to Value Investments

Investments are reported at fair value. Short-term investments are reported at cost, which approximates fair value. Securities traded on national exchanges are valued at the last reported sales price. Investments that do not have any established market, if any, are reported at estimated fair value.

Significant Investments

At year-end the Police Pension Fund has investments in Harbor International (\$2,279,700), Oakmark Funds (\$2,366,487), Vanguard Growth Index (\$2,314,081) and Vanguard Total Stock (\$3,446,188) that are over 5% of total cash and investments (other than U.S. Government guaranteed obligations). Information for IMRF is not available.

Related Party Transactions

There are no securities of the employer or any other related parties included in plan assets.

VILLAGE OF VERNON HILLS, ILLINOIS

Notes to the Financial Statements
April 30, 2015

NOTE 4 – OTHER INFORMATION – Continued

EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS – Continued

Annual Pension Cost and Net Pension Obligation

There was no net pension obligation for the IMRF plan. The pension liability for the Police Pension plan is as follows:

Annual Required Contribution	\$ 1,431,746
Interest on the NPO (NPA)	(11,307)
Adjustment to the ARC	<u>6,070</u>
Annual Pension Cost	1,426,509
Actual Contribution	<u>1,433,326</u>
Change in NPO (NPA)	(6,817)
NPO (NPA) Beginning of Year	<u>(186,555)</u>
NPO (NPA) End of Year	<u>(193,372)</u>

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VILLAGE OF VERNON HILLS, ILLINOIS

Notes to the Financial Statements
April 30, 2015

NOTE 4 – OTHER INFORMATION – Continued

EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS – Continued

Annual Pension Cost and Net Pension Obligation – Continued

The actuarial assumptions and related information for each plan is as follows:

	IMRF	Police Pension
Contribution Rates		
Employer	12.29%	34.85%
Employee	4.50%	9.91%
Actuarial Valuation Date	12/31/14	4/30/15
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal	Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method	Level % of Projected Payroll Open Basis	Level % of Projected Payroll Closed Basis
Remaining Amortization Period	29 Years	26 Years
Asset Valuation Method	5-Year Smoothed Market	Market
Actuarial Assumptions		
Investment Rate of Return	7.50% Compounded Annually	6.00% Compounded Annually
Projected Salary Increases	.40 to 10.00%	4.75%
Inflation Rate Included	4.00%	3.00%
Cost-of-Living Adjustments	3.00%	2.00-3.00%

VILLAGE OF VERNON HILLS, ILLINOIS

Notes to the Financial Statements
April 30, 2015

NOTE 4 – OTHER INFORMATION – Continued

EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS – Continued

Trend Information

Employer annual pension cost (APC), actual contributions and the net pension obligation (NPO) are as follows. The NPO is the cumulative difference between the APC and the contributions actually made.

	Year	IMRF	Police Pension
Annual Pension Cost (APC)	2013	\$ 550,462	\$ 1,174,587
	2014	625,748	1,287,820
	2015	662,751	1,426,509
Actual Contributions	2013	550,462	1,176,050
	2014	625,748	1,291,118
	2015	662,751	1,433,326
Percentage of APC Contributed	2013	100.00%	100.12%
	2014	100.00%	100.26%
	2015	100.00%	100.48%
Net Pension Obligation (Asset)	2013	-	(183,257)
	2014	-	(186,555)
	2015	-	(193,372)

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VILLAGE OF VERNON HILLS, ILLINOIS

Notes to the Financial Statements
April 30, 2015

NOTE 4 – OTHER INFORMATION – Continued

EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS – Continued

Funded Status and Funding Progress

The Village's funded status for the current year and related information for each plan is as follows:

	IMRF	Police Pension
Actuarial Valuation Date	12/31/14	4/30/2015
Percent Funded	74.71%	68.51%
Actuarial Accrued Liability for Benefits	\$17,084,102	\$58,189,441
Actuarial Value of Assets	\$12,763,460	\$39,864,963
Over (Under) Funded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL)	(\$4,320,642)	(\$18,324,478)
Covered Payroll (Annual Payroll of Active Employees Covered by the Plan)	\$5,392,605	\$4,113,314
Ratio of UAAL to Covered Payroll	80.12%	445.49%

The schedule of funding progress, presented as Required Supplementary Information (RSI) following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets are increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits.

VILLAGE OF VERNON HILLS, ILLINOIS

Notes to the Financial Statements
April 30, 2015

NOTE 4 – OTHER INFORMATION – Continued

OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Plan Descriptions, Provisions and Funding Policies

In addition to providing the pension benefits described, the Village provides post-employment health care insurance benefits (OPEB) for its eligible retired employees through a single employer defined benefit plan. The benefits, benefit levels, employee contributions and employer contributions are governed by the Village and can be amended by the Village through its personnel manual and union contracts. The plan is not accounted for as a trust fund, as an irrevocable trust has not been established to account for the plan. The plan does not issue a separate report. The activity of the plan is reported in the Village's General Fund.

The Village provides post-employment health care benefits to its retirees. To be eligible for benefits, an employee must qualify for retirement under one of the Village's retirement plans. Elected officials are eligible for benefits if they qualify for retirement through the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund.

All health care benefits are provided through the Village's health insurance plan. The benefit levels are the same as those afforded to active employees. Benefits include general inpatient and outpatient medical services; mental, nervous, and substance abuse care; vision care; dental care; and prescriptions. Upon a retiree reaching 65 years of age, Medicare becomes the primary insurer and the Village's plan becomes secondary.

All retirees, except two, contribute 100% of the actuarially determined premium to the plan. For the fiscal year ending April 30, 2015, retirees contributed \$238,602. Active employees do not contribute to the plan until retirement.

At April 30, 2015, membership consisted of:

Retirees and Beneficiaries Currently Receiving Benefits and Terminated Employees Entitled to Benefits but not yet Receiving Them	20
Active Employees	<u>95</u>
Total	<u>115</u>
Participating Employers	1

The Village does not currently have a funding policy.

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VILLAGE OF VERNON HILLS, ILLINOIS

Notes to the Financial Statements
April 30, 2015

NOTE 4 – OTHER INFORMATION – Continued

OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS – Continued

Annual OPEB Costs and Net OPEB Obligation

The net OPEB obligation (NOPEBO) as of April 30, 2015, was calculated as follows:

Annual Required Contribution	\$ 147,732
Interest on the NPO	4,656
Adjustment to the ARC	<u>(24,588)</u>
Annual OPEB Cost	127,800
Actual Contribution	<u>104,646</u>
Increase in the NPO	23,154
NPO - Beginning of Year	<u>137,107</u>
NPO - End of Year	<u>160,261</u>

Trend Information

The Village's annual OPEB cost, actual contributions, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed and the net OPEB obligation are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended April 30	Annual OPEB Cost	Actual Contributions	Percentage of OPEB Cost Contributed	Net OPEB Obligation
2013	\$ 131,725	\$ 93,135	70.70%	\$ 75,252
2014	210,871	149,016	70.67%	137,107
2015	127,800	104,646	81.88%	160,261

VILLAGE OF VERNON HILLS, ILLINOIS

Notes to the Financial Statements
April 30, 2015

NOTE 4 – OTHER INFORMATION – Continued

OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS – Continued

Funded Status and Funding Progress

The funded status of the plan as of April 30, 2015 was as follows:

Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)	\$ 2,495,272
Actuarial Value of Plan Assets	\$ -
Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL)	\$ 2,495,272
Funded Ratio (Actuarial Value of Plan Assets/AAL)	0.00%
Covered Payroll (Active Plan Members)	\$ 10,403,109
UAAL, as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	23.99%

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Actuarially determined amounts for the OPEB plan are subject to continual revision as results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information that shows whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the April 30, 2015 actuarial valuation the entry age actuarial cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions included a 4.0% investment rate of return (net of a 3.0% inflation assumption), and an initial annual healthcare cost trend rate of 8.0%, with an ultimate rate of 6.0%. The actuarial value of assets was not determined as the Village has not advance funded its obligation. The plan's unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on an open basis. The remaining amortization period at April 30, 2015, was 30 years.

VILLAGE OF VERNON HILLS, ILLINOIS

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund

Required Supplementary Information
Schedule of Funding Progress and Employer Contributions

April 30, 2015

Funding Progress

Actuarial Valuation Date	(1) Actuarial Value of Plan Assets	(2) Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) - Entry Age	(3) Funded Ratio (1) ÷ (2)	(4) Unfunded (Overfunded) Actuarial Accrued Liability (2) - (1)	(5) Annual Covered Payroll	(6) Unfunded (Overfunded) Actuarial Accrued Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (4) ÷ (5)
Dec 31						
2009	\$ 11,357,793	\$ 13,681,409	83.02%	\$ 2,323,616	\$ 4,876,175	47.65%
2010	9,495,173	12,554,707	75.63%	3,059,534	4,737,639	64.58%
2011	10,598,559	13,753,117	77.06%	3,154,558	4,311,176	73.17%
2012	11,759,488	14,976,630	78.52%	3,217,142	4,530,555	71.01%
2013	13,605,871	16,702,147	81.46%	3,096,276	5,014,010	61.75%
2014	12,763,460	17,084,102	74.71%	4,320,642	5,392,605	80.12%

Employer Contributions

Fiscal Year	Employer Contributions	Annual Required Contribution	Percent Contributed
2010	\$ 486,155	\$ 486,155	100.00%
2011	543,407	543,407	100.00%
2012	469,056	469,056	100.00%
2013	550,462	550,462	100.00%
2014	625,749	625,749	100.00%
2015	662,751	662,751	100.00%

VILLAGE OF VERNON HILLS, ILLINOIS

Police Pension Fund

Required Supplementary Information
Schedule of Funding Progress and Employer Contributions

April 30, 2015

Funding Progress

Actuarial Valuation Date	(1) Actuarial Value of Plan Assets	(2) Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) - Entry Age	(3) Funded Ratio (1) ÷ (2)	(4) Unfunded (Overfunded) Actuarial Accrued Liability (2) - (1)	(5) Annual Covered Payroll	(6) Unfunded (Overfunded) Actuarial Accrued Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (4) ÷ (5)
Apr. 30						
2010	\$ 24,471,159	\$ 35,953,751	68.06%	\$ 11,482,592	\$ 3,930,392	292.15%
2011	28,144,315	37,414,340	75.22%	9,270,025	3,841,881	241.29%
2012	30,253,439	43,547,349	69.47%	13,293,910	3,896,995	341.13%
2013	33,355,847	48,069,471	69.39%	14,713,624	3,939,001	373.54%
2014	36,997,524	52,015,638	71.13%	15,018,114	4,150,950	361.80%
2015	39,864,963	58,189,441	68.51%	18,324,478	4,113,314	445.49%

Employer Contributions

Fiscal Year	Employer Contributions	Annual Required Contribution	Percent Contributed
2010	\$ 1,082,676	\$ 1,042,676	103.84%
2011	1,173,015	1,172,743	100.02%
2012	1,235,740	1,235,724	100.00%
2013	1,176,050	1,175,962	100.01%
2014	1,291,118	1,291,079	100.00%
2015	1,433,326	1,431,746	100.11%

VILLAGE OF VERNON HILLS, ILLINOIS

Other Post-Employment Benefit Plan

Required Supplementary Information
Schedule of Funding Progress and Employer Contributions

April 30, 2015

Funding Progress

Actuarial Valuation Date	(1) Actuarial Value of Plan Assets	(2) Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) - Entry Age	(3) Funded Ratio (1) ÷ (2)	(4) Unfunded (Overfunded) Actuarial Accrued Liability (2) - (1)	(5) Annual Covered Payroll	(6) Unfunded (Overfunded) Actuarial Accrued Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (4) ÷ (5)
Apr. 30						
2010	\$ N/A	\$ N/A	N/A	\$ N/A	\$ N/A	N/A
2011	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
2012	-	2,354,030	0%	2,354,030	8,153,057	28.87%
2013	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
2014	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
2015	-	2,495,272	0%	2,495,272	10,403,109	23.99%

Employer Contributions

Fiscal Year	Employer Contributions	Annual Required Contribution	Percent Contributed
2010	\$ 29,280	\$ 37,096	78.93%
2011	29,280	39,322	74.46%
2012	29,280	36,742	79.69%
2013	93,135	131,481	70.84%
2014	149,016	210,370	70.84%
2015	104,646	147,732	70.84%

The Village implemented GASB Statement No. 45 for the fiscal year ended April 30, 2009. Information for other years is not available. The Village is required to have the actuarial valuation performed triennially.